

Corporate Identity Number: U65920MH1989PLC053909

Consolidated Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Edel Finance Company Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Edel Finance Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company"), its subsidiaries and associate (the Holding Company, its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") and its associate comprising of the consolidated Balance sheet as at March 31, 2023, the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, including other comprehensive income, the consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the consolidated Statement of Changesin Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries and associate, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its associate as at March 31, 2023, their consolidated loss including other comprehensive loss, their consolidated cash flows and the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Group and associate in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of audit procedures performed by us and by other auditors of components not audited by us, as reported by them in their audit reports furnished to us by the management, including those procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements



Key audit matters

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

<u>Impairment of financial instruments (expected credit losses)</u> (as described in Note 5.4 and 55.D.1 of the consolidated financial statements)

Ind AS 109 requires the Group to provide for impairment of its financial assets as at the reporting date using the expected credit loss (ECL) approach. ECL involves an estimation of probability-weighted loss on financial instruments over their life, considering reasonable and supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions which could impact the credit quality of the Group's financial assets (loan portfolio).

In the process, a significant degree of judgement has been applied by the management for:

- Staging of financial assets (i.e. classification in 'significant increase in credit risk' ("SICR") and 'default' categories);
- Assigning internal rating grades to customers for which external rating is not available;
- Calibrating external ratings-linked probability of default to align with past default rates;
- Estimation of management overlay for macro-economic factors bearing a correlation with the credit quality of the Group's loan portfolio.

Our audit procedures included but were not limited to:

- Read and assessed the Group's accounting policy for impairment of financial assets and its compliance with Ind AS 109
- Tested the design and operating effectiveness of the controls for staging of loans based on their past-due status. Tested samples of performing (stage 1) loans to assess whether any loss indicators were present requiring them to be classified under stage 2 or 3.
- We performed procedures to test the inputs used in the ECL computation, on a sample basis.
- Tested assumptions used by the management in determining the overlay for macro-economic factors.
- Tested the arithmetical accuracy of computation of ECL provision performed by the Group in spreadsheets.
- Assessed disclosures included in the consolidated financial statements in respect of expected credit losses.

Information technology (IT) systems and controls

The reliability and security of IT systems play a key role in the business operations, financial accounting and reporting process of the Group. Since large volume of transactions are processed daily, the IT controls are required to ensure that applications process data as expected and that changes are made in an appropriate manner. Any gaps in the IT control environment could result in a material misstatement of the financial accounting and reporting records.

Therefore, due to the pervasive nature and complexity of the IT environment, the assessment of the general IT controls and the application controls specific to the accounting and preparation of the financial information is considered to be a key audit

 The audit procedures those reported in the auditors report of a subsidiary company, comprised the following:

The aspects covered in the IT General Control audit were

- (i) User Access Management
- (ii) Program Change Management
- (iii) Other related ITGCs to understand the design and test the operating effectiveness of such controls;
- Assessed the changes that were made to the key systems during the audit period and assessing changes that have impact on financial reporting;



Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
matter.	 Tested the periodic review of access rights. We inspected requests of changes to systems for appropriate approval and authorization.
	 Performed tests of controls (including other compensatory controls wherever applicable) on the IT application controls and IT dependent manual controls in the system.
	 Tested the design and operating effectiveness of compensating controls, where deficiencies were identified and, where necessary, extended the scope of our substantive audit procedures.

We have determined that there are no other key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon, which we obtained prior to the date of this auditors report, and the Annual report, which is expected to me made available to us after that date.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the Board Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those Charged with Governance.

Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated cash flows and consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group including its associate in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and of its associate and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its associate to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and of its associate.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatementwhen it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statement.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associate to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associate to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fairpresentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its associate of which we are the independent auditors, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Other Matter

- (a) We did not audit the financial statements and other financial information, in respect of:
- 5 subsidiaries, whose financial statements include total assets of Rs 72986.43 million as at March 31, 2023 and total revenues of Rs.8226.27 million and net cash outflow of Rs 1781.85 million for the year ended on that date. These financial statement and other financial information have been audited by other auditors, which financial statements, other financial information and auditor's reports have been furnished to us by the management.
- 1 associate company forming part of the Group, whose statements include Group's share of net loss of Rs. 106.31 million for the period from April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2023, as considered in the consolidated financial statement, whose financial statement, other financial information have been audited by other auditor and whose report have been furnished to us by the Management.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and associate company, and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries and associate company, is based solely on the report(s) of such other auditors.

Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements and other financial information certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of subsection (11) of section 143 of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information of the subsidiary companies and associate, incorporated in India, as noted in the 'Other Matter' paragraph we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraph3(xxi) of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information of subsidiaries and associate, as noted in the 'other matter' paragraph we report, to the extent applicable, that:
- (a) We/the other auditors whose report we have relied upon have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidation of the financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and reports of the other auditors;
- (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
- (e) On the basis of the confirmation received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors who are appointed under Section 139 of the Act, of its subsidiary companies and associate, none of the directors of the Group's companies and its associate, incorporated in India, is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies and associate, incorporated in India, and the operating effectiveness of such controls refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
- (g) In our opinion and based on the consideration of reports of other statutory auditors of the subsidiaries and associate, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2023 has been paid / provided by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associate incorporated in India to their directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act;
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Auditand Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the



consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements as also the other financial information of the subsidiaries and associate, as noted in the 'Other matter' paragraph:

- (i) The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on its consolidated financial position of the Group and its associate in its consolidated financial statements Refer Note 51.1 to the consolidated financial statements;
- ii) The Group have made provision under applicable law or accounting standards for material foreseeable losses if any, including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
- There have been no amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associate, incorporated in India during the year ended March 31, 2023;
- a) The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and associate which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries and associate respectively that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 58(A) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associate to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the respective Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associate ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - b) The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and its associate which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and theother auditors of such subsidiaries and associate respectively that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 58(B) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the respectiveHolding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associate from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associate shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us and that performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries and associate which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our or other auditor's notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material mis-statement.

v) No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and its associate.

For Dhiraj and Dheeraj

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number:

Shailendra Dadhich

Partner

Membership Number:

UDIN: 23425098BGWWWF1435 Place of Signature: Mumbai Date: 24th May, 2023

Consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)	Note	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
ASSETS			
Financial assets	2		2 202 72
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	7	1,289.22	3,080.78
(b) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents (c) Derivative financial instruments	8	2,458.95	3,157.32
	9	D 420 72	17.16
(d) Stock in trade (Securities held for trading)	10	2,138.72	2,229.73
(e) Trade receivables		391.88	220.75
(f) Loans	12	41,687.17	41,863.55
(g) Investments	13	27,835.48	25,828.42
(h) Other financial assets	14	1,429.57	756.29
Total financial assets		77,230.99	77,154.00
Non-financial assets	45	200010	- 2000 00
(a) Current tax assets (net)	15	2,232.13	2,020.39
(b). Deferred tax assets (net)	16	1,314.71	1,755.95
(c) Investment property	17	3,032.59	3,539.01
(d) Property, Plant and Equipment	18	2,218,98	2,429.91
(e) Intangible assets under development	19	12.40	17.35
(f) Goodwill on consolidation	-	146.82	146.82
(g) Other Intangible assets	18	66.32	14.04
(h) Other non- financial assets	20	478.15	433.38
Total non-financial assets		9,502.10	10,356.85
TOTAL ASSETS '		86,733.09	87,510.85
LIABILITIES		40,733.03	07,510.03
Financial liabilities			
(a) Derivative financial instruments	9		29.17
(b) Trade payables	21		25.17
i. total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		8,47	7,30
ii. total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		393,41	323.47
(c) Debt securities	22	40,067.29	32,706.46
(d) Borrowings (other than debt securities)	23	28,750.44	38,418.79
(e) Subordinated liabilities	24	1,070.13	2,876.19
(f) Other financial liabilities	25	12,391.47	9,680.97
Total financial liabilities		82,681.21	84,042.35
Total marcial rapintes			5.8mm - 1.5 - 4.000
Non-financial liabilities	1000000		
(a) Current tax liabilities (net)	26	33.44	25.23
(b) Provisions	27	58.42	52.25
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	16	43,59	71.81
(d) Other non-financial liabilities	28	135.52	116.96
Total non-financial liabilities		270.97	266.25
TOTAL LIABILITIES		82,952.18	84,308.60
		,	
EQUITY		7.500.70	F FCC 7F
(a) Equity share capital	29	7,566.75	5,566.75
(b) Instruments entirely equity in nature	30	1,650.00	1,650.00
(c) Other equity	31	(6,176.38)	(4,772.47)
Equity attributable to owners of the parent		3,040.37	2,444.28
Equity attributable to Non-Controlling Interests		740.54	757.97
TOTAL EQUITY		3,780.91	3,202.25
		86,733.09	87,510.85
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	2000-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00	00,733.03	27,220,02

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

1 to 67

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj **Chartered Accountants**

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W

Shallendra Dadhich

Partner

Membership No: 425098

& DHE

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ananya Suneja Executive Director & CFO DIN:07297081

Vidya Shah

DIN: 00274831

Tarun Khurana Company Secretary



Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)	Note	For the year ended 31-Mar-23	For the year ended 31-Mar-22
Revenue from operations	Washington State of the State o	1947	
Interest income	32	5,999.69	8,952.61
Dividend income	33	4.12	
Fee income	34	917.11	1,278.62
Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes	35	1,905.84	749.20
Other operating revenue	36	355.39	367.73
Total revenue from operations		9,182.15	11,348.16
Other income	37	899.34	1,899.48
Total Income		10,081.49	13,247.64
Expenses			
Finance costs	38	8,678.30	10,570.74
Impairment on financial instruments	39	(245.93)	526.82
Employee benefits expense	40	1,093.40	1,216.49
Depreciation and amortisation	18	366.14	401.11
Other expenses	41	1,576.10	1,564.76
Total expenses		11,468.01	14,279.92
Profit / (loss) before share in profit of associates and tax		(1,386.52)	(1,032.28)
Share in profit / (loss) of associates		(106.31)	(361.72)
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(1,492.83)	(1,394.00)
Tax expenses:	42		
Current tax		90.11	93.92
Deferred tax		413.84	(172.43)
Profit / (Loss) for the year		(1,996.78)	(1,315.49)
Other comprehensive income / (loss)			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement gain / (loss) on defined benefit plans (OCI)		(1.26)	(28.69)
Income tax - OCI - that will not be reclassified		0.66	9.93
Total other comprehensive income / (loss)		(0.60)	(18.76)
Total comprehensive income / (loss)		(1,997.38)	(1,334.25)
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period attributable to:	- Coloreste - Action to the Coloreste - Action to the Coloreste -		
Owners of the parent		(2,015.10)	(1,395.79)
Non controlling interests		18.32	80.30
Other Comprehensive Income / {Loss} for the period attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		(0.72)	(18.77)
Non controlling interests	770-770-	0.12	0.01
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the period attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		(2,015.82)	(1,414.56)
Non controlling interests		18.44	80.31
Earnings per share (Face value of ₹ 100 each)	44		
- Basic (₹)		(27.84)	(19.34)
- Diluted (₹)	Art Fare and Taryers	(27.84)	(19.34)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

1 to 67

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W

Shailendra Dadhich

Partner

Membership No: 425098

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ananyja Suneja Executive Director & CFO

DIN:07297081

Vidya Shah Director

DIN: 00274831

Tarun Khurana Company Secretary

Mumbai May 24, 2023



Mumbai May 24, 2023

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

A. Equity Share Capital

	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	31-Mar-2023 \$,566.75 - \$,566.75	31-Mar-2022
Balance at the beginning of the year	5,566.75	5,566.75
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors		
Restated balance at the beginning of the current year	5,566.75	5,566.75
Changes in equity share capital during the year	2,000.00	
Balance at the end of the year	7,566.75	5,566.75

Other Equity					Reserves and Sur	Dlus				Other Comprehe			
Particulars	Capital Reserve	apital Redemption Reserve	Securities Premium Account	Special Reserve under section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	Reserve under section 29C of the National Housing Bank Act, 1987	Retained Earnings	Deemed Capital Contribution - Equity	Impairment Reserve	Debenture Redemption Reserve	Revaluation Reserve through Other Comprehensive Income	Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Total attributable to owners of the parent	Non-Controlling Interest
	(3,596.26)	114.34	4,269.44	1,319.08	S47.80	[9,253.62]	52.55	32.27	2,697.55	960.84	(426.25)	(3,282.26)	2,768.65
Balance as at April 1, 2021	(3,596.26)	114.34	4,205.44		799	(1,395.79)			-	85	589	(1,395.79)	80.30
Loss for the year	5/1	100		20	348	(18.77)	K .		19.2	5	3.5	{18.77}	0.01
Other comprehensive loss				1,319.08	547.80	(10.668.18)	52.55	32.27	2,697,55	960.84	(426.25)	(4,696.82)	2,848,96
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year	(3,596.26)	114.34	4,269.44	1,319.08	547.80	(10,600.10)	32.33	32.21	2,00,100	77.17.114			
Premium received on issue of equity shares	1+1			#3	150		200		**:		*		10
Transfer Under 29C NHB	9.50	1.50		13	27.62	(27.62)	0 8	8	8			5	<u> </u>
Transfer Under 45 -IC RBI	- 21		*	94.93		(94,93)	8	l :	(1,239.24)			0	
Transfer to Debenture Redemption Reserve	1 001	180		5:		1,239.24		-	(1,239.24)	(45.40)		3	- 3
Transfer from Revaluation reserve	1,85	1.6		1 *	1	45.40	*	<u></u>	33	(45.40)		27.52	
Transfer to impairment reserve	***		- 8		55	27.52	2				426.25	(103.17)	[2,090.99
Effect of changes in group's interest	(e)	3.50		3		(529.42)	-	-		-			
Balance as at March 31, 2022	{3,596.26}	114,34	4,259.44	1,414.01	575.42	(10,007.99)	52.55	32.27	1,458.31	915.44	*:	(4,772.47)	757.97 18.32
Profit for the year			2		€ 1	(2,015.10)	*		8		- 5	(2,015.10) (0,72)	0.12
Other comprehensive loss	- 3				•9 ,	(0.72)							
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year	(3,596.26)	114.34	4,269.44	1,414.01	575.42	{12,023.81}	52.55	32.27	1,458.31	915.44	= lighted this	(6.788.29)	775.41
Transfer Under 29C NHB	-	•			32.13	(32.13)						•	
Transfer Under 45 -IC RBI		- 51	9	130.81		(130.81)	~	2.5	(1,239.24)			- 3	į (į
Transfer to Debenture Redemption Reserve						1,239.24		3	(1,239.24)	(51,12)	5	5.1	
Transfer from Revaluation reserve	23	×	(#1)	1 .	2	51.12				(51.12)		27.52	
Reversal on account of Japses of ESOP/SAR	- 5		1 2		2 3	27.52	,	(2)	1	8 1	5	584.39	(35,87
Effect of changes in group's interest	20		50		*	584.39		(E)		1	2	344.55	(55.01
Deemed distribution during the year	* × 1	83	11							1			1
Transfer to impairment reserve			(2)	-								45 475 701	740.54
Balance as at March 31, 2023	(3,596.26)	114.34	4,269,44	1,544.82	607.55	(10,284.48)	52.55	32.27	219.07	864.32		(6,176.38)	740.54

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj & Dheeraj Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W DHEE,

Membership No: 425098

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

DIN:07297081

Vidya Shah Director DIN: 00274831

Tarun Khurana Company Secretary

Mumbai May 24, 2023

Mumbai May 24, 2023

Consolidated Statement of Cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		As at	As at
A	Cash flow from operating activities	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
••		(1.403.03)	(1.20.1.00)
	Profit / (Loss) before tax Adjustments for:	(1,492.83)	(1,394.00)
	Depreciation and amortisation	2/(14	401.11
	•	366.14	401.11
	Profit on sale of investments	838.00	(1,771.83)
	Impairment on financial instruments (net)	(245.92)	526.82
	Fair value of financial instruments (net)	1,905.84	(749.20)
	Provision for gratuity and compensated absences	3.38	(20.95)
	Profit on sale of of fixed assets (net)	-	(4.18)
	Operating cash flow before working capital changes Adjustments for:	1,374.61	(3,012.23)
	Decrease / (increase) in trade and other receivables	(487.47)	(222.84)
	Decrease / (increase) in stock-in-trade	91.01	695.06
	Decrease / (increase) in other financial assets	13.08	(1,164.17)
	Decrease / (increase) in loans	738.64	29,984.26
	Sale / (purchase) of Investments (net)	(4,750.90)	(5,223.44)
	Decrease / (increase) in other non financial assets	(44.77)	137.69
	Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	73.30	(237.69)
	Increase / (decrease) in non financial liabilities	18.56	(322.34)
	Increase / (decrease) in other financial liability	2,710.52	864.98
		(263.42)	21,499.28
	Income taxes paid (net of refund)	(294.46)	(151.96)
	Net cash generated from operating activities -A	(557.88)	21,347.32
В	Cash flow from investing activities		
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (Net)	303.87	127.73
	Net cash generated from investing activities - B	303.87	127.73
С	Cash flow from financing activities		
	Proceeds from issuance of Share capital	2,000.00	-
	Proceeds / (repayment) from Debt securities (refer note 1 below)	7,360.83	(23,745.56)
	Proceeds / (repayment) from Borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note 1 below)	(9,668.35)	(3,605.09)
	Proceeds / (repayment) from Subordinated Liabilities	(1,806.06)	158.56
	Effect of change in group's interest	576.04	(2,194.16)
	Net cash used in financing activities - C	(1,537.55)	(29,386.25)
	Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(1,791.56)	(7,911.20)
	Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year	3,080.78	10,991.98
	Cash and cash equivalent as at the end of the year	1,289.22	3,080.78
		1,-07,-2	5,000.70





Consolidated Statement of Cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2023 (continued)

Notes:

- 1 Cash receipts and payments for transaction with group companies in which the turnover is quick, the amounts are large, and the maturities are short are presented on net basis in accordance with Ind AS-7 Statement of Cash Flows.
- 2 Above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under indirect method as set out in Ind AS 7 prescribed under the Companies Act (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 under the companies Act, 2013.
- 3 Refer note 50 for disclosure relating to changes in liabilities arising from financing activities.

As per our report of even date attached

For Dhiraj and Dheeraj

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 102454W

Shailendra Dadhich

Partner

Membership No: 425098

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Anadya Suncja

Executive Director & CFO

DIN:07297081

Vidya Shah

Director

DIN: 00274831

Tarun Khurana

Company School ary

Mumbai May 24, 2023

Mumbai May 24, 2023

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

1. Background

Edel Finance Company Limited ('the Company') a public limited company domiciled and incorporated under the provisions applicable in India under the Companies Act, 1956. The Company was incorporated on October 16, 1989 and is wholly owned subsidiary of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited.

The Company was primarily engaged in the business of lending and investment and is registered with the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') as a Systematically Important Non-Deposit taking Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC-ND-SI). Company got converted to Core Investment Company ('CIC') as NBFC-CIC-ND-SI on 09th October 2018.

2. Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements relate to Edel Finance Company Limited ('the Company') and its subsidiaries (together 'the Group') and associates. The Group is primarily engaged in (a) agency business, which includes advisory and other fee based services, (b) Capital business which includes lending business and investment activities and (c) Treasury business includes income from trading activities.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time). These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on 24 May 2023.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for entities under liquidation/ dissolution and certain financial instruments such as financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (I VOCI) instruments, derivative financial instruments, fair value through Profit or Loss and other financial assets held for trading, certain property plant and equipment which have been measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) and all values are rounded to the nearest million, except when otherwise indicated.

3. Presentation of financial statements

The Group presents its balance sheet in order of liquidity in compliance with the Division III of the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement within 12 months after the reporting date (current) and more than 12 months after the reporting date (non-current) is presented in Note 49.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. They are only offset and reported net when, in addition to having an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event, the parties also intend to settle on a net basis in all of the following circumstances:

- The normal course of business
- The event of default
- The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the company and or its counterparties

Derivative assets and liabilities with master netting arrangements (e.g., transactions under International Swaps and Derivative Association (ISDA) master agreement) are only presented net when they satisfy the eligibility of netting for all of the above criteria and not just in the event of default.

4. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements as on 31 March 2023, comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 31 March 2023 including any controlled structured entities. The Company consolidates a subsidiary when it controls it. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements.





4. Basis of consolidation (Continued)

- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.
- The size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of the holdings of the other voting rights holders

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee, if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the Group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that Group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the Group's accounting policies. However, no subsidiaries, associates and consolidated structure entities have followed different accounting policies than those followed by the Group for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements.

The financial statements of all entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the parent company, i.e., year ended on 31 March.

Consolidation procedure:

- a. Combine like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the parent with those of its subsidiaries. For this purpose, income and expenses of the subsidiary are based on the amounts of the assets and liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements at the acquisition date.
- b. Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary. Business combinations policy explains how to account for any related goodwill, refer note no 5.27.
- c. Eliminate in full intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the Group (profits or losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognised in assets, are eliminated in full). Income Taxes applies to temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intragroup transactions.

Profit or loss and each component of Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. With respect to put options granted by the Group to the holders of non-controlling interests in a subsidiary, where the Group does not have a present ownership interest in the shares subject to put, till the put remains unexercised, non-controlling continues to be recognised including allocation of profit or loss, other comprehensive income and other changes in equity of the subsidiary. However, at each reporting date, the non-controlling interest is derecognised as if it were acquired at that date and a financial liability is recognised and measured at its fair value. The difference between these two amounts is recognised as an equity transaction and attributed to owners of the parent.

Given the level of judgement required regarding consolidation of structured entities, these considerations are described further in the significant accounting judgements in Note 6.1(b). Disclosures for investment in subsidiaries, and structured entities are provided in Note 56.





4. Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Investment in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decision of the investee, but it's not control or joint control over those policies.

The Group's investments in its associate is accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in an associate is initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate since the acquisition date. The Statement of Profit and Loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the associate. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the Statement of Changes in Equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

5. Significant accounting policies

5.1 Recognition of Interest income and Dividend income

5.1.1 Effective interest rate (EIR)

Under Ind AS 109 interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost and debt instrument measured at FVOCI. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate a shorter period to the gross carrying amount of financial instrument.

The EIR is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The Group recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the financial asset. Hence, it recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates charged at various stages, and other characteristics of the product life cycle including prepayments penalty interest and charges.

If expectations regarding the cash flows on the financial asset are revised for reasons other than credit risk, the adjustment is booked as a positive or negative adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset in the balance sheet with an increase or reduction in interest income.

5.1.2 Interest Income

The Group calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of financial assets other than credit-impaired assets.

When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Group calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the amortised cost (net of expected credit loss) of the financial asset. If the financial assets cures and is no longer credit-impaired, the Group reverts to calculating interest income on a gross basis.

Penal interest income on delayed EMI or pre EMI is recognised on receipt basis.

5.1.3 Dividend Income

The Group recognised dividend income when the Group's right to receive the payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

5.1.4 Fee and Commission Income

Fee and commission income include fees other than those that are an integral part of EIR. The Group recognises the fee and commission income in accordance with the terms of the relevant contracts / agreement and when it is probable that the Group will collect the consideration.



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

- 5. Significant accounting policies (Continued)
- 5.1 Recognition of Interest income and Dividend income (Continued)

5.1.5 Other Income

Other Income represents income earned from the activities incidental to the business and is recognised when the right to receive the income is established as per the terms of the contract. Other ancillary charges are recognized upon realisation.

5.1.6 Brokerage Income

Brokerage income is recognised as per contracted rates at the execution of transactions on behalf of the customers on the trade date and is reflected net of related sub-brokerage expenses, Goods and Service Tax ("GST"), transaction charges and stock exchange expenses.

5.1.7 Business support services Income

Business support services including web based services are accounted on accrual basis in accordance with the terms and contracts entered into between the Group and the counterparty.

- 5.1.8 Profit / loss on sale of investments is recognised on trade date basis.
- 5.1.9 Commodities sales are accounted as per terms of agreement with the parties.
- 5.1.10 Warehouse income is recognised on accrual basis by reference to the agreements entered with customers.
- 5.1.11 Insurance and other claims are recognized as revenue on certainty of realisation.
- **5.1.12** Interests on delayed payments, warehousing charges and rental income are recognised on accrual basis by reference to the agreements entered.
- **5.1.13** Profit / (loss) from share in partnership firm is accounted once the amount of the share of profit / (loss) is ascertained and credited / debited to the Group's account in the books of the partnership firm.
- **5.1.14** Real estate advisory income is recognised basis the terms and conditions mentioned in the agreement.

5.1.15 High seas sale

Sales during the course of import by transfer of documents of title i.e., high seas sale of commodities are booked upon transfer of documents of title to the goods in favour of buyer before the goods cross the customs frontiers of India.

5.1.16 Revenue from Investment management services

Revenue from Investment management services is recognised over the tenure in accordance with the terms and conditions of the investment management agreement with group companies. The investment manager, in addition to management fee, also receives a performance profit allocation in respect of all classes of units. The incentive fee is calculated at the end of every performance period on a unit-by-unit basis so that each class of unit is charged an incentive fee, which equates fairly with that unit's performance. At the end of each performance period, the incentive fee is calculated as a % of the appreciation in the NAV per class of unit (before accrual or deduction of the incentive fee) over the reference price per class of unit and after accounting for the hurdle rate.

5.1.17 The trusteeship fee is recognised as mutually agreed between the trustee and the settler.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

5.2 Financial Instruments

5.2.1 Date of recognition

Financial assets and liabilities with exception of loans and borrowings are initially recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades: purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place. Loans are recognised when funds are transferred to the customers' account. The Group recognises borrowings when funds are available for utilisation to the Group.

5.2.2 Initial measurement of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

5.2.3 Day 1 profit and loss

When the transaction price of the financial instrument differs from the fair value at origination and the fair value is based on a valuation technique using only inputs observable in market transactions, the Group recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value in net gain on fair value changes. In those cases where fair value is based on models for which some of the inputs are not observable, the difference between the transaction price and the fair value is deferred and is only recognised in profit or loss when the inputs become observable, or when the instrument is derecognised.

5.2.4 Classification & measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities

The Group classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

Financial assets carried at amortised cost (AC)

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The changes in carrying value of financial assets is recognised in profit and loss account.

Sale that occur for below reason are considered as consistent with business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.

- If those sales are infrequent (even if significant in value) or insignificant in value both individually and in aggregate (even if frequent).
- If such sales are made close to maturity of financial asset and proceeds from sale approximate the collection of the remaining contractual cash flow
- Selling a financial asset because of significant increase in credit risk.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The changes in fair value of financial assets is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

5.2 Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL. The Group measures all financial assets classified as FVTPL at fair value at each reporting date. The changes in fair value of financial assets is recognised in Profit and loss account.

5.3 Financial assets and liabilities

5.3.1 Amortized cost and effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

For financial instruments other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. On the other hand, the gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

5.3.2 Financial assets held for trading

The Group classifies financial assets as held for trading when they have been purchased or issued primarily for short-term profit making through trading activities or form part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together, for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit taking. Held for trading assets and liabilities are recorded and measured in the balance sheet at fair value.

5.3.3 Investment in equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments (other than subsidiaries, associates, and other group companies) at fair value through profit or loss, unless the management has elected to classify irrevocably some of its strategic equity investments to be measured at FVTOCI, when such instruments meet the definition of Equity under Ind AS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. Such classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Investments in subsidiaries and associates are carried at cost as permitted under Ind AS 27 (Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements). The investment in other group companies are carried at cost.

5.3.4 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost except loan commitments, financial guarantees, and derivative financial liabilities.

5.3.5 Derivative financial instruments

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts, interest rate swaps and forward commodity contracts, to hedge its foreign currency risks, interest rate risks and commodity price risks, respectively. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

The purchase contracts that meet the definition of a derivative under Ind AS 109 are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Commodity contracts that are entered into and continue to be held for the purpose of the receipt or delivery of a non-financial item in accordance with the Group's expected purchase, sale or usage requirements are held at cost.





5.3.6 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement (continued)

Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges, which is recognised in OCI and later reclassified to profit or loss when the hedge item affects profit or loss or treated as basis adjustment if a hedged forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or non-financial liability.

5.3.7 Debt securities and other borrowed funds

After initial measurement, debt issued, and other borrowed funds are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on issue funds, and costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

The Group has issued certain non-convertible debentures, the return of which is linked to performance of specified indices over the period of the debenture. Such debentures have a component of an embedded derivative which is fair valued at a reporting date. The resultant 'net unrealised loss or gain' on the fair valuation of these embedded derivatives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. The debt component of such debentures is measured at amortised cost using yield to maturity basis.

5.3.8 Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and financial liabilities in this category are those that are not held for trading and have been either designated by management upon initial recognition or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under Ind AS 109. Management only designates an instrument at FVTPL upon initial recognition when one of the following criteria are met. Such designation is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

- The designation eliminates, or significantly reduces, the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from
 measuring the assets or liabilities or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis; Or
- The liabilities are part of a group of financial liabilities, which are managed, and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy; Or
- The liabilities containing one or more embedded derivatives, unless they do not significantly modify the cash
 flows that would otherwise be required by the contract, or it is clear with little or no analysis when a similar
 instrument is first considered that separation of the embedded derivative(s) is prohibited.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are recorded in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recorded in profit and loss with the exception of movements in fair value of liabilities designated at FVTPL due to changes in the Company's own credit risk. Such changes in fair value are recorded in the Own credit reserve through OCI and do not get recycled to the profit or loss. Interest earned or incurred on instruments designated at FVTPL is accrued in interest income or finance cost, respectively, using the EIR, taking into account any discount/ premium and qualifying transaction costs being an integral part of instrument. Interest earned on assets mandatorily required to be measured at FVTPL is recorded using contractual interest rate.

5.3.9 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Group's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.

5.3.10 Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities

The Group does not reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Group acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line.

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5.3.11 Derecognition of financial Instruments

5.3.11.1 Derecognition of financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired. The Group also derecognises the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

The Group has transferred the financial asset if, and only if, either.

- The Group has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- It retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumed a contractual
 obligation to pay the cash flows in full without material delay to third party under pass through
 arrangement.

Pass-through arrangements are transactions whereby the Group retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of a financial asset (the 'original asset'), but assumes a contractual obligation to pay those cash flows to one or more entities (the 'eventual recipients'), when all of the following conditions are met:

- The Group has no obligation to pay amounts to the eventual recipients unless it has collected equivalent
 amounts from the original asset, excluding short-term advances with the right to full recovery of the amount
 lent plus accrued interest at market rates.
- The Group cannot sell or pledge the original asset other than as security to the eventual recipients.

The Group has to remit any cash flows it collects on behalf of the eventual recipients without material delay. In addition, the Group is not entitled to reinvest such cash flows, except for investments in cash or cash equivalents including interest earned, during the period between the collection date and the date of required remittance to the eventual recipients.

A transfer only qualifies for derecognition if either:

- The Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- The Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

The Group considers control to be transferred if and only if, the transferee has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without imposing additional restrictions on the transfer.

The Group also derecognises a financial asset, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new financial asset, with the difference recognised as a derecognition gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded. The newly recognised financial assets are classified as Stage 1 for ECL measurement purposes, unless the new financial asset is deemed to be POCI.

If the modification does not result in cash flows that are substantially different, the modification does not result in derecognition. Based on the change in cash flows discounted at the original EIR, the Group records a modification gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded.

5.3.11.2 Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing financial liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.





5.4 Impairment of financial assets

The Group records provisions based on expected credit loss model ("ECL") on all loans, other debt financial assets measured at amortised cost together with undrawn loan commitment and financial guarantee contracts, in this section all referred to as "Financial instrument". Equity instruments are not subject to impairment.

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. A credit loss is the difference between the cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the entity expects to receive discounted at the original effective interest rate. Because ECL consider the amount and timing of payments, a credit loss arises even if the entity expects to be paid in full but later than when contractually due.

Simplified approach

The Group follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables. The application of simplified approach does not require the Group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. The Group uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the receivables. However, if receivables contain a significant financing component, the Group chooses as its accounting policy to measure the loss allowance by applying general approach to measure ECL.

General approach

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk (SICR) since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses (12m ECL). The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition instead of an evidence of a financial asset being credit-impaired at the reporting date or an actual default occurring.

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12m ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default (PD), loss given default (LGD) (i.e., the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. As for the exposure at default (EAD), for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the Group's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

For financial assets, ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The Group recognises an impairment loss or reversal of impairment loss in the reformatted consolidated statement of profit and loss with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

If a financial instrument includes both a loan (i.e., financial asset) and an undrawn commitment (i.e. loan commitment) component and the Group cannot separately identify the ECL on the loan commitment component from those on the financial asset component, the ECL on the loan commitment have been recognised together with the loss allowance for the financial asset. To the extent that the combined ECL exceed the gross carrying amount of the financial asset, the ECL have been recognised as a provision. Also, for other loan commitments and all financial guarantee contracts, the loss allowance has been recognised as a provision.





5.5 Collateral valuation

To mitigate its credit risks on financial assets, the Group seeks to use collateral, where possible. The collateral comes in various forms, such as cash, securities, letters of credit/guarantees, real estate, receivables, inventories, other non-financial assets and credit enhancements such as netting agreements. Collateral, unless repossessed, is not recorded on the balance sheet. However, the fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECLs. It is generally assessed, at a minimum, at inception and re-assessed on a periodical basis. However, some collateral, for example, cash or securities relating to margining requirements, is valued daily.

To the extent possible, the Group uses active market data for valuing financial assets held as collateral. Other financial assets which do not have readily determinable market values are valued using models.

5.6 Collateral repossessed

The Group's policy is to determine whether a repossessed asset can be best used for its internal operations or should be sold. Assets determined to be useful for the internal operations are transferred to their relevant asset category at the lower of their repossessed value or the carrying value of the original secured asset. Assets for which selling is determined to be a better option are transferred to assets held for sale at their fair value (if financial assets) and fair value less cost to sell for non-financial assets at the repossession date in line with the Group's policy.

5.7 Write-offs

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Group has no reasonable expectation of recovery.

5.8 Redeemable preference shares

Redeemable preference shares issued are classified as financial liabilities and are measured at fair value at inception and at amortised cost subsequently.

Where the transaction price for the preference shares issued differs from the fair value, the difference is recognized in profit or loss unless the difference is a deemed capital contribution from the Group, in which case, the said difference is recognized in equity.

In accounting for these preference shares at amortised cost subsequent to initial recognition, interest expense based on the effective interest rate is recognized in profit or loss. This effective interest rate is based on the initial measurement of the preference shares (fair value) and the maturity amount. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss unless the difference is due to a transaction with a related party, in which case, the same is recognized as a deemed distribution or return of deemed capital contribution, as the case may be.

5.9 Compulsory Convertible Instruments

Compulsory Convertible Debentures/ Preference shares are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of the contract. At the inception of the Compulsory Convertible Instruments, the following two elements will be separated:

- (a) a liability component arising from the interest payments; and
- (b) an equity component representing the delivery of fixed number of equity shares in future.

On issuance of the Compulsory Convertible Instrument, the fair value of the liability portion is determined using a market interest rate for an equivalent non convertible bonds. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortised cost basis until extinguished on conversion of the bonds. The remainder of the proceeds is attributable to the equity portion of the compound instrument since it meets Ind AS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation, criteria for fixed to fixed classification. The carrying amount of the equity component is not subsequently re-measured.

5.10 Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) and the business model test. The Group determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed.



5.11 Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

Determination of fair value

The Group measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques, as summarised below:

- Level 1 financial instruments –Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted quoted prices from
 active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group has access to at the measurement date. The Group
 considers markets as active only if there are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of
 the identical assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on the balance
 sheet date.
- Level 2 financial instruments—Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life.
- Level 3 financial instruments -Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the
 measurement as whole. For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring
 basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing
 categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the
 end of each reporting period. The Group periodically reviews its valuation techniques including the adopted
 methodologies and model calibrations.

Therefore, the Group applies various techniques to estimate the credit risk associated with its financial instruments measured at fair value, which include a portfolio-based approach that estimates the expected net exposure per counterparty over the full lifetime of the individual assets, in order to reflect the credit risk of the individual counterparties for non-collateralised financial instruments.

The Group evaluates the levelling at each reporting period on an instrument-by-instrument basis and reclassifies instruments when necessary based on the facts at the end of the reporting period.





Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured at transaction price i.e., the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to the customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Group consider the terms of the contract and its customary business practices to determine the transaction price. Where the consideration promised is variable, the Group excludes the estimates of variable consideration that are constrained. The Group applies the five-step approach for the recognition of revenue:

- Identification of contract
- II. Identification of the separate performance obligation in the contract
- III. Determination of transaction price
- IV. Allocation of transaction price to separate performance obligation and
- Recognition of revenue when (or as) each performance obligation is satisfied.

5.12 Teases

Group as a lessee

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right of use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short term lease

The Group has elected not to recognise right of use asset and lease liabilities for short term leases of property that has lease term of 12 months or less. The Group recognises lease payment associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over lease term.

Group as a lessor

The Group's accounting policy under Ind AS 116 has not changed from the comparative period. As a lessor the Group classifies its lease as either operating or financing leases. A Lease is classified as finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset and classified as an operating lease if does not.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

5.13 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the year.

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all potential equity shares.

5.14 Foreign currency transactions

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees which is also functional currency of the Group. Transactions in currencies other than Indian Rupees (i.e., foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

5.15 Retirement and other employee benefit

5.15.1 Provident fund and national pension scheme

The Group contributes to a recognised provident fund and national pension scheme which is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions are accounted for on an accrual basis and recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

5.15.2 Gratuity

The Group's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Group's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods, that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any plan assets, if any, is deducted. The present value of the obligation under such benefit plan is determined based on independent actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Benefits in respect of gratuity are funded with an insurance company approved by Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (IRDA).

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur.

Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

5.15.3 Compensated Absences

The eligible employees of the Group are permitted to carry forward certain number of their annual leave entitlement to subsequent years, subject to a ceiling. The Group recognises the charge in the statement of profit and loss and corresponding liability on such non-vesting accumulated leave entitlement based on a valuation by an independent actuary. The cost of providing annual leave benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method.

5.15.4 Deferred Bonus

The Group has adopted a Deferred Bonus Plan under its Deferred Variable Compensation Plan. A pool of identified senior employees of the Group is entitled for benefits under this plan. Such deferred compensation will be paid in a phased manner over a future period of time The measurement for the same has been based on actuarial assumptions and principles.





5.16 Share-based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees are granted by the ultimate parent Group. These are measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. These includes Stock Appreciation Rights ("SAR"s) where the right to receive the difference between the SAR price and the market price of equity shares of the ultimate parent Group on the date of exercise, either by way of cash or issuance of equity shares of the ultimate parent Group, is at the discretion of the ultimate parent Group. These are classified as equity settled share based transaction.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the 'ESOP reserve'. In cases where the share options granted vest in instalments over the vesting period, the Group treats each instalment as a separate grant, because each instalment has a different vesting period, and hence the fair value of each instalment differs.

Employee Stock Option Plans (ESOPs) / Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs)

The Holding Company (Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ("EFSL")) has Employee Stock Option Plans and Stock Appreciation Rights in force. Based on such schemes, parent entity has granted an ESOP/SAR option to acquire equity shares of EFSL that would vest in a graded manner to company's employees. Based on group policy / arrangement, EFSL has charged the fair value of such stock options, Company has accepted such cross charge and recognised the same under the employee cost.

5.17 Property, plant and equipment and right - of - use assets

Property, Plant and Equipment is stated at cost excluding the costs of day-to-day servicing, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment in value. Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Subsequent costs incurred on an item of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the carrying amount thereof when those costs meet the recognition criteria as mentioned above. Repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Capital work in progress is stated at cost, net of accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives. Depreciation is provided on a written down value basis from the date the asset is ready for its intended use or put to use whichever is earlier. In respect of assets sold, depreciation is provided up to the date of disposal.

As per the requirement of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the Group has evaluated the useful lives of the respective fixed assets which are as per the provisions of Part C of the Schedule II for calculating the depreciation. The estimated useful lives of the fixed assets are as follows:

Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Nature of assets	Estimated Useful Life
Building (Other than Factory Building)	60 years
Plant and equipments	15 years
Furniture and fittings	10 years
Vehicles	8 years
Office equipments	5 years
Computers - Servers and networks	6 years
Computers - End user devices, such as desktops, laptops, etc.	3 years





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

5.17 Property, plant and equipment and right - of - use assets (continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The carrying amount of those components which have been separately recognised as assets is derecognised at the time of replacement thereof. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Land and buildings are subsequently shown at fair value based on periodic valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation for buildings. Valuations will be carried out on a regular basis, unless the management consider it appropriate to have an earlier revaluation, such that the carrying amount of property does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the end of the reporting period. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset, and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Subsequent measurement of land and building under revaluation model

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited to other comprehensive income and shown as a revaluation reserve in shareholders' equity. An exception is a gain on revaluation that reverses a revaluation decrease (impairment) on the same asset previously recognised as an expense. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged in other comprehensive income and debited against the revaluation reserve directly in equity; all other decreases are charged to profit or loss. Each year the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset charged to profit or loss and depreciation based on the asset's original cost is transferred from the revaluation reserve to retained earnings.

Right-of-use assets are presented together with property and equipment in the statement of financial position – refer to the accounting policy 5.12. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The carrying amount of those components which have been separately recognised as assets is derecognised at the time of replacement thereof. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

5.18 Intangible assets:

Intangible assets are recorded at the consideration paid for the acquisition of such assets and are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any.

Intangibles such as software are amortised over a period of 3 years based on its estimated useful life.

Intangible assets under development are recorded at the consideration paid for the acquisition of such assets.

5.19 Impairment of non-financial assets:

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of cash generating unit which the asset belongs to is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed, and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of the depreciable historical cost.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

5.20 Provisions and other contingent liabilities:

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to net present value using an appropriate pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

A present obligation that arises from past events, where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. Claims against the Group, where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised.

5.21 Income tax expenses:

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

5.21.1 Current tax:

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

5.21.2 Deferred tax:

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets are also recognised with respect to carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

It is probable that taxable profit will be available against which a deductible temporary difference, unused tax loss or unused tax credit can be utilised when there are sufficient taxable temporary differences which are expected to reverse in the period of reversal of deductible temporary difference or in periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back. When this is not the case, deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent it is probable that:

- the entity will have sufficient taxable profit in the same period as reversal of deductible temporary difference or periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back; or
- tax planning opportunities are available that will create taxable profit in appropriate periods.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

5.21.2 Deferred tax (continued)

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

5.21.3 Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

5.21.4 Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT)

MAT paid in a year is charged to the reformatted consolidated statement of profit and loss as current tax. The Group recognises unused MAT credit as a deferred tax asset only to the extent that it is probable that the Group will be able to utilise during the specified period, i.e., the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. In the year in which the Group recognises deferred tax asset (MAT credit) as an asset, the said asset is created by way of credit to the reformatted consolidated statement of profit and loss. The Group reviews the MAT asset at each reporting date and writes down the asset to the extent that it is not probable that the Group will be able to utilise it during the specified period.

5.22 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

5.23 Inventories

Inventories in the form of commodities are valued at weighted average cost or net realisable value, whichever is lower.

5.24 Stock in Transit

Stock in transit in the form of commodities are stated at cost.

5.25 Investment property

Properties, including those under construction, held to earn rentals and/or capital appreciation are classified as investment property and are measured and reported at cost, including transaction costs.

Depreciation is recognised using written down value method so as to write off the cost of the investment property less their residual values over their useful lives specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or in the case of assets where the useful life was determined by technical evaluation, over the useful life so determined. Depreciation method is reviewed at each financial year end to reflect the expected pattern of consumption of the future benefits embodied in the investment property. The estimated useful life and residual values are also reviewed at each financial year end and the effect of any change in the estimates of useful life/residual value is accounted on prospective basis.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of property is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the same period.

5.26 Receivables from Agency Business

The Group's business includes 'Agency Business' wherein acts as a procurement agent for its various principals, and renders other related end to end value additive services like procurement formalities including importing, receiving and storing of goods, insuring, maintenance of goods in proper condition, dispatch to designated parties, facilitating funding, etc. The Group procures goods and makes payment to the supplier on behalf of the principal. The payment made to supplier is shown as Trade receivables (current) and is secured by inventory held on behalf of principal marked as lien.





5.27 Business Combination

The acquisition method of accounting is used for business combinations by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree. At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired, and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their acquisition date fair values with certain limited exceptions. Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

Business combination under common control

Common control business combinations include transactions, such as transfer of subsidiaries or businesses, between entities within a group. Group has accounted all such transactions based on pooling of interest method, which is as below:

- The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their carrying amounts.
- No adjustments are made to reflect fair values or recognise any new assets or liabilities.
- The financial information in the reformatted consolidated financial information in respect of prior periods are restated as if
 the business combination had occurred from the beginning of the preceding period in the financial statements,
 irrespective of the actual date of the combination.

The identity of the reserves shall be preserved and shall appear in the financial information of the transferee in the same form in which they appeared in the financial information of the transferor. The difference, if any, between the amount recorded as share capital issued plus any additional consideration in the form of cash or other assets and the amount of share capital of the transferor shall be transferred to capital reserve.

6. A. Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 5, the management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

6.1. Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the management has made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

a. Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) and the business model test. The Group determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance is measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Group monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the quantum, the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Group's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.





6. A. Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

6.1. Critical judgements in applying accounting policies (continued)

a. Significant increase in credit risk

ECL is measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the Group takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information.

b. Consolidation of structured entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate to administrative tasks only and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements. In the context of the Group, structured entities comprise securitisation trusts in asset reconstruction business, mutual fund schemes and alternative investment funds / schemes thereof. The Group consolidates the structured entities that it controls. When making this judgement, the Group also considers voting and similar rights available to itself and other parties, who may limit the Group's ability to control, including rights to appoint, reassign or remove members of the structured entity's key management personnel who have the ability to direct the relevant activities, the exposure to variability of returns and whether the Group has the ability to use its power to affect the amount of the Group's returns i.e. the variability of returns in relation to the total returns of the investee entity.

c. Determining lease term for lease contracts with renewal and termination option

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain, whether or not, to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation of the leased asset).

6.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, as described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

a. Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values.

For Investments made into Security receipts (SRs), Group uses discounted cash flow model, given that the SRs are less liquid instruments. Expected cash flow levels including timing of cash flows are estimated by using quantitative and qualitative measures regarding the characteristics of the underlying assets including default rates, nature and value of collaterals, manner of resolution and other economic drivers. For any valuation which are based on models, Judgements and estimates are applied, which include considerations of liquidity, court signature and counterparty), funding

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

6. A. Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

6.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

b. Impairment of financial assets

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

The Group's ECL calculations are outputs of models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- PD calculation includes historical data, assumptions and expectations of future conditions.
- The Group's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a life-time expected credit loss and the qualitative assessment.
- The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis.
- Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs
- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as unemployment levels and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, EAD and LGD
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the
 economic inputs into the ECL models.

It is Group's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

c. Effective interest rate method

The Group's EIR methodology, as explained in Note 5, recognises interest income / expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given / taken and recognises the effect of characteristics of the product life cycle.

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments, as well expected changes in fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

d. Accounting for deferred taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

The Group has recognised deferred tax assets on carried forward tax losses with respect to certain subsidiaries where the Group believes that the said deferred tax assets shall be recoverable based on the estimated future taxable income which in turn is based on approved business plans and budgets. The losses are allowed to be carried forward to the years in which the Group expects that there will be sufficient taxable profits to offset these losses.

e. Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate ('IBR') to measure lease liabilities. Incremental borrowing rate is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

f. Asset liability management

Management has made an assessment of its ability to continue and is satisfied that it has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future.





6. B. Standards issued but not yet effective:

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023 dated 31 March 2023 to amend the following Ind AS which are effective from 01 April 2023.

(i) Amendment to Ind AS 8 - Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. It has also been clarified how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023 and apply to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the start of that period.

The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

(ii) Amendment to Ind AS 1- Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

Consequential amendments have been made in Ind AS 107.

The company is currently revisiting their accounting policy information disclosures to ensure consistency with the amended requirements.

(iii) Amendment to Ind AS 12 - Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under Ind AS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendments should be applied to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. In addition, at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, a deferred tax asset (provided that sufficient taxable profit is available) and a deferred tax liability should also be recognised for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations.

Consequential amendments have been made in Ind AS 101.

The amendments to Ind AS 12 are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023.

The company is currently assessing the impact of the amendments.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

7. Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Cash in hand	**	0.01
Balances with banks	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
- in current accounts	1,178.07	2,167.78
- in fixed deposits with original maturity less than 3 months *	111.15	912.99
Total	1,289.22	3,080.78

^{*} Fixed deposit amounting to ₹ Nil million (Previous year: ₹ 9.55 million) held under encumbrance.

8. Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Fixed deposits at amortised cost (refer Note 1 below)	2,430.22	2,491.84
Other bank balances (refer Note 2 below)	28.73	665.48
Total	2,458.95	3,157.32

Note 1:

- Pledged fixed deposit aggregating to ₹ 1,502.65 million (previous year ₹ 2,350.59 million) with bank for securing credit facilities, obtaining bank guarantees, securitisation/ assignment under partial credit guarantee scheme.
- Pledged fixed deposit aggregating to ₹ 4.00 million (previous year ₹ 4.00 million) with exchange to meet margin requirement
- Pledged fixed deposit aggregating to ₹ 65.84 million (previous year ₹ 73.65 million) with VAT, Sales Tax and Custom authorities.
- Pledged fixed deposit aggregating to ₹ 13.09 million (previous year ₹ 14.31 million) with agriculture produce market committee for obtaining Mandi license

Note 2:

• Bank Balance aggregating to ₹28.73 million (Previous year: ₹665.48 million) have been held in Escrow account is charged against debt securities





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

9. Derivative financial instruments

31-Mar-23	Notional amount	Fair value of asset	Notional amount	Fair value of	
31-iviar-23	(units)	(₹)	(units)	liability (₹)	
(i) Currency derivatives					
Currency Futures	1,093,000.00	89.97			
Less: amounts offset (refer note 9.A)	*	(89.97)			
		-		_	
(i) Index linked derivatives					
Index Futures					
Options purchased		-	-	-	
Options sold (written)		-	-	-	
Less: amounts offset (refer note 9.A)		**		-	
Subtotal (i)		-		-	
(ii) Equity linked derivatives				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Stock Futures	-	-	-	-	
Less: amounts offset (refer note 9.A)		-		-	
Subtotal (II)	•	<u>.</u>		-	
Total	1 111 11	-		-	

31-Mar-22	Notional amount (units)	Fair value of asset (₹)	Notional amount (units)	Fair value of liability (₹)
(i) Index linked derivatives			,	
Index Futures				
Options purchased	330,750.00	17.16	-	-
Options sold (written)			177,050	29.17
Less: amounts offset (refer note 9.A)		_		_
Subtotal (i)		17.16		29.17
(ii) Equity linked derivatives				
Stock Futures	-	-	-	-
Less: amounts offset (refer note 9.A)		_		_
Subtotal (ii)		_		_
Total		17.16		29.17

Note:

Notional amount in the above tables refer to number of underlying equity shares in case of stock futures and options, number of underlying index units in case of index-linked derivatives, number of underlying currency units in case of currency derivatives, number of underlying government securities / bonds in case of interest rate future, amount of notional currency in case of interest rate swaps.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

9.A Offsetting

The tables below summarise the financial assets and liabilities subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting and similar agreements, as well as financial collateral received to mitigate credit exposures for these financial assets, and whether offset is achieved in the balance sheet:

Financial assets subject to	Offsetting	recognised sheet	în balance	Netting p	otential not red sheet	cognised in balance	Assets not subject to netting arrangements	Total Assets	Maximum Exposure to Risk
offsetting	Gross asset before offset	Amount offset	Net asset recognised on the balance sheet	Financial assets	Collaterals paid	Assets after consideration of netting potential	Assets recognised on the balance sheet	Recognised in the balance sheet	After consideration of netting potential
Derivative Assets	89.97	(89.97)		-	-	-	_	-	
Margin placed with broker				-		-	*	*	p
	Offsetting	recognised sheet	in balance	Netting p	otential not red sheet	cognised in balance	Liabilities not subject to netting arrangements	Total Liabilities	Maximum Exposure to Risk
Financial liabilities subject to offsetting	Gross Liabilities before offset	Amount offset	Net Liabilities recognised on the balance	Financial Assets	Collaterals Paid	Liabilities after consideration of netting potential	Liabilities recognised on the balance sheet	Recognised in the balance sheet	After consideration of netting potential
Derivative Liabilities	**************************************		sheet			-		· · ·	
As at 31 March 2022:	Offsetting	recognised sheet	in balance	Netting p	otential not rec sheet	ognised in balance	Assets not subject to netting arrangements	Total Assets	Maximum Exposure to Risk
Financial assets subject to offsetting	Gross asset before offset	Amount offset	Net asset recognised on the balance sheet	Financial assets	Collaterals paid	Assets after consideration of netting potential	Assets recognised on the balance sheet	Recognised in the balance sheet	After consideration of netting potential
Derivative Assets	17.16	-	17.16	-	_	17.16	-	17.16	17.16
Margin placed with broker	-		-	-	-	-		•	-
	Offsetting	recognised sheet	in balance	Netting p	otential not res sheet	ognised in balance	Liabilities not subject to netting arrangements	Total Liabilities	Maximum Exposure to Risk
Financial liabilities subject to offsetting	Gross Liabilities before offset	Amount offset	Net Liabilities recognised on the balance sheet	Financial Assets	Collaterais Paíd	Liabilities after consideration of netting potential	Liabilities recognised on the balance sheet	Recognised in the balance sheet	After consideration of netting potential
Derivative Liabilities	29.17		29.17		•	29.17		29.17	29.17





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

10. Stock in trade (Securities held for trading) at FVTPL

Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Debt Securities	2,021.08	2,229.73
Mutual Fund	117.64	-
Total	2,138.72	2,229.73
Investments in India	2,138.72	2,229.73
Investments outside India	*	-
Total	2,138.72	2,229.73

Note:

a. Debt securities amounting to ₹ 1,869.79 million (Previous year: ₹ 1,301.86 million) is charged against debt securities borrowing.

11. Trade receivables

Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Trade receivables		
Receivables considered good - secured	-	-
Receivables considered good unsecured	392.44	223.14
Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	6.52	3.80
Receivables - credit impaired	362.75	386.78
Gross Receivables	761.71	613.72
Allowance for expected credit losses - Receivables considered good Unsecured	(0.56)	(2.39)
Allowance for expected credit losses - Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	(6,52)	(3.80)
Allowance for expected credit losses - Credit impaired	(362.75)	(386.78)
Total receivables net of provision	391.88	220.75





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

11. Trade receivables (Continued)

11.1 Trade receivables ageing schedule

As at March 31, 2023	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables considered good-Gross	392.44	_		-	. 2	392.44	
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk-Gross			6.52	-	-	6.52	
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired-Gross	1.52	•	4.86	12.31	344.06	362.75	
Gross receivables (A)	393.96	-	11.38	12.31	344.06	761.71	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good-ECL	(0.56)	-	*	-	•	(0.56)	
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk-ECL	-	•	(6.52)	-	-	(6.52)	
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired-ECL	(1.52)	*	(4.86)	(12.31)	(344.06)	(362.75)	
Total ECL provision on receivables (B)	(2.08)	-	(11.38)	(12.31)	(344.06)	(369.83)	
Total receivables net of provision = (A)+(B)	391.88	-	-	-		391.88	

As at March 31, 2022	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables considered good-Gross	223.14	-	-	-	-	223.14	
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk-Gross	-	-	3.76	0.04	-	3.80	
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired-Gross	-	5.03	12.31	25.02	344.42	386.78	
Gross receivables (A)	223.14	5.03	16.07	25.06	344.42	613.72	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good-ECL	(2.39)	*	-	_	-	(2.39)	
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk-ECL	<u>.</u>	-	(3.76)	(0.04)	~	(3.80)	
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired-ECL	-	(5.03)	(12.31)	(25.02)	(344.42)	(386.78)	
Total ECL provision on receivables (B)	(2.39)	(5.03)	(16.07)	(25.06)	(344.42)	(392.97)	
Total receivables not of provision = (A) (B)	220.79				***************************************	220.7\$	

There are no unbiffed or not due trade receivables as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

11.2. Reconciliation of impairment allowance on trade receivables:

Particulars	As at	As at
Las dicarata	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Impairment allowance measured as per simplified approach		
Impairment allowance - opening balance	392.97	438.85
Add/ (less): asset originated or acquired (net)	(23.14)	(45.88)
Impairment allowance - closing balance	369.83	392.97

Notes:

1) No trade or other receivables are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person

2) No trade or other receivables are due from firms or private companies in which directors is partner, a director or a member.



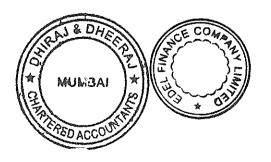


Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Loans

.2.	Loans						
			1 March 2023			31 March 2022	
	Particulars	at amortised	at FVTPL	Total	at amortised	at FVTPL	Total
_		cost			cost		
A	Term Loans						
	Corporate and Retail Credit	47,085.67	2,645.09	49,730.76	41,822.51	3,361.82	45,184.33
	Total gross (A)	47,085.67	2,645.09	49,730.76	41,822.51	3,361.82	45,184.33
	Less: Impairment loss allowance	(8,043.59)	45	(8,043.59)	(3,320.78)	-	(3,320.78)
	Total (Net) (A)	39,042.08	2,645.09	41,687.17	38,501.73	3,361.82	41,863.55
В	Collateral :		,				
	Secured by tangible assets	29,241.43	425.88	29,667.31	35,289.37	3,361.82	38,651.19
	Unsecured	17,844.24	2,219.21	20,063.45	6,533.14	_	6,533.14
	Total gross (B)	47,085.67	2,645.09	49,730.76	41,822.51	3,361.82	45,184.33
	Less: Impairment loss allowance	(8,043.59)	*	(8,043.59)	(3,320 78)	-	(3,320.78)
	Total (Net) (B)	39,042.08	2,645.09	41,687.17	38,501.73	3,361.82	41,863.55
		·					
С	Loans in India	***************************************					
	Public sector	-	-	-	*	_	_
	Others	47,085.67	2,645.09	49,730.76	41,822.51	3,361.82	45,184.33
	Total gross (C)	47,085.67	2,645.09	49,730.76	41,822.51	3,361.82	45,184.33
	Less: Impairment loss allowance	(8,043.59)		(8,043.59)	(3,320.78)	_	(3,320.78)
	Total (Net) (C) (I)	39,042.08	2,645.09	41,687.17	38,501.73	3,361.82	41,863.55
	Loans outside India	·	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	<u>.</u>	
	Less: Impairment loss allowance		-	-	-	*	*
	Total (Net) (C) (II)	-	-	_	-	_	-
	Total (C) (I) and (C) (II)	39,042.08	2,645.09	41,687.17	38,501.73	3,361.82	41,863.55
		***********	•				*



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

12. Loans (Continued)

12.1 Credit quality

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's year-end stage classification. The amounts presented are gross of impairment allowances. Details of the Group's internal grading for stage classification are explained in Note 55.D.1 and policies on whether ECL allowances are calculated on an individual or collective basis are set out in Note 55.D.1

Loans at amortised cost

Particulars	:	As at March 31, 2023					As at March 31, 2022		
rai debiais	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	Total	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	Total	
Performing									
High grade	35,471.90	+	•	35,471.90	33,243.65	_	-	33,243.65	
Standard grade	-	3,420.74	-	3,420.74	-	5,440.81	-	5,440.81	
Non-Performing									
Impaired		-	8,193.03	8,193.03	-	*	3,138.05	3,138.05	
Total	35,471.90	3,420.74	8,193.03	47,085.67	33,243.65	5,440.81	3,138.05	41,822.51	

Reconciliation of changes in gross carrying amount and corresponding ECL allowances for loans and advances to corporate and retail customers:

The following disclosure provides stage wise reconciliation of the Group's gross carrying amount and ECL allowances for loans and advances to corporates and retail customers. The transfers of financial assets represents the impact of stage transfers upon the gross carrying amount and associated allowance for ECL. The net remeasurement of ECL arising from stage transfers represents the increase or decrease due to these transfers.

The 'New assets originated /repayments received (net)' represent the gross carrying amount and associated allowance ECL impact from transactions within the Group's lending portfolio.

Gross carrying amount and corresponding ECL reconciliation - Loans

		Non Credit I	mpaired		Credit Impaired		Total	
	Stage I		Stage II		Stage III			<u> </u>
Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL
Balance as at 31 March 2022	33,243.65	302.25	5,440.81	475.71	3,138.05	2,542.82	41,822.51	3,320.78
Transfers:						1		
Transfers to 12 Month ECL (Stage 1)	(253.08)	54.48	(561.24)	(28.17)	(168.83)	(26.31)	(983.15)	
Transfers to lifetime ECL (Stage 2)	(820.78)	(5.05)	906.13	18.29	(85.35)	(13.24)	-	• :
Transfers to lifetime ECL- Credit impaired (Stage 3)	(319.33)	(1.60)	(388.07)	(30.11)	707.40	31.71	-	
Remeasurement of ECL arising from transfer of stage (net)	-	(50.39)	-	30.65	-	52.64	+	32.90
Net new and further lending/(repayments) (including write-off) and sale to ARC / AIF	3,622.43	0.00	(1,971.78)	(220.10)	4,625.56	4,921.97	6,276.21	4,701.87
Amounts written off	(0.99)	(80.0)	(5.11)	(3.07)	(23.80)	(8.81)	(29.90)	(11.96)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	35,471,90	299.61	3,420,74	243,20	8,193.03	7,500.78	47.085.67	8.043.59

Gross carrying amount and corresponding ECL reconciliation - Loans

		Non Credit I	npaired		Credit Impaired		Total		
	Stage I		Stage II		Stage III				
Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying Amount	Allowance for ECL	
Balance as at 31 March 2021	64,344.99	92.21	4,432.10	320.87	3,788.23	2,562.37	72,565.32	2,975.45	
Transfers:			/						
Transfers to 12 Month ECL (Stage 1)	1,435.00	91.64	(1,271.30)	(75.13)	(163.70)	(16.51)	-	*	
Transfers to lifetime ECL (Stage 2)	(1,003.36)	(7.46)	1,050.03	12.15	(46.67)	(4.69)	-	-	
Transfers to lifetime ECL- Credit impaired (Stage 3)	(515.83)	(3.46)	(981.44)	(59.68)	1,497.27	63.14	+	-	
Net re-measurement of ECL arising from transfer of stage	-	(86.61)	-	50.16	-	63.36	-	26.91	
Net new and further lending/(repayments) (including write-off) and sale to ARC / AIF	(31,017.15)	215.93	2,211.42	227.34	(1,937.08)	(124.85)	(30,742.81)	318.42	
Balance as at 31 March 2022	33,243.65	302.25	5,440.81	475.71	3,138.05	2,542.82	41,822.51	3,320.78	





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

13. Investments

Investments					
31-Mar-23	Amortised cost	Through OCI	FVTPL	At Cost (Associates & Others)	Tota
Equity instruments	-	•	4,103.26	6,045.51	10,148.77
Uebt Securities		-	2,858.62	-	2,858.62
Preference Shares		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	858,92	858.92
Security Receipt		•	2,155.73	-	2,155.73
Warrant	······································	÷	-	-	
Units of AIF		•	3,667.28	-	3,667.28
Mutual Fund	-	•	127.34		127.34
Others	502.37	-	-	3.16	505.53
Investment in compulsory convertible instruments and		——,,, —— <u>, — , — , — , — , — , — , — , </u>			
put CCPS CCDS	1,000.10			6,600.00	7,600.10
Total	1,502.47		12,912.23	13,507.59	27,922.29
(i) Investments outside India	2,302.47		12,312.23		ZI,3LL.Z3
(ii) Investment in India	1,502.47		12,912.23	13,507.59	27,922.29
Total	1,502.47		12,912.23	13,507.59	27,922.29
Less: Allowance for impairment			(86.81)		(86.81)
Total	1,502.47	-	12,825.42	13,507.59	27,835.48
31-Mar-22	Amortised cost	Through OCI	FVTPL	At Cost (Associates & Others)	Total
Equity instruments	-	-	1.00	12,780.32	12,781.32
Debt Securities	2,126.26	-	4,372.14	-	6,498.40
Security Receipt	-	-	2,702.98	*	2,702.98
Warrant			111.93		111.93
Units of AIF	+	-	3,934.06	-	3,934.06
Mutual Fund	-	-	-		-
Others	*	-	-	4.14	4.14
Total	2,126.26	-	11,122.11	12,784.46	26,032,83
(i) Investments outside India	•	-	•	-	
(ii) Investment in India	2,126.26	•	11,122.11	12,784.46	26,032.83
Total	2,126,26	-	11,122.11	12,784.46	26,032.83
Less: Allowance for impairment	(5.67)		(198.74)	-	(204.41)
Total	2,120.59	-	10,923.37	12,784.46	25,828.42

13.1 Investments measured at amortised cost:

i) Credit quality of assets:

The table below shows the gross carrying amount of the Group's investments measured at amortised cost by credit risk, based on the Group's internal credit rating system and year-end stage classification. The amount presented are gross of impairment allowances. Details of the Group's internal grading system and policies on whether ECL allowances are calculated on an individual or collective basis are set out in Note 55.D.1

Gross

carrying

Gross

carrying

Gross

carrying

Gross

carrying

3	1-N	4-	-	77
Э.	T-83	ııd	1	43

Double of an	,			
Partículars	amount	amount	amount	amount
	(Stage I)	(Stage II)	(Stage III)	Total
Performing	1,502.47	-	-	1,502.47
High grade	•	-	_	-
Total	1,502.47	•	v	1,502.47
31-Mar-22				
	Gross	Gross	Gross	Gross
Particulars	carrying	carrying	carrying	carrying
	amount	amount	amount	amount
	(Stage I)	(Stage II)	(Stage III)	Total
Performing	2,126.26	-	*	2,126.26
High grade	-	•	-	•
Total	2,126.26	•	-	2,126.2

ii) Reconciliation of gross carrying amount for investments measured at amortised cost

	31-Mar-23			ar-22	
	Gross	12 months	Gross	12 months	
Particulars	Carrying	ECL	Carrying	ECL	
	Amount	allowance	Amount	allowance	
	(Stage I)	(Stage I)	(Stage I)	(Stage I)	
Gross carrying amount - opening balance	2,126.26	(5.67)	2,126.26	(5.67)	
Assets acquired or recognised	1,502.47	-	-	-	
Unwinding of discount (recognised in interest income)	-	-	-	-	
Changes to contractual cash flows due to modifications not resulting in derecognition	•			•	
Assets derecognised or matured	(2,126.26)	5.67	-	-	
Closing balance	1,502.47		2,126.26	(5.67)	



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
	Deposits placed with/ for exchange/ depositories	14.42	13.36
	Deposits- others	72.34	41.36
	Rental deposits	5.19	4.34
	Margin placed with broker	1.23	7.97
	Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	1,335.72	688.64
	Others	0.67	0.62
	Total	1,429.57	756.29
15.	Current tax assets (net)		
	Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Маг-22
	Advance income taxes (Net of provision for tax)	2,232.13	2,020.39
	Total	2,232.13	2,020.39

Deferred tax assets	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Provision for expected credit losses	696.39	869.33
Unused tax losses / credits	1,810.62	1,569.33
Employee benefits obligations	2.26	2.26
Fair valuation of Financial Assets	(638.59)	(47.40)
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets	(508.12)	(530.28)
Adjustment of effective interest rate on Borrowings	(47.85)	(107.29)
fotal	1,314.71	1,/55.95
Deferred tax liabilities	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Provision for expected credit losses	(116.32)	(122.77)
Employee benefits obligations	(9.60)	(11.02)
Fair valuation of Financial Assets	35.62	78.00
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets	124.20	16.66
Adjustment of effective interest rate on Borrowings	7.36	9.92
Special Reserve u/s 36(1)(viii)	2.33	101.02
Total	43.59	71.81





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

17. Investment property

Particulars	ln	vestment Property	
Particulars	Land	Real Estate	Total
as at April 1, 2021	137.43	4,896.46	5,033.89
Additions	-	510.99	510.99
Disposals	₹	(829.85)	(829.85)
as at March 31, 2022	137.43	4,577.60	4,715.03
Additions	-	44.06	44.06
Disposals	-	(438.74)	(438.74)
as at March 31, 2023	137.43	4,182.92	4,320.35
Depreciation and amortisation:			
as at April 1, 2021		1,045.91	1,045.91
Impairment charge/ (reversals) for the year	-	(50.08)	(50.08)
Depreciation/amortisation for the year	-	195.70	195.70
Disposals	-	(15.5 1)	(15.51)
as at March 31, 2022	-	1,176.02	1,176.02
Impairment charge/ (reversals) for the year	-	-	<u>.</u>
Depreciation/amortisation for the year	•	111.74	111.74
Disposals	-		-
as at March 31, 2023	-	1,287.76	1,287.76
Net Book Value			
As at March 31, 2022	137.43	3,401.58	3,539.01
As at March 31, 2023	137.43	2,895.16	3,032.59
Fair value of investment properties			
Property		31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Land		137.43	137.43
Real estate property		8,421.48	9,151.16
Total		8,558.91	9,288.59





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

18. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

				***************************************	Pronenty	Property plant and equipment	inmant					2	Intansible Access		
Particulars	Building (Flat)*#	Land*	Right-of-use Asset (ROU)	Leasehold improvements	Plant and Equipment	Plant and Machinery- Solar power	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Office equipment	Computers	Total	Computer Software	Goodwill	Total	Total
A AMARAMAT TO THE															
as at April 1, 2021	2,212.20	164.23	288,44	18.22	4.10	62.05	88.12	7.92	100.15	203.34	3,148.77	119.68	18.68	138,36	3,287.13
Additions	117.47		51,96	2.63			0.93	1.35	0.72	8.92	183,98	10.90	•	10.90	194.88
Disposals	•	•	(11.31)	(2.12)	(3.60)		(10.81)	(2.98)	(31.58)	(54.88)	(120.28)	(0.94)	,	(0.94)	(121.22)
as at March 31, 2022	2,329.67	164.23	329.09	18.73	0.50	62.05	78.24	3.29	69.29	157.38	3,212.47	129.64	18.68	148.32	3,360.79
Additions	,	٠	33.34	2.12	•	•	1.37	ś	3.72	10.16	50.71	63,13	•	63.13	113.84
Disposals		٠	(8.10)	(0.05)		•	(0.83)	(1.41)	(23.25)	(86.65)	(120.29)	(9.10)		(9.10)	(129.39)
as at March 31, 2023	2,329.67	164.23	354,33	20.80	0.50	62.05	78.78	1.88	49.76	80.89	3,142.89	183.67	18.68	202.35	3,345.24
Depreciation :															
as at April 1, 2021	123.04	,	184.98	10.70	1.97	33.87	42.96	5.36	71.96	163.26	638,10	102.51	18.68	121.19	759.29
Depreciation/amortisation for the year	161.72		30.60	4.41	0.16	5,33	10.97	0.88	11.36	16.30	241.73	14.04		14.04	255.77
Disposals			(0.93)	(1.99)	(1.82)		(8.89)	(4.78)	(28.59)	(50.27)	(97.27)	(0.95)		(0.95)	(98.22)
as at March 31, 2022	284.76		214.65	13.12	0.31	39.20	45.04	1.46	54.73	129.29	782.56	115.60	18.68	134.28	916.84
Depreciation/amortisation for the year	181.19		30.97	3.39	0.03	4.14	7.91	1.30	7.18	10.64	246.75	7.65		7.65	254.40
Disposals			(0.38)	(0.05)		•	(0.54)	(0.97)	(22.59)	(80.87)	(105.40)	(2.90)	,	(5.90)	(111.30)
as at March 31, 2023	465.95	,	245.24	16.46	0.34	43.34	52.41	1.79	39.32	59.06	923.91	117.35	18.68	136.03	1,059.94
Net Book Value															
As at March 31, 2022	2,044.91	164.23	114,44	5.61	0.19	22.85	33.20	1.83	14.56	28.09	2,429.91	14.04	•	14.04	2,443.95
As at March 31, 2023	1,863.72	164.23	109.09	4.34	0.16	18.71	26.37	0.09	10.44	21.83	2,218.98	66.32	,	66.32	2,285.30

^{*}Pledged against issuance of NCDs and Corporate Guarantee.

During PY 2021-22, the Edelweiss Rural & Corporation of Rescall, subsidiary of the Company had paid additional Floor Space Index (FSI') charges amounting to ₹ 321.50 million to Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai (*MCGM*) for floors owned by Company in Edelweiss House. This amount was capitalized and depreciation on the remaining book value of ₹ 227.00 million.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

19. Intangible Assets Under Development

a Intangible assets under development aging schedule

	Amount in Inta	ngible Assets Und	er Development	for a period of	
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Project in progress	12.40	-	pt-	-	12.40
Total	12.40	-	-	-	12.40
As at 31 March 2022					
	Amount in Inta	ngible Assets Und	er Development	for a period of	
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total
	Less that I year	1-2 (6912	2-3 years	years	
Project in progress	13.13	4.22	-	_	17.35
Total	13.13	4.22	_	-	17.35

There are no Intangible Assets Under Development, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

20	Other pen-financial access	

Other Buil-imancial assets		
Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Input tax credit	329.64	274.46
Prepaid expenses	45.96	61.87
Vendar Advances	49.46	50.78
Advances to employees	4.19	4.36
Deposits	18.83	18.83
Others	29.87	23.08
Total	478.15	433.38

21. Trade Payables

11000103		
Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (MSME)	8.47	7.30
Total outstanding dues to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	393.41	323.47
Total	401.88	330.77

21.A Details of dues to micro and small enterprises

Trade Payables includes ₹ 8.47 million (Previous Year ₹ 7.30 million) payable to "Suppliers" registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. Interest paid by the Group during the year to "Suppliers" registered under this Act is ₹ NIL million (Previous years ₹ 0.05 million). The aforementioned is based on the responses received by the Group to its inquiries with suppliers with regard to applicability under the said Act.

21.B Trade Payables ageing schedule

As at March 31, 2023	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							
Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3	Total	
Particulars		year years						
(i) MSME	0.30	-	8.17	-	-	-	8.47	
(ii) Others	22.53	•	365,28	2.60	0.74	2.26	393.41	
Total	22.83		373.45	2.60	0.74	2,26	401.88	

As at March 31, 2022	Out	Outstanding for following neriods from due date of payment							
Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3	Tota		
ratticulats			year			years			
(i) MSME	-	-	7.30	-	-	-	7.30		
(ii) Others	16.61	-	303.64	0.81	1.76	0.65	323.47		
Total	16.61		310.94	0.81	1.76	0.65	330.77		

22. Debt securities

31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
21,789,44	20,913.72
11,378.02	6,773.74
6,899.83	5,019.00
40,067.29	32,706.46
40,067.29	32,706.46
*	·
40,067.29	32,706.46
	21,789.44 11,378.02 6,899.83 40,067.29 48,067.29

Note

For secured debt, the Group has provided collateral in the nature of Pari Passu charge of immovable property, receivable from financing business, securities held for trading, investments, property (excluding intangible assets) and other assets.

Debt Securities as at March 31, 2023

Maturities	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	Total
Rate of Interest				
8.00 - 8.99%	1,070,00	815.12	-	1,885.12
9.00 - 9.99%	5,939.74	4,756.17	6,295.93	15,991.84
10.00 - 10.99%	-	5,144.18	7,838.17	12,982.35
Zero Coupon Debentures	-		•	
Various (benchmark linked)	1,974.40	3,390.05	2,105.15	7,470.60
Accrued Interest and EIR	-	-	-	737.38
Total	8,984.14	14,105.52	16,240.25	40,067.29

Maturities	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	Total
Rate of Interest			•	
8.00 - 8,99%	6,319.00	-	6,000.00	12,319.00
9.00 - 9.99%	1,000.00	~	698.42	1,698.42
10.00 - 10.99%	6,539.19	-	4,697.06	11,236.25
Zero Coupon Debentures			59.84	59.84
Various (benchmark linked)	2,641.50	345.70	2,084.00	5,071.20
Accrued Interest and EIR	1,816.25	52.66	452.84	2,321.75
Total	18,315.94	398.36	13,992.16	32,706.46





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Particulars			31-Mar-23	31-N
At amortised cost				
Secured				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Term Loans				
- From Banks			9,049.91	11,89
- National Housing Bank			917.05	1,3
Bank Overdraft			-	94
[Secured by charge on receivable from financing business and fixed				
Bank overdraft is in nature of Committed Cash Credit Lines repayab	le on demand.			
Working Capital demand loan (WCDL)			-	1,20
[Secured by charge on receivable from financing business]				
Unsecured				
Loan and advances from related parties			40 702 40	22.01
(Interest rate 11.00% to 14.50%) (PY 11.00% to 13.00%)			18,783.48 28,750.44	23,05
			28,750.44	38,41
Borrowings in India			28,750.44	38,43
Borrowings outside India Total			28,750.44	38,43
Following is the repayment terms of term loans:			· · ·	
Term loans from Banks - Secured as at 31 March 2023				
Maturities	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	
Rate of Interest				
7.00 - 7.99%	451.00	-		4!
8.00 - 8.99%	554.10	547.25	187.50	1,28
9.00 - 9.99%	1,838.88	2,526.04	993.53	5,3
10.00 - 10.99%	2,081.78	-	-	2,08
Accrued Interest and FIR Total	4,925.76	3,073.29	1,181.03	9,04
Term loans from Banks - Secured as at 31 March 2022				
Maturities	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	 .
Maturities Rate of Interest	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	
	<1 Years 443.88	1-3 Years 538.85	>3 Years -	98
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99%			>3 Years - -	
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99%	443.88	538.85	>3 Years - -	8,73
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Accrued Interest and EIR	443.88 4,059.87 1,565.99	538.85 4,675.12 677.64	=	8,73 2,24
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99%	443.88 4,059.87	538.85 4,675.12	=	8,73 2,24 (i
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Accrued Interest and EIR Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2023 (NHB)	443.88 4,059.87 1,565.99 - 6,069.74	538.85 4,675.12 677.64 - 5,891.61	-	8,73 2,24 (6
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Accrued Interest and EIR Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2023 (NHB) Maturities	443.88 4,059.87 1,565.99	538.85 4,675.12 677.64	-	98 8,73 2,24 (6 11,89
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Accrued Interest and EIR Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2023 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest	443.88 4,059.87 1,565.99 - 6,069.74	538.85 4,675.12 677.64 - 5,891.61	-	8,73 2,24 (6 11,89
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Accrued Interest and EIR Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2023 (NHB) Maturities	443.88 4,059.87 1,565.99 - 6,069.74	538.85 4,675.12 677.64 - 5,891.61	-	8,73 2,24 (6 11,89
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Accrued Interest and EIR Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2023 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest 4.00 - 4.99%	443.88 4,059.87 1,565.99 - 6,069.74	538.85 4,675.12 677.64 - 5,891.61		8,73 2,24 (6 11,89
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Accrued Interest and EIR Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2023 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest 4.00 - 4.99% 5.00 - 5.99%	443.88 4,059.87 1,565.99 - 6,069.74 <1 Years	538.85 4,675.12 677.64 - S,891.61 1-3 Years		8,73 2,24 (6
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Accrued Interest and EIR Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2023 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest 4.00 - 4.99% 5.00 - 5.99% 6.00 - 6.99%	443.88 4,059.87 1,565.99 - 6,069.74 <1 Years	538.85 4,675.12 677.64 - S,891.61 1-3 Years		8,73 2,24 (6 11,89
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Accrued Interest and EIR Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2023 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest 4.00 - 4.99% 5.00 - 5.99% 6.00 - 6.99% 7.00 - 7.99%	443.88 4,059.87 1,565.99 - 6,069.74 <1 Years 159.04 - 5.80	538.85 4,675.12 677.64 - 5,891.61 1-3 Years 157.32 - 3.85	>3 Years	8,73 2,24 (6 11,89
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Accrued Interest and EIR Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2023 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest 4.00 - 4.99% 5.00 - 5.99% 6.00 - 6.99% 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99%	443.88 4,059.87 1,565.99 - 6,069.74 <1 Years 159.04 - 5.80 - 132.78	538.85 4,675.12 677.64 - 5,891.61 1-3 Years 157.32 - 3.85	>3 Years	8,7° 2,2° (i 11,8° 3:
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Accrued Interest and EIR Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2023 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest 4.00 - 4.99% 5.00 - 5.99% 6.00 - 6.99% 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 9.00 - 9.99% Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2022 (NHB)	443.88 4,059.87 1,565.99 - 6,069.74 <1 Years 159.04 - 5.80 - 132.78 - 297.62	538.85 4,675.12 677.64 - 5,891.61 1-3 Years 157.32 - 3.85 - 255.35 - 416.52	>3 Years	8,73 2,24 (6 11,89
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Accrued Interest and EIR Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2023 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest 4.00 - 4.99% 5.00 - 5.99% 6.00 - 6.99% 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 9.00 - 9.99% Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2022 (NHB) Maturities	443.88 4,059.87 1,565.99 - 6,069.74 <1 Years 159.04 - 5.80 - 132.78	538.85 4,675.12 677.64 - 5,891.61 1-3 Years 157.32 - 3.85 - 255.35		8,73 2,24 (6 11,89 31
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Accrued Interest and EIR Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2023 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest 4.00 - 4.99% 5.00 - 5.99% 6.00 - 6.99% 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 9.00 - 9.99% Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2022 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest	443.88 4,059.87 1,565.99 - 6,069.74 <1 Years 159.04 - 5.80 - 132.78 - 297.62	538.85 4,675.12 677.64 - 5,891.61 1-3 Years 157.32 - 3.85 - 255.35 - 416.52	>3 Years	8,73 2,24 (6 11,85 31 56
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Accrued Interest and EIR Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2023 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest 4.00 - 4.99% 5.00 - 5.99% 6.00 - 6.99% 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 9.00 - 9.99% Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2022 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest 4.00 - 4.99%	443.88 4,059.87 1,565.99 - 6,069.74 <1 Years 159.04 - 5.80 - 132.78 - 297.62	538.85 4,675.12 677.64 - 5,891.61 1-3 Years 157.32 - 3.85 - 255.35 - 416.52	>3 Years	8,73 2,24 (6 11,85 31 56
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Accrued Interest and EIR Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2023 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest 4.00 - 4.99% 5.00 - 5.99% 6.00 - 6.99% 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 9.00 - 9.99% Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2022 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest 4.00 - 4.99% 5.00 - 5.99%	443.88 4,059.87 1,565.99 - 6,069.74 <1 Years 159.04 - 5.80 - 132.78 - 297.62	538.85 4,675.12 677.64 - 5,891.61 1-3 Years 157.32 - 255.35 - 416.52 1-3 Years	>3 Years	8,73 2,24 (6 11,85 33 56 93
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Accrued Interest and EIR Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2023 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest 4.00 - 4.99% 5.00 - 5.99% 6.00 - 6.99% 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 9.00 - 9.99% Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2022 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest 4.00 - 4.99% 5.00 - 5.99% 6.00 - 6.99%	443.88 4,059.87 1,565.99 - 6,069.74 <1 Years 159.04 - 132.78 - 297.62 <1 Years	538.85 4,675.12 677.64 - 5,891.61 1-3 Years 157.32 - 3.85 - 255.35 - 416.52 1-3 Years 298.32 - 11.10	>3 Years	8,73 2,24 (4 11,85 33 56 91
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Accrued Interest and EIR Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2023 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest 4.00 - 4.99% 5.00 - 5.99% 6.00 - 6.99% 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 9.00 - 9.99% Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2022 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest 4.00 - 4.99% 5.00 - 5.99% 6.00 - 6.99% 7.00 - 7.99%	443.88 4,059.87 1,565.99 - 6,069.74 <1 Years 159.04 - 132.78 - 297.62 <1 Years 119.29 - 5.33 61.98	538.85 4,675.12 677.64 - 5,891.61 1-3 Years 157.32 - 3.85 - 255.35 - 416.52 1-3 Years 298.32 - 11.10 185.94	>3 Years	8,73 2,24 (6 11,85 31 35 91 44
Rate of Interest 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 10.00 - 10.99% Accrued Interest and EIR Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2023 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest 4.00 - 4.99% 5.00 - 5.99% 6.00 - 6.99% 7.00 - 7.99% 8.00 - 8.99% 9.00 - 9.99% Total Term loans from Others - Secured as at 31 March 2022 (NHB) Maturities Rate of Interest 4.00 - 4.99% 5.00 - 5.99% 6.00 - 6.99%	443.88 4,059.87 1,565.99 - 6,069.74 <1 Years 159.04 - 132.78 - 297.62 <1 Years	538.85 4,675.12 677.64 - 5,891.61 1-3 Years 157.32 - 3.85 - 255.35 - 416.52 1-3 Years 298.32 - 11.10	>3 Years	8,7:2,2: (i 11,8: 3: 5:0





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

24. Subordinated Liabilities (at amortised cost)

Unsecured	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Non- convertible subordinated debt	643.03	641.68
Preference share capital	427.10	2,234.51
Total	1,070.13	2,876.19
Subordinated liabilities in India	1,070.13	2,876.19
Subordinated liabilities outside India	*	-
Total	1,070.13	2,876.19

24.A Maturity profile and rate of interest of subordinated liabilities are set out below:

Terms and condition related to subordinated liabilities:

Subordinated	Liabilities –	March 31	. 2023

Maturities	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	Total
Rate of Interest				
7.00 - 7.99%	•	-	-	-
9.00 - 9.99%	-	_	20.00	20.00
10.00 - 10.99%	<u> </u>	481.91	-	481.91
11.00 - 11.99%	-	150.00	_	150.00
14.00 - 14.99%	_	_	386.68	386.68
Zero Coupon Debentures	*	•	20.42	20.42
Various (benchmark linked)	-	-	_	-
Accrued Interest and EIR	_	-	-	11.12
fotal	•	631.91	427.10	1,070.13

Contract the same	4 5 4 L 10 10 15 11 11		2022
Subordinated	Madrittes -	iviaren 3.	. ZUZZ

Maturities	<1 Years	1-3 Years	>3 Years	Total
Rate of Interest				
7.00 - 7.99%	-	1,808.65	-	1,808.65
10.00 - 10.99%	÷	-	-	-
11.00 - 11.99%	-	500.00	150.00	650.00
14.00 - 14.99%	_	397.79	-	397.79
Accrued Interest and EIR	+		_	19.75
Total	-	2,706.44	150.00	2,876.19





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

25.	Other financial liabilities	(at amortised cost unless otherwise specified)
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	other imatical habities fat amortised cost amess other wise specific	4)	
	Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
	Bank overdraft	-	44.18
	Payable to employees	58.62	93.52
	Lease liabilities	134.24	142.39
	Payable on account of securitisation	10,817.12	8,112.68
	Financial liability associated to financial assets that are not	-	736.20
	derecognised		
	Other Liabilities	1,381.49	552.00
	Total	12,391.47	9,680.97
26.	Current tax liabilities (net)		
	Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
	Provision for taxation (Net of advance tax)	33.44	25.23
	Total	33.44	25.23
27.	Provisions		
	Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
	Provision for employee benefits		
	Gratuity	35.77	36.57
	Compensated leave absences	10.95	15.29
	Others	11.70	0.39
	Total	58.42	52.25
28.	Other non-financial liabilities		
	Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
	Statutory liabilities	67.27	52.57
	Income received in advance	23.06	5.66
	Others	45.19	58.73
	Total	135.52	116.96





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

29. Equity share capital

Particulars	As at 31-M	As at 31-Mar-2023		ar-2022
Particulars	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Authorised :				
Equity Shares of ₹ 100 each	228,500,000	22,850.00	228,500,000	22,850.00
Preference shares of ₹ 100 each	50,000,000	5,000.00	50,000,000	5,000.00
	278,500,000	27,850.00	278,500,000	27,850.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:				
Equity Shares of ₹ 100 each	75,667,388	7,566.75	55,667,388	5,566.75
Total	75,667,388	7,566.75	55,667,388	5,566.75

29.A Reconciliation of number of shares

Particulars	As at 31-M	As at 31-Mar-2022		
raticulais	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	55,667,388	5,566.75	55,667,388	5,566.75
Additional equity shares issued during the year	20,000,000	2,000.00	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	75,667,388	7,566.75	55,667,388	5,566.75

29.B Terms/rights attached to equity shares:

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 100/-. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the equity shareholders will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any, in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

29.C Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023		As at 31-Mar-2022	
ratticulars	No. of shares	% holding	No. of shares	% holding
Holding company				
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (EFSL)*	75,667,388	100.00%	55,667,388	100.00%
Total	75,667,388	100.00%	55,667,388	100.00%

^{*} including 6 shares held by Nominees of EFSL

29.D Details of shares held by promoters in the Company

As	at	Mar	ch	31,	2023

Promoter name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	%of total shares	% Change during the year
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited*	55,667,388	20,000,000	75,667,388	100.00%	_
Total	55,667,388	20,000,000	75,667,388	100.00%	*

at	Mai	rch	31,	2022

No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	%of total shares	% Change during the year
55,667,388	-	55,667,388	100.00%	-
55,667,388	-	55,667,388	100.00%	-
	at the beginning of the year 55,667,388	at the the year beginning of the year	at the the year the end of the beginning of year the year the year 55,667,388 - 55,667,388	at the the year the end of the beginning of year the year the year 55,667,388 - 55,667,388 100.00%

^{*} including 6 shares held by Nominees of EFSL





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

29. Equity share capital (Continued)

29.E Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

Particulars	As at 31-M	As at 31-Mar-2022		
raiticulais	No. of shares	% holding	No. of shares	% holding
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited*	75,667,388	100.00%	55,667,388	100.00%
Total	75,667,388	100.00%	55,667,388	100.00%

^{*} including 6 shares held by Nominees of EFSL

29.F There are no shares reserved for issue under options and contracts / commitments for the sale of shares / disinvestment.

30. Instruments entirely equity in nature

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-2023		As at 31-Mar-2022	
Particulats	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS)	,			***
(16,500,000 CCPS - 0.01% Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares ("CCPS") of face value of ₹ 100/-)	16,500,000	1,650.00	16,500,000	1,650.00
Total	16,500,000	1,650.00	16,500,000	1,650.00

30.A Reconciliation of number of shares

Particulars	As at 31-M	As at 31-Mar-2022		
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	16,500,000	1,650.00	16,500,000	1,650.00
Additional shares issued during the year	•		-	
Outstanding at the end of the year	16,500,000	1,650.00	16,500,000	1,650.00

Terms of Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares ("CCPS")

The Company has issued and alloted 65,00,000 0.01% CCPS on March 9, 2021 convertible into Equity shares on March 8, 2026 at a ratio of 1:1.

The Company has issued and alloted 1,00,00,000 0.01% CCPS on March 20, 2021 convertible into Equity shares on March 19, 2026 at a ratio of 1:1.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

31. Other Equity

Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Capital redemption reserve	114.34	114.34
Capital Reserve	(3,596.26)	(3,596.26)
Securities premium reserve	4,269.44	4,269.44
Statutory Reserve under Section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	1,544.82	1,414.01
Statutory Reserve under Section 29C of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	607.55	575.42
Retained earnings	(10,284.48)	(10,007.99)
Deemed capital contribution - Equity	52.55	52.55
Debenture Redemption Reserve	219.07	1,458.31
Revaluation Reserve through other comprehensive income	864.32	915.44
Impairment reserve	32.27	32.27
Total	(6,176.38)	(4,772.47)

31.1 Capital redemption reserve

The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

31.2 Capital Reserve

Capital reserve represents the gains of capital nature which is not freely available for distribution.

31.3 Securities premium reserve

Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

31.4 Statutory Reserve under Section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934

Reserve created under 45-IC(1) in The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 a sum not less than twenty per cent of its net profit every year as disclosed in the profit and loss account and before any dividend is declared.

31.5 Statutory Reserve under Section 29C of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934

In terms of Section 29C of the National Housing Bank Act, 1987 every housing finance institution which is a company is required to create a reserve fund and transfer therein a sum not less than twenty percent of its net profit every year as disclosed in the profit and loss account before any dividend is declared. Housing Finance Companies (HFCs), are permitted to withdraw from the said reserve fund, the excess amount credited (in excess of the statutory minimum of 20%) in the previous years for any business purposes subject to suitable disclosure in the balance sheet and in the case of HFCs which have transferred only the statutory minimum in the previous years to selectively permit them to withdraw from the reserve fund only for the purpose of provisioning for non-performing assets subject to the conditions that there is no debit balance in the profit and loss account and that the reason for such withdrawal are stated explicitly in the balance sheet.

31.6 Retained earnings

Retained earnings comprises of the Company's undistributed earnings after taxes.

31.7 Deemed capital contribution - Equity

Deemed capital contribution relates to share options granted to eligible employees of the Company by the parent company under its employee share option plan.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

31 Other Equity (Continued)

31.8 Debenture Redemption Reserve

The Companies Act 2013 requires companies that issue debentures to create a debenture redemption reserve from annual profits until such debentures are redeemed. Company being NBFS has to maintain Debenture Redemption reserve upto 25% of the value of debentures issued through public issue. The amounts credited to the debenture redemption reserve may not be utilised except to redeem debentures. On redemption of debentures, the amount may be transferred from debenture redemption reserve to retained earnings.

31.9 Revaluation Reserve through other comprehensive income

Group has decided to change to revaluation model from cost model of accounting for a class of asset. Similarly, group entities have also changed their existing model for Flats and building to align with the Group policy.

31.10 Equity instruments through other comprehensive income

The Group has elected to recognise changes in the fair value of certain investments in equity securities in other comprehensive income. These changes are accumulated within the FVOCI equity investments within equity. The Group transfers amounts from this reserve to retained earnings when the relevant equity securities are derecognised.

31.11 Impairment reserve

As per the RBI circular RBI/2019-20/170 dated 13th March, 2020, where impairment allowance under Ind AS 109 is lower than the provisioning required under IRACP (including standard asset provisioning), NBFCs (CICs) shall appropriate the difference from their net profit or loss after tax to a separate 'Impairment Reserve'. Further, no withdrawals shall be permitted from this reserve without prior permission from the RBI.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

32.	Interest Income		
	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
	on financial assets measured at amortised cost		
	Interest on loans	5,101.04	6,820.40
	Interest income from Investments	(4.26)	1,199.15
	Interest on fixed deposits with banks	119.43	171.89
	Other interest Income	91.45	45.89
	on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss		
	Interest on loans	221.32	519.28
	Interest income from Investments	470.71	196.00
	Total	5,999.69	8,952.61
33.	Dividend Income		
	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
	Dividend on Investment	4.12	-
	Total	4.12	•
34.	Fee and commission income		
	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
	Advisory and other fees Income	917.11	1,278.62
	Total	917.11	1,278.62
	Below is the disaggregation of the revenue from contracts with customers and its r	econciliation to amounts repo	rted in statement
			2004.20
	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
	Service transferred at a point in time	205.66	594.51
	Service transferred over time	711.45	684.11
	Total revenue from contract with customers	917.11	1,278.62
35.	Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes		
	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
	Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		
	On trading portfolio		
	Investment at FVTPL		
	On investments and securities held for trading	1,522.93	779.72
	On trading of securities (net)	27.97	(671.20)
	On Sale of debt instruments	0.10	(10.36)
	On security receipts	(4.65)	(2.82)
	Derivatives at FVTPL	(4.03)	(2.52)
		PA 47	24.22
	On derivatives financial instrument	50.17	31.23
	Others Other first in the state of the state		
	Other financial instruments	309.33	622.63
	Total Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes	1,905.84	749.20
	Fair value changes		
	Realised	1,199.73	72.72
	Unrealised	706.11	676.48
	Total	1,905.84	749.20
36.	Other operating income		
	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
	Warehouse charges	•	54.68
	Rental income	355.39	313.05
	Total	355.39	367.73
37.	Other income		
	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
	Profit / (loss) on sale of investments	838.00	1,771.83
	Interest on Income Tax Refund	15.51	62.78
	Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment and tangible assets (net)		4.17
	Miscellaneous income	45.83	60.70
	Total	899.34	1,899.48
		1800	3,000-40



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

 Finance costs (at amortised cost unless other 	rwise stated)
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Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Interest on borrowings other than debt securities	4,223.05	4,420.82
Interest on debt securities	3,212.47	5,249.32
Interest on subordinated liabilities	265.35	72.77
Other Interest Expense	977.43	827.83
Total	8,678.30	10,570.74
Impairment on financial instruments		
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
On loans	(999.07)	494.27
On investments	510.13	
On trade receivables	243.01	32.55
Total	(245.93)	526.82
Employee benefits expense		
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Salaries and wages	950.83	1,104.78
Contribution to provident and other funds	53.75	54.13
Expense on Employee Stock Option Scheme (ESOP) and SAR (refer note below)	7.23	13.36
Staff welfare expenses	72.36	44.22
Gratuity Expenses (Refer Note No.48)	9.23	-

Notes:

Total

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ("EFSL") the holding Company has granted an ESOP option to acquire equity shares of EFSL that would vest in a graded manner to Company's employees. Based on group policy / arrangement, EFSL has charged the fair value of such stock options, Company has accepted such cross charge and recognised the same under the employee cost.





1,093.40

1,216.49

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

41. Other expenses

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Advertisement and business promotion	8.74	4.52
Auditors' remuneration (refer note 41.A)	16.45	21.06
Commission and brokerage	4.08	16.59
Communication expenses	27.07	23.93
Computer expenses	236.60	218.84
Miscellaneous expenses	69.53	44.88
Contribution towards Corporate Social responsibility	5.72	7.60
Directors' sitting fees	3.86	2.26
Dematerialisation charges	2.30	15.00
Electricity charges	41.14	9.92
Insurance	2.44	9.57
Legal and professional fees	679.29	691.16
License fees	_	11.14
Loan origination costs amortised	70.00	112.69
Loss / (Gain) on sale of property, plant and equipments (net)	8.48	-
Office expenses	95.33	90.06
Rates and taxes	216.17	85.55
Rent	5.57	80.26
Repairs and maintenance	14.17	10.39
Stamp duty	20.97	13.98
Security transaction tax	5.07	3.95
Transportation and Freight Expenses	42.70	36.41
Warehousing charges	0.42	55.00
Total	1,576.10	1,564.76

41.A Auditors' remuneration:

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Audit fees	13.57	9.91
Tax Audit	_	0.04
Limited Review	1.65	7.00
Certification	1.02	3.99
Reimbursement of expenses	0.21	0.12
Total	16.45	21.06





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

42 Income tax

The components of income tax expense recognised in profit or loss for the years ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 are:

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Current tax	84.58	105.79
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of prior years	5.53	(11.87)
Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	413.84	(3.66)
Deferred tax relating to unused tax losses and unused tax credits (including write-downs) (net)	-	(168.77)
Total tax expense	503.95	(78.51)
Total current tax	90.11	93.92
Total deferred tax	413.84	(172.43)

42.1 Reconciliation of the total tax expense

The tax expense shown in the statement of profit and loss differs from the tax expense that would apply if all profits had been charged at India corporate tax rate. A reconciliation between the tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for the years ended, as follows:

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Profit / (Loss) before tax	(1,386.52)	(1,032.28)
Tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
Income tax expense calculated based on above tax rate	(348.96)	(259.80)
Adjustment in respect of income tax of prior years	5.53	(11.87)
Write down / reversal of write down of deferred tax assets on unused tax credits and unused tax	215.46	(74.47)
losses (net)	213,40	(/4.4/)
Effect of non-recognition of deferred tax asset on current-period losses	805.71	497.64
Effect of recognition of deferred tax asset on prior period losses - earlier not recognised	-	(168.77)
Different tax rates of subsidiaries	(171.49)	(80.22)
Others	(2.30)	18.98
Tax expense recognised in profit or loss	503.95	(78.51)





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

43. Components of deferred tax
43.1. The following table shows deferred tax recorded in the Balance sheet and changes recorded in the income tax expense:

31 March 2023	Opening deferred tax asset/(liability)	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI)	Recognised directly in equity	Others	Total Movement	Closing deferred tax asset/(liability)
Provision for expected credit losses	992.10	(264.17)	•	-	_	(264.17)	727.93
Unused tax losses / credits	1,569.33	241.27	•	-	-	241.27	1,810.60
Employee benefits obligations	13,28	(2.08)	0.66	•	-	(1.42)	11.86
Fair valuation of Financial Assets	(125.40)	(456.39)	-	•	0.16	(456.23)	(581.63)
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets	(546.94)	4.26	•	-	_	4.26	(542.68)
Adjustment of effective interest rate on Borrowings	(117.21)	68.91	•	-	-	68.91	(48.30)
Special Reserve u/s 36(1)(viii)	(101,02)	(5.64)	-	•	•	(5.64)	(106.66)
Total	1,684.14	(413.84)	0.66	•	0.16	(413.02)	1,271.12
	Opening	Recognised in	Recognised in other	Recognised	Others	Total Movement	Closing deferred
31 March 2022	deferred tax	profit or loss	comprehensive	directly in equity			tax
	asset/(liability)		income (OCI)				asset/(liability)
Provision for expected credit losses	1023.75	(31.65)	-	-	•	(31.65)	992.10
Unused tax losses / credits	1400.56	168.77	-	-	-	168.77	1,569.33
Employee benefits obligations	40.64	(37.21)	9.93	+	(80.0)	(27.36)	13.28
Fair valuation of Financial Assets	(92.98)	(32.41)	-	-	(0.01)	(32.42)	(125.40)
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets	(609.50)	62.62	-	-	(0.06)	- 62.56	(546.94)
Adjustment of effective interest rate on Borrowings	(161,84)	44.63	-	-	•	44.63	(117.21)
Special Reserve u/s 36(1)(viii)	(98 70)	(2 32)	-	*	-	(2 32)	(101 02)
Total	1501.93	172.43	9.93	_	(0.15)	182.21	1.684.14





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

- 43. Components of deferred tax (Continued)
- 43.2. Details of temporary differences where deferred tax assets have not been recognised in the balance sheet

As at March 31, 2023

Financial Year to which the	1,737,5 1,77 7,77	e temporary erences			Unused ta	x losses			
loss relates to	Amount	Expiry year -	Unabsorbed	Depreciation	Unabsorbed Lo			ss/ Short term al loss	Total
	Ainount	financial year	Amount	Expiry year - financial year		Expiry year - financial year	Amount	Expiry year - financial year	Amount
2015-16	-	-	0.12	No Expiry	-	-	222.29	2023-24	222.41
2016-17	-	_	0.82	No Expiry	-	-	72.25	2024-25	73.07
2017-18	-	_	0.71	No Expiry	-	-	74.50	2025-26	75.21
2018-19	-	-	0.73	No Expiry	-	-	27.06	2026-27	27.79
2019-20	1,693.36	Not Applicable	2.80	No Expiry	-	-	1,380.17	2027-28	1,382.97
2020-21	9,937.35	Not Applicable	1.73	No Expiry	936.18	2028-29	2,471.38	2028-29	3,409.29
2021-22	140.55	Not Applicable	153.90	No Expiry	-	-	1,789.86	2029-30	1,943.76
2022-23	856.00	Not Applicable	2.27	No Expiry	-		2,636.34	2030-31	2,638.61
Total	12,627.26		163.08		936.18	_	8,673.85		9,773.11

As at March 31, 2022

Financial Year to which the		e temporary erences			Unused ta	x losses			
loss relates to	Amount	Expiry year - financial year	Unabsorbed	Depreciation	Unabsorbed Lor los			s/ Short term al loss	Total
		_	Amount	Expiry year - financial year		Expiry year - financial year	Amount	Expiry year - financial year	Amount
2015-16	-	-	0.87	No Expiry	-	-	222.31	2023-24	223.18
2016-17	-	-	0.82	No Expiry	-	-	66.02	2024-25	66.84
2017-18	-	-	0.71	No Expiry	-	-	49.29	2025-26	50.00
2018-19	-	-	0.73	No Expiry	-	-	25.77	2026-27	26.50
2019-20	1,693.36	Not Applicable	2.80	No Expiry	-	-	1,382.26	2027-28	1,385.06
2020-21	9,937.35	Not Applicable	1.76	No Expiry	936.18	2028-29	2,468.99	2028-29	3,406.93
2021-22	140.55	Not Applicable	0.20	No Expiry	-	-	2,152.96	2029-30	2,153.16
Total	11,771.26		7.89		936.18		6,367.60		7,311.67

44. Earnings per Share (EPS)

In accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 33 – "Earnings Per Share" prescribed by Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2015, the computation of earnings per share is set out below:

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Profit /(loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	(2,015.10)	(1,395.79)
Weighted average number of shares		
- Number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	55,667,388	55,667,388
- Number of equity shares issued during the year	20,000,000	-
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	75,667,388	55,667,388
Total number of CCPS outstanding at the end of the year	16,500,000	16,500,000
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (based on the date of issue of shares)	72,386,566	72,167,388
Weighted average number of diluted equity shares outstanding during the year	72,386,566	72,167,388
Adjusted net profit for diluted EPS	(2,015.10)	(1,395.79)
Basic earnings per share (₹)	(27.84)	(19.34)
Diluted earnings per share (₹)	(27.84)	(19.34)





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

45. Segment information

Primary Segment (Business segment)

The Group's business is organised and management reviews the performance based on the business segments as mentioned below:

Segment	Activities covered
Capital based business	Capital intensive business includes Lending, investing and investment property
Financing business	Wholesale and retail financing
Treasury management	Interest income and trading in securities

Income for each segment has been specifically identified. Expenditure, assets and liabilities are either specifically identified with individual segments or have been allocated to segments on a systematic basis. Based on such allocations, segment disclosures relating to revenue, results, assets and liabilities have been prepared.

Secondary Segment

Since the business operations of the Group are primarily concentrated in India, the Group is considered to operate only in the domestic segment and therefore there is no reportable geographic segment

The following table gives information in terms of provisions of Accounting Standard on Segment Reporting (Ind AS 108)

Segment information	Particulars	Year End	ed
segment information	Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
I Segment Revenue*		2000	
	Capital based business	9,860.42	6,715.65
	Financing business		5,482,66
	Treasury management	99.21	662.77
	Unallocated	15.55	24.84
	Total Income	9,975.18	12,885.92
II Segment Results (Profit/(k	oss) before tax)		
	Capital based business	{1,127.61}	(1,856.94
	Financing business	_	542.24
	Treasury management	(379.07)	(104.15
	Unallocated	13.85	24.85
	Profit / (Loss) before taxation	(1,492.83)	(1,394.00
III Segment Assets			
	Capital based business	83,171.18	39,909.50
	Financing business	-	40,840.17
	Treasury management	678.17	3,890.48
	Unallocated	2,883.74	2,870.70
	Total assets	86,733.09	87,510.85
IV Segment Liabilities			
	Capital based business	82,725.62	49,043.30
	Financing business	_	31,792.22
	Treasury management	156.96	3,473.08
	Unallocated	69.60	-
	Total liabilities	82,952.18	84,308.60

^{*}Segment revenue includes share in profit/(loss) in associates.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

46. Transfer of financial assets

The following tables provide a summary of financial assets that have been transferred in such a way that part or all of the transferred financial assets do not qualify for derecognition, together with the associated liabilities

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Securitisations		
Carrying amount of transferred assets (held as Collateral)	11,144.33	7,862.64
Carrying amount of associated liabilities	10,832.69	7,804.87
Fair value of assets	11,406.76	8,481.31
Fair value of associated liabilities	10,832.69	7,804.87
Net position at fair value	574.07	676.44





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

47. Disclosure of interest in other entities

 $\boldsymbol{1}$ Details of non wholly subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests.

	Place of incorporation and principal	ownership	Proportion of ownership interests held by	Profit/ (loss) allocated to r interests	on- controlling
Name of subsidiary	place of by non- business controlling interests - Mar 2023	non-controlling interests - Mar 2022	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	
Allium Finance Private Limited	India	26.24%	29.03%	10.29	73.41
Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)(NHFL)	Indía	5.00%	5.00%	8.15	6.91

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intra-group eliminations.

Allium Finance Private Limited	As at	As at
Andri Thance Fivate Limited	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Financial assets	1,305.26	1,255.86
Non-financial assets	6.08	17.72
Financial liabilities	0.36	0.53
Non-financial liabilities	2.63	1.42
Equity attributable to owners of the company	965.03	902,48
Non-controlling interest	343.31	369.15
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Revenue from operations	58.35	343.57
Total income	58.37	343.57
Total expenses	(4.47)	3.13
Profit / (loss) before tax	62.84	340.44
Tax expense	26.14	87.60
Profit / (loss) for the year	36.70	252.84
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	36.70	252.86
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	26.41	179.45
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable non-controlling interests	10.29	73,41
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities	(18.38)	912.96
Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities	20.52	(913.33)
Cash flows (used) / generated from financing activities	*	-
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	2.14	(0.37)
Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance	As at	As at
Limited)(NHFL)	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Financial assets	37,319.47	39,213.42
Non-financial assets	542.91	353.17
Financial liabilities	29,763.68	31,626.27
Non-financial liabilities	154.02	164.00
Equity attributable to owners of the company	7,547.45	7,387.50
Non-controlling interest	397.23	388.82





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

47. Disclosure of interest in other entities (Continued)

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
1 di titoloi 2	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Revenue from operations	4,414.62	5,120.16
Total income	4,446.85	5,139.10
Total expenses	4,238.78	4,937.28
Profit / (loss) before tax	208.07	201.82
Tax expense	47.44	63.75
Profit / (loss) for the year	160.63	138.07
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	162.99	138.16
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the parent	154.84	131.25
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable non-controlling interests	8.15	6.91
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities	(533.63)	2,772.62
Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities	(49.18)	(17.47
Cash flows (used) / generated from financial activities	(1,343.37)	(9,281.40)
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	(1,926.18)	(6,526.25
Details of associate		
ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	- As at	As at
Ecap Equites conited from Ethy Eder Land Limited)	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Financial assets	52,118.86	41,300.39
Non-financial assets	4,161.61	3,932.42
Financial liabilities	45,667.70	38,218.47
Non-financial liabilities	291.97	190.22
Total equity	10,320.80	6,824.12
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Revenue from operations	12,705.30	12,073.93
Total income	12,736.92	12,143.74
Total expenses	13,174.95	12,944.84
Profit / (loss) before tax	(438.03)	(801.10
Other exceptional items	-	÷
Profit / (loss) before tax and after exceptional items	(438.03)	(801.11
Tax expense	(285.31)	311.42
Profit / (loss) for the year	(152.72)	(1,112.52
Total comprehensive income / (loss)	(151.46)	(1,112.60
Share in profit / (loss) of associates	(106.31)	(361.72
Share in profit / (loss) of associates in other comprehensive income		
Cash flows (used) / generated from operating activities	(621.29)	9,449.52
Cash flows (used) / generated from investing activities	(2,654.57)	2,206.85
Cash flows (used) / generated from financial activities	4,695.01	(12,311.86
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	1,419,15	(655.49





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

48. Retirement benefit plan

a) Defined contribution plan - Provident funds and National Pension Scheme

Amount of ₹ 48.04 million (Previous year: ₹ 46.75 million) is recognised as expenses and included in "Employee benefit expense" in the statement of profit and loss

b) Defined benefit plan - Gratuity

The following tables summaries the components of the net benefit expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss and the funded and unfunded status and amount recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity benefit plan.

i. Movement in defined benefit liability

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for defined benefit liability and its components:

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Opening Balance	74.16	88.39
Current service cost	12.26	10.96
Interest cost	4.27	4.07
	90.69	103.42
	70.03	100.12
Other comprehensive Income		****
Experience	1.42	2.46
Financial assumptions	(4.72)	(0.70)
Demographic assumptions	(1.14)	1.65
	(4.44)	3.41
Others		
Transfer In/ (Out)	(1.79)	(7.05)
Benefits paid	(12.83)	(25.62)
Closing Balance	71.63	74.16
ii) Components of defined benefit plan cost:		
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Recognised in Statement of profit or loss		
Current service cost	12.26	10.96
Interest cost	-	(0.30)
Net Interest on net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	0.35	-
Net Actuarial (gain)/loss recognized in the year	. #	-
Total	12.61	10.66
iii) Reconciliation of Fair Value of Plan Assets		
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Fair Value of Plan Assets at start of the year	108.56	100.82
Contributions by Employer	12.83	25.62
Benefits Paid	(12.83)	(25.62)
Interest Income on Plan Assets	6.39	5.03
Return on plan assets excluding amount included in net interest on the net defined benefit	(2.67)	2.71
liability/(asset)	•	
Fair Value of Plan Assets at end of the year	112.28	108.56
Actual Return on Plan Assets	3.72	7.74





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

48. Defined benefit plan (continued)

b) Defined benefit plan - Gratuity (continued)

iv) Net Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Present Value of DBO	71.63	74.16
Fair Value of Plan Assets	112.29	108.56
Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet	(40.66)	(34.40)
Funded Status [Surplus/(Deficit)]	40.66	34.40
Amount not recognized as asset [Effect of limiting net assets to asset ceiling]	47.34	41.84
Net Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet	27.27	7.44
Of which, Short term Liability	10.35	5.82
Experience Adjustment on Plan Liabilities: (Gain)/Loss	1.42	2.46
v) Percentage Break-down of Total Plan Assets		
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Particulars Investment Funds with Insurance Company	96.66%	96.56%
Particulars		96.56%
Particulars Investment Funds with Insurance Company	96.66%	96.56% 93 17%
Particulars Investment Funds with Insurance Company Of which, Unit Linked	96.66% 93.11%	2021-22 96.56% 93 17% 3.45% 3.44%
Particulars Investment Funds with Insurance Company Of which, Unit Linked Of which, Traditional/ Non-Unit Linked	96.66% 93.11% 3.55%	96.56% 93.17% 3.45% 3.44%
Particulars Investment Funds with Insurance Company Of which, Unit Linked Of which, Traditional/ Non-Unit Linked Cash and cash equivalents	96.66% 93.11% 3.55% 3.34%	96.56% 93 17% 3.45%

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Balance at start of year (Loss)/ Gain	(34.22)	(5.29)
a. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in demographic assumptions	1.14	(3.41)
b. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in financial assumptions	4.72	2.46
c. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from experience over the past year	(1.42)	(2.46)
Return on Plan assets, excluding amount included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	(2.67)	2.71
Changes in the effect of limiting a net defined benefit asset to the asset ceiling excluding amount included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	(3.03)	(28.23)
Balance at end of year (Loss)/ Gain	(35.48)	(34.22)

Actuarial assumptions:		
The following were the principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date:	2022-23	2021-22
Discount Rate	5.90%	5.90%
Salary Growth Rate	7.00%	7.00%
Withdrawal/Attrition Rate (based on categories)	16.00%	16.00%
Mortality Rate	IALM 2012-14	IALM 2012-14
	(Hitimata)	(Hitimate)

Sensitivity analysis:

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

Particulars	As at Marc	As at March 31, 2023		
	increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Salary Growth Rate (+/- 1%)	ry Growth Rate (+/- 1%) 2.62 (2.54)		3.82	(3.51
Discount Rate (+/- 1%)	(2.51)	2.65	(3.52)	3.90

c) Compensated absences :

The Company provides for accumulated compensated absences as at the balance sheet date using projected unit credit method based on actuarial valuation.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

49. Maturity Analysis of assets and liabilities

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled. With regard to loans and advances to customers, the Group uses the same basis of expected repayment behaviour as used for estimating the EIR.

	As a	at March 31, 202	3	As a	at March 31, 2022	2	
Particulars	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	
ASSETS			 				
Financial Assets	The second second						
Cash and cash equivalents	1,289.22	*	1,289.22	3,080.78	_	3,080.78	
Bank balances other than cash and cash	2,031.09	427.86	2,458.95	3,136.71	20.61	3,157.32	
equivalents				,		-,	
Derivative financial instruments		-	_	17.16	-	17.16	
Securities held for trading	2,138.72	-	2,138.72	1,616.89	612.84	2,229.73	
Trade receivables	391.88		391.88	220.75	-	220.75	
Loans	16,191.08	25,496.09	41,687.17	5,586.56	36,276.99	41,863.55	
Investments	6,934.07	20,901,41	27,835.48	4,547 3?	71,781 10	75,828.42	
Other financial assets	424.36	1,005.21	1,429.57	438.64	317.65	756.29	
Total financial assets (A)	29,400.42	47,830.57	77,230.99	18,644.81	58,509.19	77,154.00	
Non-financial assets							
Current tax assets (net)	9.71	2,222.42	2,232.13	320.52	1,699.87	2 020 20	
Deferred tax assets (net)	3.71	1,314.71	1,314.71	0.20	1,755.75	2,020.39	
Investment Property			3,032.59	0.20	3,539.01	1,755.95	
Property, Plant and Equipment		3,032.59 2,218.98	2,218.98	0.05		3,539.01	
Intangible assets under development		12.40	12.40	0.05	2,429.86 17.35	2,429.91	
Goodwill		146.82	146.82		146.82	17.35 146.82	
Other Intangible assets	-	66.32	66.32	-	140.82		
Other non- financial assets	352.71	125.44	478.15	431.70	1.68	14.04	
Total non-financial assets (B)	362.42	9,139.68	9,502.10	752.47	9,604.38	433.38	
TOTAL ASSETS (C = A+B)	29,762.84	56,970.25	86,733.09	19,397.28	68,113.57	10,356.85 87,510.85	
	20,702.04	30,370.23	60,733.03	15,557.20	00,113.37	67,510.65	
LIABILITIES		-					
Financial Liabilities	13.1						
Derivative financial instruments		-		29.17	-	29.17	
Trade payables	401.88	-	401.88	330.77	•	330.77	
Debt securities	9,967.50	30,099.79	40,067.29	18,315.94	14,390.52	32,706.46	
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	5,131.20	23,619.24	28,750.44	7,852.80	30,565.99	38,418.79	
Subordinated Liabilities	420.13	650.00	1,070.13	19.75	2,856.44	2,876.19	
Other financial liabilities	3,290.13	9,101.34	12,391.47	2,516.11	7,164.86	9,680.97	
Total financial liabilities (D)	19,210.84	63,470.37	82,681.21	29,064.54	54,977.81	84,042.35	
Non-financial liabilities							
Current tax liabilities (net)	15.29	18.15	33.44	7.08	18.15	25.23	
Provisions	51.54	6.88	58.42	45.66	6.59	52.25	
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	31.34	43.59	43.59	45.00	71.81	71.81	
Other non-financial liabilities	133.75	1.77	135.52	115.14	1.82	116.96	
Total non-financial liabilities (E)	200.58	70.39	270.97	167.87	98.37		
TOTAL LIABILITIES (F = D+E)	19,411.42	63,540.76	82,952.18	29,232.41	55,076.18	266.25 84,308.60	
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
NET TOTAL ASSETS / (LIABILITIES) (C-F)	10,351.42	(6,570.51)	3,780.91	(9,835.13)	13,037.39	3,202.25	





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

50. Change in liabilities arising from financing activities

Particulars	As at April 1, 2022	Cash Flows	Changes in Fair value	Others (net)**	As at March 31, 2023
Borrowings*	74,001.44	(4,113.58)	-	-	69,887.86
Total liabilities from financing activities	74,001.44	(4,113.58)	<u> </u>	-	69,887.86
Particulars	As at April 1, 2021	Cash Flows	Changes in Fair value	Others (net)**	As at March 31, 2022
Borrowings*	102,536.15	(27,192.09)		(1,342.62)	74,001.44
Total liabilities from financing activities	102,536.15	(27,192.09)	-	(1,342.62)	74,001.44

^{*}Comprises of Debt securities, Subordinated Liabilities and other borrowings.





^{**} Refers to interest expense for the year incurred by entities other than non-banking financial companies in the group.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

51. Contingent liabilities, commitments and leasing arrangements:

51.1 Contingent liabilities and commitments

a. Contingent Liability

The Group has received demand notices from tax authorities on account of disallowance of expenditure for earning exempt income under Section 14A of Income Tax Act 1961 read with Rule 8D of the Income Tax Rules, 1962. The Group has filed appeal/s and is defending its position. Based on the favourable outcome in Appellate proceedings in the past and as advised by the tax advisors, Group is reasonably certain about sustaining its position in the pending cases, hence the possibility of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits on this ground is remote.

Note - The Group's pending litigations mainly comprise of claims against the Group pertaining to proceedings pending with Income Tax, Excise, Custom, Sales/VAT tax / GST and other authorities. The Group has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in the financial statements. The Group believes that the outcome of these proceedings will not have a materially adverse effect on the Group financial position and results of operations.

Details of contingent liability

Particulars	As at	As at
Fai (iculai 5	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Taxation matters	372.03	533.40
Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debt	-	2.54
Litigation pending against company	177.90	177.90

b. Commitment

To meet the financial needs of customers, the Group enters into various irrevocable commitments, which primarily consist of undrawn commitment to lend.

Details of commitment

Particulars	. As at	As at	
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of			
advances) and not provided for	1.95	146.52	
Undrawn committed credit lines subject to meeting conditions	1,735.92	1,021.91	
Uncalled commitments on investments in AIF/ Venture Fund	384.95	4,743.14	
Guarantee to trustees of non convertible debenture holders	3,290.60	2,304.08	
Corporate guarantee	2,204.35	281.58	
Bank Guarantee	319.23	319.23	

During the year ended 31 March 2023, certain assets amounting to \mathbb{T} Nil million (Previous year: \mathbb{T} 1,284.40 million) were sold to alternative assets funds by the fellow subsidiary NBFCs. The Group has, vide a put agreement dated 31 July 2021, has guaranteed / undertaken to purchase these financial assets amounting to \mathbb{T} 1,284.40 million on occurrence of certain trigger event as per the agreement





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

51 Contingent liabilities, commitments and leasing arrangements: (Continued)

51.2 Leases

1) This note provides information for leases where the Group is a lessee. Group has not given any property on lease.

Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities and the	As at	As at	
movements	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Balance as at April 1	142.39	139.95	
Addition / disposal during year	31.15	35.84	
Interest on lease liabilities	12.58	13.19	
Lease pre-closure (Net)	(14.45)	(9.71)	
Payments during the year/Repayment of lease obligation	(37.43)	(36.88)	
Balance as at March 31	134.24	142.39	

2) Amounts recognised in profit or loss:

D. Windows	As at	As at	
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Depreciation/Amortization expense of right-of-use assets	30.97	30.60	
Interest expense on lease liabilities	12.58	13.19	
Reversal of lease pre-closure	(6.74)	(4.40)	
Total	36.81	39.39	





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 - "Related Party Disclosure":

List of related parties and relationship:

Holding Company

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited

Fellow subsidiaries with whom the transactions have taken place

ECL Finance Limited

Edel Investments Limited

Edelcap Securities Limited

EdelGive Foundation

Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited

Edelweiss Asset Management Limited

Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Edelweiss Gallagher Insurance Brokers Limited (upto 17 October 2021)

ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)

Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited

Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited

Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited

Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited

India Credit Investment Fund II

Edelweiss Capital Services Limited

Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited

Edelweiss Trusteeship Company Limited

Lichen Metals Private Limited (upto 30 March 2021)

Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund

ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known as ECap Equities Limited)

Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP

Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP

EC Global Limited (upto 01 September 2020)

Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte. Limited

Edelweiss Capital (Singapore) Pte. Limited (upto 23 December 2020)

Sekura India Management Limited

Associates with whom transactions have taken place

Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) (w.e.f. 27 March 2021) - Associate of

Holding Company

ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)

Subsidiaries of Edelweiss Securities Limited with whom transactions have taken place

Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)

Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)

Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited)

Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as ESL Securities Limited)

Edelweiss Securities (IFSC) Limited

ARC Trusts with whom transactions have taken place

EARC Trust SC 378

EARC Trust SC 417

EARC Trust SC 418

EARC Trust SC 447

EARC Trust SC 451 EARC Trust SC 459

EARC Trust SC 374

EARC Trust SC 401

Key Management Personnel (KMP)

5. Ranganathan - Non- executive director

Vidya Shah (from May 28, 2021) - Non- executive director

Sarju Simaria (from May 28, 2021 till February 25, 2022) - Non- executive director

Sunii Pharterpekar - Independent Director

Bharat Bakshi (till April 9, 2021) - Independent Director

Vinod Juneja - Independent Director

Atul Ambavat - Independent Director

Rayindra Dhobale (from April 1, 2021 till May 31,2021) - Chief Financial Officer

Sunil Nagrani (from June 1, 2021 till February 11, 2022) - Chief Financial Officer

Ananya Suneia (from March 21, 2022) - Chief Financial Officer

Sujit Kumar Pandey (till May 24, 2021)- Manager

Ananthkrishanan S (till August 10, 2021) - Company Secretary

Tarun Khurana (from November 25, 2021) - Company Secretary





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian supees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 – "Related Party Disclosure": (Continued)

. Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Transactions with related parties: 1 Amount paid to broker for cash segment	Edel Investments Limited		148.
2 7 Allouding part to Broker for Castrosegment	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	-	237.9
2 Redemption of Preference Share issued	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	10.00	-
3 Amount received from broker for cash segment	Edel Investments timited	······································	168.8
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	*	333.8
4 Business support service charges from	ECL Finance Limited	68.31	72,
	Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	5,45 13.96	1.
	Edelcap Securities Limited	65.44	17. 56.
	EdelGive Foundation	8.15	5.
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	6.17	3.
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	4.89	3.
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	35.09 3,52	28,
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited	5.52	٤,
	Edelweiss Capital Services Limited		0.
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	0.14	0.
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited	0.71	0.
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.71 46.76	43.
	Edelweiss Gallagher Insurance Brokers Limited		10
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as	53 88	43
	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)		
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	0.07	0.
	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	7.89 0.90	6. 0.
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	44,79	43.
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	244.00	2,68.
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	72.62	68.
	Edelweiss Trusteeship Company Limited	0.01	0.
	Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as ESL Securities Limited)	0.03	0.
	Sekura India Management Limited	0.50	
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known as ECap Equities Limited)	0.00	•
5 Investments in funds sold to	ECt, Finance Limited	513.98	
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1,671.49	
6 Buyback / redemption- benchmark linked debentures	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	3,554.02	4,318
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited)	18.84	•
7 Iccus of handymark linked debentures	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	1,700.00	
7 Issue of benchmark linked debentures	Edel Investments Limited	700.00	
	Edelcap Securities Limited	970.00	
8 Redemption/Sale of investment in benchmark linked	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	3,810.32	
debentures			
9 Purchase of perpetual bond from	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	492.28	
10 Clearing charges paid to	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	2.86	0
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	0.00	
11 Commission and sub-brokerage paid to	Edel Investments Limited	1.88	0
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	7.08	3
	Management Street Stree		0
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	97.40	
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2.50	
12 Corporate guarantee fee received from	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
12 Corporate guarantee fee received from	as Edelweiss Broking Umited) Edelweiss Financial Services Umited	2.50	0
12 Corporate guarantee fee received from	as Edelweiss Broking Umited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ECL Finance Umited	2.50 0.02	0
	as Edelweiss Broking Umited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.02 0.00 0.09	0
12 Corporate guarantee fee received from 13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to	as Edelweiss Broking Umited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	0.02 0.00 0.09	0
	as Edelweiss Broking Umited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.02 0.00 0.09	0
	as Edelweiss Broking Umited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	0.02 0.00 0.09	0
13 Corporate guarantee support fee paid to	as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.02 0.00 0.09 0.10 0.90	0. 0. 1.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 – "Related Party Disclosure": (Continued)

	- Promis		
15 Remuneration to Key Management Personnel (Refer note 1)	Ananthkrishanan S	-	0.
	Sujit Kumar Pandey		0.
	Sunil Nagrani	•	7.
	Ravindra Dhobale		1.
16 Donation paid to	EdelGive Foundation	5.72	10.
17 Enterprise service charges paid to	ECL Finance Limited		20.
18 ESOP and SAR cost reimbursement	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	3.55	4.
19 Fair value/ Interest income on securities	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	-	4.
	Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund	-	283
	India Credit Investment Fund II	•	64.
	ECL Finance Limited	81.64	74.
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	110.17	103.
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	2.71	•
	Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	0.44 478.05	166.
	Ecap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited	478.05 76.35	400. 74.
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	70.33	13
~~~	ECL Finance Limited	28.13	
	Edel Investments Limited	28.13 62,52	79
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	32.05	281.
	Edelcap Securities Limited	35.14	47.
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2,655.91	2,142.
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	145.97	193.
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	-	0.
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited ( formerly known	31.27	228.
	as ECap Equities Limited)		305
	ECL Finance Limited	52.50	265
	Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	384.36	10 1,391
	Edelcap Securities Limited	30.37	1,331.
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	33.66	7.
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	*	43.
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	47.14	111.
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	2,25	24.
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	287.93 11.36	87. 16.
25 Interest expense on Non convertible Debentures	ECL Finance Limited	17.58	8.
LE TRACES CANADA CONTROL D'COCHIGES	Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited	0.16	0.
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	11.38	0.
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	5.01	2.
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as	0.82	
	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)		
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	127.38	
26 Interest income on debentures (CCD)	ECL Finance Limited	143.47	239
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	52.34	25
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1.62	1
27 Interest expense on Securitisation	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)	-	0.
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	-	0
28 Interest expense on subordinate debt	ECL Finance Limited	6.16	6.
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	7,70	7
			58
29 Interest expenses on Security deposit	ECL Finance Limited		
	ECL Finance Limited		
	ECL Finance Limited  ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		
29 Interest expenses on Security deposit  30 Interest income on investment in debt securities held for		192.06	3
29 Interest expenses on Security deposit  30 Interest income on investment in debt securities held for	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	*	160
29 Interest expenses on Security deposit  30 Interest income on investment in debt securities held for trading	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)  Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	*	3 160 0
29 Interest expenses on Security deposit  30 Interest income on investment in debt securities held for trading  31 Interest income on margin from  32 Interest income on Nifty Linked Debentures	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)  Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	192.06	3 160 0
29 Interest expenses on Security deposit  30 Interest income on investment in debt securities held for trading  31 Interest income on margin from	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)  Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)  ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	192.06 192.06 269.59	3. 160. 0. 838.
29 Interest expenses on Security deposit  30 Interest income on investment in debt securities held for trading  31 Interest income on margin from  32 Interest income on Nifty Linked Debentures	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)  Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)  ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)  Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	269.59 	3. 160. 0. 838.
29 Interest expenses on Security deposit  30 Interest income on investment in debt securities held for trading  31 Interest income on margin from  32 Interest income on Nifty Linked Debentures	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)  Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)  ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	192.06 192.06 269.59	3. 160. 0. 838.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 – "Related Party Disclosure": {Continued}

No. Nature of Transact	ion	Related Party Name	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited		1,302.00
35 Investment in Secur	rity Receipts issued by at book Value	EARC Trust SC 417		365.93
	The second secon	EARC Trust SC 418		273.19
		EARC Trust SC 447	·//-	566.27
		EARC Trust SC 451		294.44
		EARC Trust SC 459		137.10
36 Investment manage	ement support service from	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited	8.20	1.69
37 Investments in deb	entures(Including CCD)	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		5,000.00
38 Investments in other	er .	Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund		5.83
		Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund		10.09
		India Credit Investment Fund II	2,172.71	238.33
39 Investments purcha	ased from	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		68.63
40 Investments sold to	3	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	0.10
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	495.28	1,451.97
41 Issue of Non-Conve	ertible Debentures to	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	1,640.00	
		ECL Finance Limited	220.00	•
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	140.00	
42 Issue of equity shar	es to (including securities premium)	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2,000.00	•
43 Legal and professio	nal fees paid to	ECt Finance Limited	-	0.5
		Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited		0.0
44 Loan purchased fro	m	ECL Finance Limited	1,998.46	1,005.7
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	*	1,589.2
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	282.8
45 Loans given repaid	hv	ECL Finance Limited	4,820.00	18,507.8
45 LOSIIS RIVERTIEDAIG	LY.	Edel Investments Limited	4,620.00	5,609.5
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	16,074.70	107,970.1
		Edelcap Securities Limited	1,428.58	784.4
*****		Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	330.00	1.1
		Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known		2,200.0
		as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		2,200
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	225.88	2,100.0
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1,750.00	8,240.0
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	6,882.76	3,489.1
		Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	1,000.00	900.0
		as Edelweiss Broking Limited) ECap Securities And Investments Limited (formerly known	1,800.00	-
		as ECap Equities Limited)		······································
46 Loans given repaid	by (Max of debit/ credit)	ECL Finance Limited	·	2,000.0
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		7,002.9
		Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	-	2,200.0
		as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	*	700.0
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		2,500.0
47 Loans given to		ECL Finance Limited	4,040.00	18,287.
		Edel Investments Limited		5,609.5
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	15,442.67	104,232.
		Edelcap Securities Limited	3,622.13	784.4
		Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	220.00	330.6
		Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	•	2,200.0
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	842.15	1,125.0
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1,750.00	8,240.0
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	778.50	5,259.
		Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	1,000.00	900.0
		ECap Securities And Investments Limited ( formerly known	5,171.27	•
		as ECap Equities Limited)		
		ECL Finance Limited	1,590.00	
48 Loans repaid to				14,762.
48 Loans repaid to		Edel Investments Limited	2,551.40	
48 Loans repaid to		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	6,185.86	16,528.0
48 Loans repaid to		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited	6,185.86 2,024.26	16,528.0 4,019.1
48 Loans repaid to		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	6,185.86 2,024.26 26,320.11	16,528.0 4,019.3 31,859.4
48 Loans repaid to		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	6,185.86 2,024.26 26,320.11 3,720.00	16,528.0 4,019.2 31,859.4 8,310.0
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	6,185.86 2,024.26 26,320.11	16,528.6 4,019.3 31,859.4 8,310.6 0.4
48 Loans repaid to 48 Loans sold to		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited Edelewies Financial Services Limited Edelewies Financial Services Limited Edelewies Retail Finance Limited Edelewies Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelewies Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	6,185.86 2,024.26 26,320.11 3,720.00	16,528.6 4,019.2 31,859.4 8,310.0 0.4
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	6,185.86 2,024.26 26,320.11 3,720.00	16,528.0 4,019.2 31,859.4 8,310.0 0.4 1,925.7





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

#### 52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 – "Related Party Disclosure": {Continued}

o. Natur	e of Transaction	Related Party Name	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
50 Loans	Laken from	ECL Finance Umited	1,590.00	
		Edel Investments Limited	1,866.40	15,308.8
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	7,533.35	29,820.8
		Edelcap Securities Limited	1,079.80	4,963.7
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	26,010.60	44,946.9
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	250.00	11,780.0
S1 Mana	gement and Advisory Fees paid to	ECL Finance Limited	360.72	326.6
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	13.92	15.4
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	19.40	76.
57 Mana	gement and Advisory fees received from	ECI Ciana Linia d	20.22	
32 Widild	Servent and Advisor A 1662 Leceived Ivolu	ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	28.22 2.97	17.5 4.3
53 B				
53 Princi	pal Repayment from fund	India Credit Investment Fund II	779.63	-
54 Margi	n placed with broker	Edel Investments Limited		113.0
		Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	•	80.
		Edelweiss Securities Limited)		
55 Margi	n withdrawn from broker	Edel Investments Limited		113.
		Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	-	86.
		Edelweiss Securities Limited)		
56 Margi	n repoid to clearing house	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	*	0.
		Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)		
5/ Margi	ris placed with	Edel Investments Limited	24.18	₹.
		Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	1,721.28	1,452.
		Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)		
EQ Margi	ns withdrawn	Edol (avostuse) 1: Ned	24.23	- 17
JO INIGIE	H3 WILDIG BWI	Edel Investments Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	24.22 1.726.87	1,449
		Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	1,720.07	1,445.
			·	
59 Other	financial cost paid to	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	3.83	23.
		as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		
		Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as	5.70	
		ESL Securities Limited)		
60 Profit	on trading of derivatives	Edel Investments Limited	42.03	-
£1 €-1				
PT 2916 0	f equity shares	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	578.18	846.
62 Purch	ase of equity shares	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	4,031,50	2,668
63 Purch	ase of Property, Plant & Equipment	ECL Finance Limited	0.12	0.
	and a supplication	Edel Investments Limited	0.14	
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	0.14	0.
		Edelcap Securities Limited	0.28	0.
		EdelGive Foundation		0
				0
		Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	•	U
		Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited		
				1
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.35	0
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.15	0 0
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.15 0.00	0 0
64 Sale 0	f Proparty Plant & Engineers	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	0.00	0 0 0
64 Sale o	f Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited	0.00	0 0 0
64 Sale o	of Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvarna Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited	0.00	0 0 0
64 Sale o	f Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited	0.00	0 0 0 1 0 0
64 Sale o	f Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited	0.00	1 0 0
64 Sale o	f Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited Edelcap Securities Limited EdelGive Foundation	0.00	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
64 Sale o	f Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelsop Securities Limited Edelsop Securities Limited Edelsop Securities Limited Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	0.00 0.00 - - - - 0.01	1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0
64 Sale o	f Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited Edelcap Securities Limited EdelGive Foundation	0.00	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0
64 Sale o	of Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited Edelkeis Securities Limited Edelweiss Atternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Atset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	0.00	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
64 Sale o	of Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited EdelGive Foundation Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	0.00	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
64 Sale o	f Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited Edelsive Foundation Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	0.00	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
64 Sale o	f Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited Edelcap Securities Limited Edelcap Securities Limited Edelcap Foundation Edelweiss Asternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Asternative Asset Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	0.00 0.00 	0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
64 Sale o	f Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelkap Securities Limited Edelkeise Foundation Edelweiss Asternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited	0.00	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
64 Sale o	of Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited EdelGive Foundation Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.00	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
64 Sale o	of Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited ECL Finance Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelkap Securities Limited Edelkeise Foundation Edelweiss Asternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited	0.00 0.00 	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
64 Sale o	f Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited Edelcap Securities Limited Edelcap Securities Limited Edelweiss Asternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited Edelweiss Finance & Services Limited	0.00 0.00 	0.000000000000000000000000000000000000
64 Sale o	of Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvarna Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited Edel Investments Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edels of Edels (Edels) Edels (Edels) Edels (Edels) Edels (Edels) Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Asternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Asternative Asset Invited (formerly known as Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvarna Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Nuvarna Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Gallagher Insurance Brokers Limited ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as	0.00 0.00 	1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
64 Sale o	of Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvarna Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edels Tourities Limited Edelsive Foundation Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Gallagher Insurance Brokers Limited Edelweiss General Insurance United (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)	0.00  0.00  0.00  0.00  0.01  0.01  0.01  0.01	0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
64 Sale o	of Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited Edel Investments Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited Edelcap Securities Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Financial Edelcap (formerly known as Edelweiss Froking Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Financial Fortices Limited Edelweiss Financial Fortices Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Company Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.00	0.000000000000000000000000000000000000
64 Sale o	of Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited Edelcap Securities Limited Edelcap Securities Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Proking Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Financial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Financial Finance Edelweis Edelweis General Insurance Empany Limited Edelweiss General Insurance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	0.00	0.000000000000000000000000000000000000
64 Sale o	of Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelay Securities Limited Edelay Securities Limited Edelay Foundation Edelweiss Asternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Asternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited Edelweiss Finance Services Limited Edelweiss Gallagher Insurance Brokers Limited Edelweiss Gallagher Insurance Brokers Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Setail Finance Limited) Edelweiss Setail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	0.00	0.000000000000000000000000000000000000
64 Sale o	of Property, Plant & Equipment	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)  ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited Edel Investments Limited ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited Edelcap Securities Limited Edelcap Securities Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Proking Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Financial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Financial Finance Edelweis Edelweis General Insurance Empany Limited Edelweiss General Insurance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	0.00  0.00 0.01	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

#### 52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 ~ "Related Party Disclosure": (Continued)

lo. Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
65 Purchase of securities	ECL Finance Limited		2,297.
	Edel Investments Limited		314
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	157.00	3,961.0
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as	53.35	0.
	ESL Securities Limited)	33.23	-
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	252.06	
		·	
66 Sale of Securities	ECL Finance Limited	1,889.04	
	Edel Investments Limited	-	3,890.
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		312.
	Edelcap Securities Limited	450.76	
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	-	115.
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	·	
52 D-11 - C C 1	PALE CONTRACTOR		
67 Rating Support Fees Income	ECL Finance Limited  ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	*	0
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited		0
V	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known		0
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		·
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	-	0
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)		·
	Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited		0.
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	0
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	0
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	•	0
	Edelweiss Securities Limited)		
68 Redemption - Debentures/bonds held in	ECL Finance Limited		1,200
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	1,076.63	7,894
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	352.89	191
69 Redemption of debentures held by	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	4,440.10	
	Edelcap Securities Limited	355.56	
. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	8.30	
70 Reimbursement paid to	CO Cinesa Limited	47.75	
70 Reliable sement paid to	ECL Finance Limited  ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	46.75	104
	Edelcap Securities Limited  Edelcap Securities Limited	21.55	0
	Edelical Securities Entitled  Edeliweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	3.01 13.92	11
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	18.00	
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	10.00	U
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	+	0
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)		
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1.85	9
	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited	-	0
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	2.87	0
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	16.50	1
	Edelweiss Securities Limited)		
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as	0.08	
	Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited)		
	Edel Investments Limited	1.67	
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.25	
71 Reimbursement received from	ECL Finance Limited	1.30	2
	Edel Investments timited	2.05	1
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	0.41	
	EdelCap Securities Limited	1.14	4
	EdelGive Foundation Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	0.05	
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	2.85	1
	Edelweiss Asset Management Elimited  Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	0.80	1
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	2.67 0.05	1
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	0.00	4
	Edelweiss Capital Services Limited	-	
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	9.84	5
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	'	-
	Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited	0.01	
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.91	90
	Edelweiss Gallagher Insurance Brokers Limited	-	
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as	2.27	٥
	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)		
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	-	0
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.00	
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	4.81	12
	Edelweiss Securities Limited)		
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited		4
	Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as	0.01	0
	ESL Securities Limited)		
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	0.00	





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

# 52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 – "Related Party Disclosure": (Continued)

	Related Party Name	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
72 Rental income from	ECL Finance Limited	12.04	11.7
	Edel Investments Limited  ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	18.72 4.42	25.2
	Edelcap Securities Limited	20.83	2.2 14.0
	EdelGive Foundation	1.18	1.1
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	71.79	45.1
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	13.87	24.9
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	64.31	44.7
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	1.03	0.7
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	98.14	93.1
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	50.14	<b>55</b> .
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	28.68	26.
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	12.57	12.
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited)	0.17	•
	Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as ESL Securities Limited)	0.01	-
73 Maturity of debt securities	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	375.45	
74 NCD loan sold to	ECL Finance Limited	1,301.50	-
75 Issuance of debentures to	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	5,500.00	
76 Risk and reward sharing fee expenses	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	*	1.
77 Security deposit received from	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as		84.
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	1 14	7.
	Edelweiss Securities Limited) Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	0.04	
78 Security deposit repaid to	ECL Finance Limited	34.60	E00
7a security deposit repaid to	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Ede) Land Limited)	14.60	500.
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	13.69	100. 75.
79 Security Receipts Sold to	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Trust	319.73	378. -
20.5			
80 Service Charges paid	ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1,08 0.81	1.
81 Service fee received from	ECL Finance Limited	0.70	0.
OZ SCIVICE IZO CELETICON	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.39 0.07	D.
92 Shara of loss	CAA Alan Mark Commercial Commerci		
82 Share of loss	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP	0.05	0.
			-
83 Share of Profit	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	-	4.
	Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP	0.03	
84 Shared premises cost paid to	ECL Finance Limited		27
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)  Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known		
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	•	
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	*	0.
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	*	0.
85 Shared premises cost received from		*	8
85 Shared premises cost received from	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)		0 8 0
85 Shared premises cost received from	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		0 8 0
85 Shared premises cost received from	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)		0 8 0
85 Shared premises cost received from  86 Trade exposure charges paid to	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as		0. 8. 0. 0.
86 Trade exposure charges paid to	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)		0. 8. 0. 0.
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP		0. 8 0. 0. 7
86 Trade exposure charges paid to	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	0.13	0. 8 0. 0. 7
86 Trade exposure charges paid to	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	0.13	0 3 0 0 7 7
86 Trade exposure charges paid to  87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm  88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from  Balances with related parties:	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP		0 3 0 0 7 7
86 Trade exposure charges paid to  87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm  88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		0. 8. 0. 0. 0. 7. 7. 6. 89.
86 Trade exposure charges paid to  87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm  88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from  Balances with related parties:	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  ECL Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited	11.39 0.87 1.83	0. 8. 0. 0. 0. 7. 7. 0. 89.
86 Trade exposure charges paid to  87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm  88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from  Balances with related parties:	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  ECL Finance Limited  ECL Finance Limited  Edel Investments Limited  Edel Investments Limited  ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	11.39 0.87	0 8 0 0 0 7 7 89
86 Trade exposure charges paid to  87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm  88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from  Balances with related parties:	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  ECL Finance Limited  Edel Investments Limited  ECap Equities Limited (Formerly Edel Land Limited)  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	11.39 0.87 1.83	0 8 0 0 7 7 7 0 89 0 7 7 122 7
86 Trade exposure charges paid to  87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm  88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from  Balances with related parties:	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  ECL Finance Limited  ECL Finance Limited  ECL Finance Limited  ECAp Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)  Edelap Securities Limited	0.87 1.83 4.74	0. 8. 0. 0. 0. 7. 7. 0. 89. 0. 7. 122 7. 244
86 Trade exposure charges poid to  87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm  88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from  Balances with related parties:  1 Accrued interest expenses on loan taken from	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Gustodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  ECL Finance Limited  Edel Investments Limited  ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)  Edelcap Securities Limited  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.87 1.83 4.74 - 83.29	0. 8. 0. 0. 7. 7. 0. 89. 0. 7. 244
86 Trade exposure charges paid to  87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm  88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from  Balances with related parties:	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  ECL Finance Limited  Edel Investments Limited  ECap Equities Limited (Formerly Edel Land Limited)  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.87 1.83 4.74	0. 8. 0. 0. 0. 7. 7. 7. 0. 89. 20. 244.
86 Trade exposure charges poid to  87 Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm  88 Reimbursement of ARC management fee from  Balances with related parties:  1 Accrued interest expenses on loan taken from	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  ECL Finance Limited  ECL Finance Limited  Edel Investments Limited  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  ECL Finance Limited	0.87 1.83 4.74 - 83.29	0. 8. 0. 0. 7. 7. 0. 89. 0. 7. 2244. 249.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 – "Related Party Disclosure": {Continued}

Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
4 Interest accrued but not due on Non convertible debentures held by	ECL Finance Limited	•	0.5
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.13	0.9
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	2.00	1.8
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as	0.08	
	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)		
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	1.56	
E laterat accord on Constitution	2000 Conselferment (city) Conselferment		
5 Interest accrued on Securitisation	2UNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as	•	0.1
	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)		
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited		0.7
6 Interest accrued on subordinate debt	ECL Finance Limited	4.15	
V Inchest secreted on Substitute deal.	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	5.19	4.1 5.1
	Leap Educies Enimed Formerly Loes Land Enimetry	3.19	3
7 Interest expenses accrued on Short term borrowings	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		0.5
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		1.8
8 Interest income accrued on Loans	ECap Securities And Investments Limited ( formerly known	*	5.5
	as ECap Equities Limited)		
	ECL Finance Limited	5.11	159.3
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	8.56	130.5
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	3,12	3.0
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	-	6.:
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	11.43	7.:
9 Interest payable -Accrued -Group company	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	0.50	
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	157 73	41 (
IO Interest Payable on Debenture	Edel Investments Limited	+	0.3
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	113.18	70.0
	Edelcap Securities Limited	17.63	4.
11 Interest receivable - accrued on debentures and bonds of	ECL Finance Limited	217.41	
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	0.18	15.4
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1.87	1.9
12 Interest receivable-Accrued -Group Company	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	13.76	9.4
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	50.06	2.
	Edelcap Securities Limited	9.73	
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	7.56	
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited ( formerly known	6.86	•
	as ECap Equities Limited)		
	WILLIAM TO THE TOTAL THE T		
13 Investment in Security Receipts Issued by at book Value	EARC Trust SC 401	479.60	799.5
	EARC Trust SC 418	209.92	240.9
	EARC Trust SC 447	495.07	553.3
	EARC Trust SC 451	226.79	282.
	EARC Trust SC 459	111,24	137.
14 Investments in debentures(Including CCD)	ECL Finance Limited	2,474.D4	2,120.
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	9,686.84	11,892.
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	1,890.57	19.
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	58.40	58.4
15 Investments in equity shares	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	733.89	733.
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited		239.
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	264.00	264.
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	•	2,304.
	Edelweiss Securities Limited)		
	ECL Finance Limited	4,031.50	
16 Investments in others	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	•	<u>0.</u>
	Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP	•	0.
	Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund	-	199.
	Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund		314.
	India Credit Investment Fund II	2,611.79	1,507.
17 Loans given to	ECap Securities And Investments Limited ( formerly known	3,371.27	-
	as ECap Equities Limited)		
	ECL Finance Limited	•	780.
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	1,243.80	1,875.
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	220.00	330.
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	685.71	70.
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	1,546.08	1,944
	Edelcap Securities Limited	1,554.78	-
18 Loans taken from	Edel Investments Limited		685.
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	1,460.10	112.
	Edelcap Securities Limited		944.4
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	17,079.43	17,394.
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	3,470.0





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

## 52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 – "Related Party Disclosure": (Continued)

. Nature of Transaction		Related Party Name	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
20 Margin placed with clea	ring house	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	•	0.1
21 Margin receivable from		Edel Investments Limited	0.49	0.4
5		Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)		7.5
22 Non convertible debents	ures	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		555.9
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	•	18.6
23 Non convertible debent	ures held by (Face Value)	ECL Finance Limited	220.00	8.3
		Edel Investments Limited	-	300.8
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)  Edelcap Securities Limited	5,788.83	4,064.3 350.5
		Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited	1,369.00	0.1
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	152.27	7.4
		Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited  ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as	55.80 10.00	225.8
		Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)	10.00	
24 Other Payable		ECL Finance Limited	0.01	-
		Edel Investments Limited	0.75	0.0
		Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	-	0.3
, ,		as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as		0.0
		Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	•	0.0
		Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited	~	0.0
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1.4/	1.4
		Edelweiss Securities (IFSC) Limited	0.46 -	0.0
		Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	•	0.1
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	0.87	0.0
	. 1	EdelGive Foundation Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0 74	
		Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	12.11 0.87	······································
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	0.61	
		Sekura India Management Limited	0.01	•
	,	Edelcap Securities Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	0.01 0.15	0.1
25 Other Receivable		ECL Finance Limited	0.69	0.9
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelcap Securities Limited	156.20 0.58	
		EdelGive Foundation	0.64	0.5
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited		0.0
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known		0.0
		as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	•	0.0
		Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited		0.0
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1.40	
	77 0777	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.00	0.1
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	0.09	0.1
		Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as	-	0.0
		ESL Securities Limited} Edel Investments Limited	0.12	
26 Partner's current accour	at - receivable from	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	3.11	3.:
	Treestable Hell	Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP		0.3
27 Partner's capital accoun	t - receivable from	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	0.05	
20 0-1-1	10	ECL Finance Limited	14.60	
28 Rental deposits payable		FCan Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	13 68	
28 Rental deposits payable		ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	13.68 50.00	
28 Rental deposits payable		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as		50.0
28. Rental deposits payable		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	50.00	50.0 84.4
28. Rental deposits payable		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	50.00	50.0 84.4 7.3
28. Rental deposits payable		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	50.00	50.0 84.4 7.3
28 Rental deposits payable  29 Risk and Rewards Guara	intee taken from	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	50.00	50.0 84.4 7.3
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	50.00 - - - 0.11 17.72	50.0 84.4 7.5 - - - 2,208.6
29 Risk and Rewards Guara 30 Stock in trade - debentu	eres and bonds	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	50.00 - - - 0.11 17.72 1,840.28	50.0 84.4 7.3
29 Risk and Rewards Guara	eres and bonds	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) Edelweiss Securities Limited) Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	50.00 - - 0.11 17.72 1,840.28	50.0 84.4 7.3
29 Risk and Rewards Guara 30 Stock in trade - debentu	res and bonds	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited) Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)  ECL Finance Limited	50.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2.208.6 3.0 2.208.6 3.0 918.3





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian supees in millions)

52. Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 – "Related Party Disclosure": {Continued}

No. Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Nature of Transaction  33 Trade Payables to  34 Trade Receivables from	EC Global Limited		0.02
	ECop Securities And Investments Limited ( formerly known	0.11	-
	as ECap Equities Limited)		
	ECL Finance Limited	80.64	102.45
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	4.99	2.00
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	9.56	•
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte. Limited	-	0.14
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	•	1.80
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		
	Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited		0.40
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.27	4.97
	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited		0.09
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.28	6.22
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as	•	0.22
	Edelweiss Securities Limited)		
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.01	
	Edelcap Securities Limited	0.21	<del>-</del>
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	0.51	+
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	0.00	-
34 Trade Receivables from	ECL Finance Limited	36.82	35.5
	Edel Investments Limited	2.30	1.87
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	2.91	0.79
	Edelcap Securities Limited	16.33	6.28
	EdelGive Foundation	1.62	0.33
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	25.11	6.09
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	3.45	2.89
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	18.10	6.7
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known	•	1.1
	as Edelweiss Broking Limited)		
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as	-	8.24
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)		
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	21.20	30.08
	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited	4.44	8.56
	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte Limited	3.38	1.79
	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP		0.0
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.94	3.9
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	8.60	5.33
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	-	64.37
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	10.54	7.14
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	0.05	
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited ( formerly known	0.00	•
	as ECap Equities Limited)	2.50	
	Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as	0.02	0.01
	ESt. Securities Limited)		

# 0.00 indicates amount fess than ₹ 0.01 million

1 Information relating to remuneration paid to key managerial person mentioned above excludes provision made for gratuity, leave encashment and provision made for bonus which are provided for group of employees on an overall basis. These are included on cash basis. Remuneration to KMP's shall be within the limit as prescribed by the Companies act.

# 53. Capital Management

The objective of the Group's Capital Management is to maximise shareholder value, safeguard business continuity and support the growth of its subsidiaries. The Group determines the capital requirement based on annual operating plans and long-term and other strategic investment plans. The funding requirements are met through loans and operating cash flows generated.





#### Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

#### 54 Fair Value Measurement

#### 54.1. Valuation Principles:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price), regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques.

Level 1 – valuation technique using quoted market price: financial instruments with quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets that company can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 – valuation technique using observable inputs: Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life.

Level 3 – valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs: Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole.

Refer note 5.11 for more details on fair value hierarchy

#### 54.2. Valuation governance:

The Group's fair value methodology and the governance over its models includes a number of controls and other procedures to ensure appropriate safeguards are in place to ensure its quality and adequacy. All new product initiatives (including their valuation methodologies) are subject to approvals by various functions of the Group including the risk and finance functions.

Where fair values are determined by reference to externally quoted prices or observable pricing inputs to models, independent price determination or validation is used. For inactive markets, Group sources alternative market information, with greater weight given to information that is considered to be more relevant and reliable.

The responsibility of ongoing measurement resides with the business and product line divisions. However Finance department is responsible for establishing procedures governing valuation and ensuring fair values are in compliance with accounting standards

#### 54.3. Assets and liabilities by fair value hierarchy

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy. Exchange traded and OTC derivatives are at gross amount i.e. before offsetting margin money. The impact of offsetting is explained in note 9.A.

Particulars		31-Mai	-23	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Derivative financial instruments (assets)				
Exchange-traded derivatives	-	-	-	-
Total derivative financial instruments (assets)		_	-	
Stock-in-trade	/±			
Debt Securities	134.67	418.43	1,461.86	2,014.96
Nifty Linked Debentures	-	-	123.76	123.76
Stock-in-trade	134.67	418.43	1,585.62	2,138.72
Investments				
Debt securities		2,858.62	-	2,858.62
Mutual fund units	127,34	-		127.34
Security receipts	-		2,155.73	2,155.73
Equity instruments	-		4,103.26	4,103.26
Units of AIF	_	_	3,580.47	3,580.47
Total investments measured at fair value	127.34	2,858.62	9,839.46	12,825.42
Loans and other financial assets measured at fair value	-	-	2,645.09	2,645.09
Property Plant and equipment	-	-	2,024.51	2,024.51
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis	262.01	3,277.05	16,094.68	19,633.74





# Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

#### 54 Fair Value Measurement (continued)

## 54.3. Assets and liabilities by fair value hierarchy (continued)

Particulars —		31-Mar	-22		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis					
Derivative financial instruments (assets)					
Exchange-traded derivatives	17.16	_	-	17.16	
Total derivative financial instruments (assets)	17.16	_		17.16	
Stock-in-trade					
Debt Securities	592.63	1,121.78	515.32	2,229.73	
Stock-in-trade	592.63	1,121.78	515.32	2,229.73	
Investments			,		
Debt securities		4,372.14	-	4,372.14	
Security receipts	-	-	2,702.98	2,702.98	
Equity instruments	-	-	1.00	1.00	
Units of AIF	-	-	3,847.25	3,847.25	
Total investments measured at fair value	-	4,372.14	6,551.23	10,923.37	
Loans and other financial assets measured at fair value		-	3,361.82	3,361.82	
Property Plant and equipment	-	-	2,205.58	2,205.58	
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis	609.79	5,493.92	12,633.95	18,737.66	





#### Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

#### 54 Fair Value Measurement (continued)

## 54.3. Assets and liabilities by fair value hierarchy (continued)

Particulars		31-M	ar-23	
- Integrals	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Derivative financial instruments (liabilities):	·			
Exchange-traded derivatives	-	-	•	•
Embedded derivatives in market-linked debentures issued	•	-	•	*
Total financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring		-		
basis				
Particulars _		31-M	ar-22	•
raiticulais —	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Derivative financial instruments (liabilities):			,	
Exchange-traded derivatives	29.17	-		29.17
Total financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring	29.17	*	*	29.17
basis				





#### Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

#### 54 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

#### 54.4. Fair valuation techniques:

#### Debt securities

Whilst most of these instruments are standard fixed or floating rate securities, however nifty linked debentures have embedded derivative characteristics. Fair value of these instruments is derived based on the indicative quotes of price and yields prevailing in the market as at the reporting date. Group has used quoted price of national stock exchange wherever bonds are traded actively. In cases where debt securities are not activity traded Group has used CRISIL Corporate Bond Valuer model for measuring fair value.

#### Security receipts

The market for these securities is not active. Therefore, the Group uses valuation techniques to measure their fair values. Since the security receipts are less liquid instruments therefore they are valued by discounted cash flow models. Expected cash flow levels are estimated by using quantitative and qualitative measures regarding the characteristics of the underlying assets including prepayment rates, default rates and other economic drivers. Securities receipts with significant unobservable valuation inputs are classified as Level 2

#### **Equity instruments**

The majority of equity instruments are actively traded on recognised stock exchanges with readily available active prices on a regular basis. Such instruments are classified as Level 1. Units held in funds are measured based on fund net asset value (NAV), taking into account redemption and/or other restrictions. Such NAV Such instruments are generally Level 3. Equity instruments in non-listed entities are initially measured at transaction price and re-measured at each reporting date at valuation provided by external valuer at instrument level. Such unlisted equity securities are classified at Level 3.

#### Units of Alternative Investment Funds and Mutual Fund.

Units held in Alternative investment funds are measured based on fund net asset value (NAV), taking into account redemption and/or other restrictions. Such instruments are classified at Level 3.

Open-ended funds that are redeemable at any time, and that report a daily net asset value (NAV) and for which sufficient subscriptions and redemptions occur at NAV are measured at NAV and classified as level 1.

#### Loans measured at fair value through profit or loss

Loans are segregated, as far as possible, into portfolios of similar characteristics. Fair values are based on observable market transactions, when available. When they are unavailable, fair values are estimated using valuation models incorporating range of input assumptions. Group has determine fair value with help of internal valuation team and independent valuer on case to case basis. Valuation is based on discounted cash flow, comparable transaction market price, market research and marked trend as considered appropriate.

#### Derivatives

The Company enters into derivative financial instruments with various counter-parties, primarily banks with investment grade credit ratings. Derivatives valued using valuation techniques with market observable inputs are mainly interest rate swaps, exchange traded futures and options contracts. The most frequently applied valuation techniques include quoted price for exchange traded derivatives and Black Scholes models (for option valuation).

#### **Exchange traded derivatives**

Exchange traded derivatives includes index/stock options, index/stock futures, Group uses exchange traded prices to value these derivative and classify these instrument as level 1.





# Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

#### 54. Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

#### 54.5. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The following table sets out the fair values of financial instruments not measured at fair value and analysing them by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which each fair value measurement is categorised. The information given below is with respect to financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost for which the fair value is different than the carrying amount. Carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade and other payables as on 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 approximate the fair value because of their short-term nature. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of bank deposits, other financials assets and other financial liabilities is not significant in each of the years presented.

			31 March	2023	3	
Particulars	Total Carrying	Total fair value	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3
	Amount					
Financial assets:			·			
Loans	39,042.08	39,713.10		-	-	39,713.10
Financial liabilities						·
Debt securities	40,067.29	38,964.27		-	16,957.31	22,006.96
Borrowing (other than debt securities)	19,681.47	19,509.08		-	744.66	18,764.42
Subordinated liabilities	1,070.13	1,078.20		-	1,078.20	
Total	60,818.89	59,551.55		-	18,780.17	40,771.38
Off-balance sheet items						1.1
Loan commitments	1,399.90	699.95	***************************************	_		699.95
Total	1,399.90	699.95		-		699.95

			31 March 2022		
Particulars	Total Carrying	Total fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	Amount				
Financial assets:					
Loans	38,501.73	38,501.73	-	*	38,501.73
Financial liabilities					
Debt securities	32,706.46	31,755.53	1,830.50	13,676.33	16,248.70
Borrowing (other than debt securities)	38,418.79	38,415.15	15,836.11	14,482.09	8,096.95
Subordinated liabilities	2,876.19	2,877.39	-	2,877.39	-
Total	74,001.44	73,048.07	17,666.61	31,035.81	24,345.65
Off-balance sheet items					
Loan commitments	871.91	435.96	-	-	435.96
Total	871.91	435.96	-	-	435.96

# 54.5 Valuation methodologies of financial instruments not measured at fair value

Below are the methodologies and assumptions used to determine fair values for the above financial instruments which are not recorded and measured at fair value in the Group's financial statements. These fair values were calculated for disclosure purposes only. The below methodologies and assumptions relate only to the instruments in the above tables and, as such, may differ from the techniques and assumptions explained in notes.

#### **Short Term Financial Assets and Liabilities**

Carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade payables approximate the fair value because of their short-term nature. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of other financials assets and other financial liabilities is not significant in each of the years presented.

#### Financial assets at amortised cost

The fair values financial assets measured at amortised cost are estimated using a discounted cash flow model based on contractual cash flows using actual or estimated yields and discounting by yields incorporating the counterparties' credit risk.

#### Issued Debt

The fair value of issued debt is estimated by a discounted cash flow model.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

- 54. Fair Value Measurement (Continued)
- 54.6 Except as disclosed in Note 54.7 below there have been no transfers between levels during the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.
- 54.7 The following table shows a reconciliation of the opening balances and the closing balances for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

	Security	Units of AiF	Equity	Preference	Warrants	Loans at	Stock-in-trade	Total
Particulars	receipts		instruments/	Shares		FVTPL		
			Warrants					
Investments - at April 1, 2022	2,702.98	3,847.25	1.00	-	-	3,361.82	515.32	10,428.37
Purchase	110.33	2,788.27	-		-	426.27	6,987.10	10,311.97
Sale / redemption	(652.93)	(2,739.13)	(0.90)	-		(1,564.60)	(5,933.06)	(10,890.62)
Transfer into level 3		-	4,103.16	-	_	•	-	4,103.16
Transfer from level 3	-	-	*	-	-	-		
Accrued Interest Income	-	-	-	•	_	221.32	0.27	221.59
Profit / Fair value change for the year	(4.65)	(315.92)	-	*	-	200.28	15.99	(104.30)
recognised in profit or loss	1:1							, ,
Investments - at March 31, 2023	2,155.73	3,580.47	4,103.26	-	-	2,645.09	1,585.62	14,070.17
Unrealised gain/(Loss) related to balances	(37.64)	(315.92)	_	-		24.57	(230.75)	(559.74)
held at the end of the year							• •	

	Security	Units of AIF	Equity	Preference	Warrants	Loans at	Stock-in-trade	Total
Particulars	receipts		instruments/	Shares		FVTPL		
			Warrants					
Investments of April 1, 2021	1,/87.47	2,299.55	112.93		-	2,089.30	1,731.86	8,021.11
Purchase	1,636.93	2,076.29	-	+	-	1,590.71	4,256.58	9,560.51
Sale / redemption	(718.60)	(513.43)	(111.93)	-	-	(971.51)	(4,563.56)	(6,979.03)
Transfer into level 3		(15.16)	-	-	-	-	(809.27)	(824.43)
Accrued Interest Income	-	-	-	-	-	225.63	0.12	225.75
Profit / Fair value change for the year	(2.82)	-	-	*	-	427.69	(0 41)	424.46
recognised in profit or loss								
Investments - at March 31, 2022	2,702.98	3,847.25	1.00		-	3,361.82	515.32	10,428.37
Unrealised gain/(Loss) related to balances	(13.22)	(15.16)	-	-	-	-	1.28	(27.10)
held at the end of the year								` .





#### Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

#### 54 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

54.8 Impact on fair value of level 3 financial instrument of changes to key unobservable inputs

Type of Financial Instruments	i Valuation Technique:	Significant Unobservable input	for unobservable	unobservable input		unobservable input	Change in fair value because of decrease in unobservable inpu
Security receipts	Discounted Cash flow The present value of expected future economic benefits to be derived from the	cash flows	4,226.80	5% increase in Expected future Cash flow	194.04	5% Decrease in Expected future Cash Flow	
	ownership of the underlying investments of the Trust.	Risk-adjusted discount rate	12.00% To 22.60%	0.5% increase in Risk- adjusted discount rate	(11.55)	0.5% Decrease in Risk-adjusted discount rate	11.64
Stock-in-trade	Discounted projected cash flaw	recoveries	6,967.38	5%	348.37	5%	(348.37)
		Discount rates	11.50% to 12.50%	50 basis point	(9.35)	50 basis point	9.35
Loans classified as FVTPL	Comparable transaction value	Discounting rate	15% - 20%	1%	A one pursentage point change in the discounting rate used in fair valuation of Level 3 assets does not have a significant impact in its value	156	A one percentage point change in the discounting rate used in far valuation of Level 3 assets does not have a significant impact in its value.
Nitty linked debentures	Fair value using Black scholes Model or Monte Carlo approach based on	curve	-	5%	0.21	5%	(0.21)
The state of the s	the embedded derivative	Risk - adjusted discounted rate 4.5% - 6%		1%	0.04	1%	(0.04)
Investments in units of AIF	Net Assets Appreach	Fair value of underlying investments	0	5%	193.36	5%	(183 36)
Investments in unquoted equity shares categorised at Level 3	Comparable transaction and P/E and discounted cash flow	Fair value per share	₹ 2238 per share	5%	205.16	5%	(205.16)
As at March 31, 2022 Type of Financial Instruments	Valuation Lechniques	Unobservable Input	Range of estimates for unobservable input	increase in the unobservable input	Change in fair value because of increase in unobservable input	Decrease in the unobservable input	Change in fair value because of decrease in unobservable input
Security receipts	Discounted Cash flow. The present value of expected future economic benefits to be derived from the	cash flows		5% increase in Expected future Cash flow		5% Decrease in Expected future Cash Illow	(149.01)
	ownership of the underlying investments of the Trust.	Risk-adjusted discount rate		0.5% increase in Risk- adjusted discount rate		0.5% Decrease in Risk adjusted discount rate	12.25
Stock-in-trade	Discounted projected cash flow	recoveries	17,911.07	5%	25.55	5%	{25.55}
X 00 111 0 0 0 0 0		Discount rates	11.50% to 12.50%	50 basis point	(2.56)	50 basis point	2.56
Loans classified as FVTPL	Comparable transaction value	Discounting rate	15% - 20%	1%	A one percentage point change in the discounting rate used in fair valuation of tevel 3 assets does not have a significant impact in its value.	156	A one percentage point change in the discounting rate used in fair valuation of tevel 3 assets does not have a significant impact in its value.
	Fair value using Black scholes Model or Monte Carlo approach based on			<b>5</b> %	0.51	5%	(0 21)
Nifty linked debentures	the embedded derivative	Risk - adjusted discounted rate 4.5% - 6%		1%	0.04	1%	(0 04)
investments in units of AIF		Fair value of underlying investments		5%	212.95	5%	(212.95)
Investments in unquoted equity shares categorised at Level 3		Fair value per share		5%	0.05	5%	(0.05)





#### Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

#### 55. Risk Management

#### A. Introduction and risk profile

Risk is an inherent part of Group's business activities. When the Group extends a corporate or retail loan, buys or sells securities in market, or offers other products or services, the Group takes on some degree of risk. The Group's overall objective is to manage its businesses, and the associated risks, in a manner that balances serving the interests of its customers and investors and protects the safety and soundness of the Group.

The Group believes that effective risk management requires:

- 1) Acceptance of responsibility, including identification and escalation of risk issues, by all individuals within the Group;
- 2) Ownership of risk identification, assessment, data and management within each of the lines of business and Corporate; and
- 3) Firmwide structures for risk governance

The Group strives for continual improvement through efforts to enhance controls, ongoing employee training and development and other measures.

#### B. Risk Management Structure

We have a well-defined risk management policy framework for risk identification, assessment and control to effectively manage risks associated with the various business activities. The risk function is monitored primarily by the business risk group. The Group has also established a Global Risk Committee that is responsible for managing the risk arising out of various business activities at a central level.

Our risk management policy ensures that the margin requirements are conservative to be able to withstand market volatility and scenarios of sharply declining prices. As a result, we follow conservative lending norms. The Group centralises the risk monitoring systems to monitor our client's credit exposure which is in addition to the monitoring undertaken by the respective businesses.

The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The board has established the Risk Management Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies. The Committee holds regular meetings and report to board on its activities.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit, Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

#### C. Risk mitigation and risk culture

The Group's business processes ensure complete independence of functions and a segregation of responsibilities. Credit appraisal & credit control processes, centralised operations unit, independent audit unit for checking compliance with the prescribed policies and approving loans at transaction level as well as our risk management processes and policies allow layers of multiple checks and verifications. Our key business processes are regularly monitored by the head of our business or operations. Our loan approval and administration procedures, collection and enforcement procedures are designed to minimise delinquencies and maximise recoveries.

The Board Risk Committee is the overseeing body for Risk Management. The Committee meets at regular intervals to review the risk profile of the Company.

It is the Group's policy to ensure that a robust risk awareness is embedded in its organisational risk culture. Employees are expected to take ownership and be accountable for the risks the Group is exposed to. The Group's continuous training and development emphasises that employees are made aware of the Group's risk appetite and they are supported in their roles and responsibilities to monitor and keep their exposure to risk within the Group's risk appetite limits. Compliance breaches and internal audit findings are important elements of employees' annual ratings and remuneration reviews.

#### D. Types of Risks

The Group's risks are generally categorized in the following risk types:

Notes	Risks	Arising from	Measurement, monitoring and management of risk
	Credit risk Credit risk is the risk of financial loss if a customer	7	Measured as the amount that could be lost if a customer or counterparty fails to make repayments;  Monitored using various internal risk management measures and within limits approved by individuals within a framework of delegated authorities; and  Managed through a robust risk control framework, which outlines clear and consistent policies, principles and guidance for risk managers.
2	Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that we do not have sufficient financial resources to meet our obligations as they fall due or that we can only do so at an excessive cost.	Liquidity risk arises from mismatches in the timing of cash flows.  Arises when illiquid asset positions cannot be funded at the expected terms and when required.	Measured using a range of metrics, including Asset Liability mismatch, Debt Equity Ratio  Regular monitoring of funding levels to ensure to meet the requirement for Business and maturity of our liabilities.  Maintain diverse sources of funding and liquid assets to facilitate (flexibility in meeting our liquidity requirements of the Company)
3	Market risk Market risk is the risk that movements in market factors, such as Interest rates, equity prices and Index prices, will reduce our income or the value of our portfolios	Exposure to market risk is separated into two portfolios: trading and non-trading.	Measured using sensitivities, detailed picture of potential gains and losses for a range of market movements and scenarios.  Monitored using measures, including the sensitivity of net interest income.  Managed using risk limits approved by the risk management committee.





#### Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

#### 55. Risk Management

#### 55.D.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's Trade receivables and Loans. The Group has adopted a policy of dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtains sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. In case the loans are to be restructured, similar credit assessment process is followed by the Group.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate.

The Group manages and controls credit risk by setting limits on the amount of risk it is willing to accept for individual counterparties/Groups (Single Borrowing Limit/Group Borrowing Limit) and for industry concentrations, and by monitoring exposures in relation to such limits.

Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on its credit worthiness and historical dealings with the Group and market intelligence. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. The credit quality review process aims to allow the Group to assess the potential loss as a result of the risks to which it is exposed and take corrective actions.

#### **Derivative financial Instruments:**

Credit risk arising from derivative financial instruments is, at any time, limited to those with positive fair values, as recorded on the balance sheet. With gross-settled derivatives, the Group is also exposed to a settlement risk, being the risk that the Group honours its obligation, but the counterparty fails to deliver the counter value.

#### Impairment Assessment:

The Group applies the expected credit loss model for recognising impairment loss. The expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information.

The expected credit loss is a product of exposure at default, probability of default and loss given default. The Group has devised an internal model to evaluate the probability of default and loss given default based on the parameters set out in Ind AS. Accordingly, the loans are classified into various stages as follows:

nternal rating grade	Internal grading description	Stages
Performing		
	0 dpd* to 30	
High grade	dpd*	Stage 1
Standard grade	31 to 90 dpd*	Stage 2
Non-performing		
Individually impaired	90+ dpd*	Stage 3

* dpd indicates days past due.

Credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. Expected Credit Loss (ECL) computation is not driven by any single methodology, however methodology and approach used must reflect the following:

- 1) An unbiased and probability weighted amount that evaluates a range of possible outcomes
- 2) Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost and effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions;
- 3) Time value of money

While the time value of money element is currently being factored into ECL measurement while discounting cash flows by the Effective Interest Rate (EIR), the objective of developing a macroeconomic model using exogenous macroeconomic variables (MEVs) is to address the first two requirements. This has been achieved by using the model output to adjust the PD risk component in order to make it forward looking and probability-weighted.

#### Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

Group considers a financial instrument defaulted, classified as Stage 3 (credit-impaired) for ECL calculations, in all cases when the borrower becomes 90 days past due. Classification of assets form stage 1 to stage 2 has been carried out based on SICR criterion. Accounts which are more than 30 days past due have been identified as accounts where significant increase in credit risk has been observed. These accounts have been classified as Stage 2 assets. When such events occur, the Group carefully considers whether the event should result in treating the customer as defaulted and therefore assessed as Stage 3 for ECL calculations or whether Stage 2 is appropriate.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

#### 55. Risk Management (continued)

#### 55.D.1 Credit Risk (continued)

#### Probability of Default

Probability of default (PD) is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon. PD estimation process is done based on historical internal data available with the Group. While arriving at the PD, the Group also ensures that the factors that affects the macro economic trends are considered to a reasonable extent, wherever necessary. Group calculates the 12 month PD by taking into account the past historical trends of the Loans/portfolio and its credit performance. In case of assets where there is a significant increase in credit risk / credit impaired assets, lifetime PD has been applied.

#### Loss Given Default (LGD)

The LGD represents expected losses on the EAD given the event of default, taking into account, among other attributes, the mitigating effect of collateral value at the time it is expected to be realised and the time value of money. The Loss Given Default (LGD) has been computed with workout methodology. Workout LGD is widely considered to be the most flexible, transparent and logical approach to build an LGD model. Along with actual recoveries, value of the underlying collateral has been factored in to estimate future recoveries in LGD computation. Workout LGD computation involves the actual recoveries as well as future recoveries (as a part of the workout process) on a particular facility, as a percentage of balance outstanding at the time of Default/Restructuring. The assessment of workout LGD was then performed. Principal outstanding for each loan was assessed, which went into the denominator of the LGD calculation. LGD computation has been done for each segment and sub-segment separately.

#### Exposure at Default (EAD)

The amount which the borrower will owe to the portfolio at the time of default is defined as Exposure at Default (EAD). While the drawn credit line reflects the explicit exposure for the Group, there might be variable exposure that may increase the EAD. These exposures are of the nature where the Group provides future commitments, in addition to the current credit. Therefore, the exposure will contain both on and off balance sheet values. The value of exposure is given by the following formula:

EAD = Drawn Credit Line + Credit Conversion Factor * Undrawn Credit Line Where.

Drawn Credit Line = Current outstanding amount

Credit Conversion Factor (CCF) = Expected future drawdown as a proportion of undrawn amount

Undrawn Credit Line = Difference between the total amount which the Group has committed and the drawn credit line While the drawn exposure and limits for the customer are available, the modelling of CCF is required for computing the EAD

#### Forward looking adjustments

"A measure of ECL is an unbiased probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes and using reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions."

To fulfil the above requirement Group has incorporated forward looking information into its measurement of ECL. The objective of developing a macroeconomic model using exogenous macroeconomic variables (MEVs) is to address the requirements of unbiased, probability weighted outcomes while taking into account current conditions as well as future economic conditions. This will be achieved by using the model output to adjust the PD risk component in order to make it forward looking and probability-weighted.

Exogenous macroeconomic parameters were used as independent (X) variables to predict the dependent (Y) variable. Keeping in mind Ind AS requirements around obtaining reliable and supportable information, without incurring undue cost or effort- based on advice of risk committee members and economic experts and consideration of a variety of external actual and forecast information, the Group formulates base case view of the future direction of relevant economic variable as well as a representative range of other possible forecast scenario. This process involves developing two or more additional economic scenarios and considering the relative probabilities of each outcome.

#### Data sourcing

The Group is expected to obtain reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. Keeping in mind the above requirement macroeconomic information was aggregated from Economic Intelligence Unit (EIU), Bloomberg, World Bank, RBI database. The EIU data has a database of around 150 macroeconomic variables as well as their forecasted values. Beyond 2022 macro-economic variables are forecasted by mean reverting the values to their long term average. External information includes economic data and forecasts published by governmental bodies and monetary authorities in the country, supranational organisations such as the OECD and the IMF, and selected private sector and academic forecasters.

#### Probability weighted scenario creations:

To incorporate macroeconomic impact into probability-weighted, each scenario has an associated probability. In order to ensure consistency across macroeconomic models, these probabilities were calculated at an overall level for both Retail and Non-Retail portfolios, keeping in mind that though the impact of a scenario across different portfolios may differ based on endogenous factors, the probability of a scenario unfolding is purely exogenous, and hence should not vary.

The Group has identified and documented key drivers of credit risk and credit losses for each portfolio of financiel instruments and using an analysis of historical data, has estimated relationship between marco-economic variables and credit risk and credit losses.

Predicted relationship between the key indicators and default and loss rates on various portfold data over the past 5 years.

nancial assess have been developed based on analysing bis orica

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

#### 55. Risk Management (continued)

#### 55.D.2 Risk Concentration

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Group's performance to developments affecting a particular industry or geographical location.

In order to avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Group's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on maintaining a diversified portfolio. Identified concentrations of credit risks are controlled and managed accordingly.

The following table shows the risk concentration by industry for the components of the balance sheet

Industry analysis - Risk concentration as at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Financial services	Governn	nent	Manufacturing	Retail and wholesale	Oil & gas	Services	Others	Total
Financial Assets	1 1 1 1 1 1 1				***************************************				
Cash and bank balances	3,748.17		-	-	-	-	-	-	3,748,17
Derivative financial instruments			-	-	-	-	-	-	÷ .
Stock in trade	2,138.72	*	-		_	•	*	-	2,138.72
Trade receivables	391.88		-	*	•	-	_	-	391.88
Loans	11,314.08		-	_	5,854.18	-	24,518.91	-	41,687.17
Investments	27,835.48		-	•			-	-	27,835.48
Other financial assets	1,237.41	**************************************	,	-	192.07	0.09	-	-	1,429.57
Total	46,665.74		-	-	6.046.25	0.09	24,518,91	-	77.230.99
Other Commitments	384.95	*.	_	-	-	-	1,399.92	-	1,784,87

Industry analysis - Risk concentration as at March 31, 2022

Particulars	Financial services	Government	Manufacturing	Retail and wholesale	Oil & gas	Services	Others	Total
Financial Assets								
Cash and bank balances	6,238.10	•	*	-	-	-	-	6,238.10
Derivative financial instruments	17.16	-	-	-	-	-	*	17.16
Securities held for trading	2,229.73	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,229.73
Trade receivables	139.54	•	-	-	-	81.21	-	220.75
Loans	6,129.67	-	_	34,527.50	-	1,206.38	*	41,863.55
Investments	19,437.56	-	-	_	_	6,390.86	-	25,828.42
Other financial assets	620.75	+	•	135.54	-	-	-	756.29
Total	34,812.51	-	-	34,663.04	-	7,678.45	- '	77,154.00
Other Commitments	281.58	-	-	-	-	-	*	281.58

#### 55 D.3 Overview of modified and forborne loans

From a risk management point of view, once an asset is forborne or modified, the Group's special department for distressed assets continues to monitor the exposure until it is completely and ultimately derecognised.

The table below includes Stage 2 and 3 assets that were modified and, therefore, treated as forborne during the period, with the related modification loss suffered by the Group.

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
raticulais	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Amortised costs of financial assets modified during the year		1,279.54
Net modification gain / (loss)		67.05





# Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

# 55. Risk Management (continued)

#### 55.D.4 Collateral held and other credit enhancements

The tables on the following pages show the maximum exposure to credit risk by class of financial asset

	Maximum expos	ure to credit risk	
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	Principal type of collateral
Financial assets			
Trade Receivables	391.88	220.75	Fixed deposits and other assets
Loans:			
Corporate and Retail Credit	39,042.06	38,501.73	Investment and other tangible assets
Debt instruments and other investments at amortised	4 500 47	2,120.59	Investments and Book debts
cost	1,502.47		
Total financial assets at amortised cost	40,936.41	40,843.07	W
Derivative financial instruments	-	17.16	Margin money
Financial assets at FVTPL	15,470.51	14,285.19	Tangible assets
Total financial instruments at fair value through profit	45 470 54	4430335	
or ioss	15,470.51	14,302.35	
-			
Total Financial assets	56,406.92	55,145.42	
Ouh	11 4 4 4 4 4 4	4 4 1 3 44	
Other commitments	3,604.27	1,153.49	Langible assets
Total	60,011.19	56,298.91	





# Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## 55 Risk Management (continued):

# 55.D.5 Financial assets that are stage 3 and related collateral held in order to mitigate potential losses are given below: As at March 31, 2023

	Maximum	Associated ECL	Carrying amount	Fair value of
	exposure to credit		•	collateral
Particulars	risk (carrying			
	amount before			
	ECL)			
Loans	8,193.03	7,500.78	692.25	816.33
Total financial assets at amortised cost	8,193.03	7,500.78	692.25	816.33
Loan commitments	3.11	0.54	2.57	4.00
Financial guarantee contracts	386.99	0.09	386.90	386.90
Total	8,583.13	7,501.41	1,081.72	1,207.23
As at March 31, 2022				
	Maximum	Associated ECL	Carrying amount	Fair value of
	exposure to credit			collateral
Particulars	risk (carrying			
	amount before			
	ECL)			
Loans	3,138.05	2,542.82	595.23	595.23
Total financial assets at amortised cost	3,138.05	2,542.82	595.23	595.23
Loan commitments	3.94	1.68	2.26	6.53
Financial guarantee contracts *	281.58	0.09	281.49	-
Total	3,423.57	2,544.59	878.98	601,76





#### Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

#### 55. Risk Management (Continued)

#### 55.E Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Group might be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due as a result of mismatches in the timing of the cash flows under both normal and stress circumstances.

Group has a Liquidity Contingency Policy in place to ensure various liquidity parameters are defined and tracked regularly. Liquidity Management Team is provided with update on expected liquidity shortfalls in Normal as well as Stress scenario.

To manage the stressed circumstances the Group has ensured maintenance of a Liquidity Cushion in the form of Investments in Government Securities, Mutual Funds and Quoted Equity Shares. These assets carry minimal credit risk and can be liquidated in a very short period of time. A liquidity cushion amounting to 5-9% of the borrowings is sought to be maintained through such assets. These would be to take care of immediate obligations while continuing to honour our commitments as a going concern. There are available lines of credit from banks which are drawable on notice which further augment the available sources of funds. Funding is raised through diversified sources including Banks, Private issue of Debt, Sub Debt etc to maintain a healthy mix.

As at March 31, 2023 - Analysis of financial liabilities, financial assets, derivatives and financial commitments by remaining contractual maturities

Non-derivative financial assets	Upto 3 Months	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	2,250.10	27.27	1,042.96	85.87	341.97	3,748.17
Stock-in-trade	2,046.10	1.30	37.33	26.72	27.27	2,138.72
Trade receivables	391.88	_	-	_	-	391.88
Loans	8,939.00	2,041.02	6,942.95	15,167.47	8,596.73	41,687.17
Investment at fair value through profit or loss	118.78	115.56	308.59	7,065.28	5,217.21	12,825.42
Invostments at amortised cost	G,G03.7E			1,589.36	6,816.95	15,010.06
Other financial assets	403.85	19.00	5.02	247.00	754.70	1,429.57
Total undiscounted non- derivative financial assets	20,753.46	2,204.15	8,336.85	24,181.70	21,754.83	77,230.99

	Upto 3	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1	1 year to 3	More than 3	Total	
Non-derivative financial liabilities	Months		year	years	years		
1rade payables	401.88		-	-		401.88	
Debt securities	6,169.99	387.00	3,765.68	19,659.50	10,085.12	40,067.29	
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	2,272.00	1,047.75	4,636.74	18,260.17	2,533.78	28,750.44	
Subordinated Liabilities		391.50	56.25	622.38		1,070.13	
Other financial liabilities	926.88	1,343.66	1,020.06	3,893.08	5,207.79	12,391.47	
Total undiscounted non-derivative financial liabilities	9,770.75	3,169.91	9,478.73	42,435.13	17,826.69	82,681.21	

As at March 31, 2022 - Analysis of financial liabilities, financial assets, derivatives and financial commitments by remaining contractual maturities

Non-derivative financial assets	Upto 3 Months	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	4,864.87	35.78	977.72	355.67	4.06	6,238.10
Stock-in-trade	1,632.83	4.29	7.86	556.23	28.52	2,229.73
Trade receivables	57.42	106.69	56.64	-	-	220.75
Loans	2,793.11	2,025.18	9,257.90	20,414.54	7,372.82	41,863.55
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	4,410.15	110.43	22.08	4,402.28	1,978.43	10,923.37
Investments		-	-	11,391.10	3,513.95	14,905.05
Other financial assets	402.04		12.89	24.88	316.48	756.29
Total undiscounted non- derivative financial assets	14,160.42	2,282.37	10,335.09	37,144.70	13,214.26	77,136.84

Non-derivative financial liabilities	Upto 3 Months	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Financial Liabilities						
Trade payables	233,64	97.13	-	-	-	330.77
Debt securities	13,190.90	491.60	5,081.55	1,443.48	12,498.93	32,706.46
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	4,719.36	1,591.31	8,764.62	22,782.37	561.13	38,418.79
Subordinated Liabilities		7.05	2,290.75	112.50	465.89	2,876.19
Other financial liabilities	1,349.89	361.99	803.98	3,301.14	3,863.97	9,680.97
Total undiscounted non- derivative financial liabilities	19,493.79	2,549.08	16,940.90	27,639.49	17,389.92	84,013.18





# Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

#### 55. Risk Management (Continued)

#### 55.E Liquidity Risk (continued)

All derivatives which are entered into for trading purpose are shown in the earliest time band. With respect to other derivatives, the remaining contractual maturity information has been given based on undiscounted cash flows.

#### As at March 31, 2023

Derivatives	Upto 3 Months	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Net Settled derivatives entered into for trading purpose	_	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-		4	-		-
As at March 31, 2022						
Derivatives	Upto 3 Months	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Net Settled derivatives entered into for trading purpose	(12.01)	-	-	-	-	(12.01
Total	(12.01)					(12.01

#### Contractual expiry of commitments

The table below shows the contractual expiry by maturity of the Group's commitments.

As at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Upto 3 Months	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undrawn loan and other commitments	989.95	56.06	105.33	584.20	0.38	1,735.92
	980.95	\$6.06	105.33	E84.20	0.38	1,735,92
As at March 31, 2022						
O-stimiles.	Upto 3	3 to 6 Months	6 Months to 1	1 year to 3	More than 3	Total
Particulars	Months		year	years	years	
Undrawn loan and other commitments	759.12	34.92	65.60	579.85	-	1,439.49
	759.12	34.92	65.60	579.85	-	1,439.49





#### Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

#### 55. Risk Management (continued)

#### 55.F Market Risk (continued)

#### Interest Rate Risk

The principal risk to which non-trading portfolios are exposed is the risk of loss from fluctuations in the future cash flows or fair values of financial instruments because of a change in market interest rates. Interest rate risk is managed principally through monitoring interest rate gaps and by having pre-approved limits for repricing bands.

ALCO is the monitoring body for compliance with these limits. ALCO reviews the interest rate gap statement and the mix of floating and fixed rate assets and liabilities. Balance Sheet Management Unit is in-charge for day to day management of interest rate risk.

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair values of financial instruments. The Board has established limits on the non-trading interest rate gaps for stipulated periods. The Group's policy is to monitor positions on a daily basis and hedging strategies are used to ensure positions are maintained within the established limits.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates (all other variables being constant) of the Group's statement of profit and loss and equity. The sensitivity of the statement of profit and loss is the effect of the assumed changes in interest rates on the profit or loss for a year, based on the floating rate non-trading financial assets and financial liabilities held at March 31, 2023 and at March 31, 2022

#### Interest rate sensitivity

			202	2-23		
	Increase in basis points	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in basis points	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
INR Loans	0.25	54.68	#	0.25	(54.68)	-
INR Borrowing	0.25	(81.29)		0.25	81.29	-
			202	1-22		
	Increase in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
INR Loans	25	(19.04)	(8.11)	25	19.04	8.11
INR Borrowing	0.25	0.28	-	0.25	(0.28)	-

#### **Currency Risk**

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arise majorly on account of foreign currency borrowings.

The table below indicates the currencies to which the Group had significant exposure at the end of the reported periods. The analysis calculates the effect of a reasonably possible movement of the currency rate against the INR (all other variables being constant) on the statement of profit and loss (due to the fair value of currency sensitive non-trading monetary assets and liabilities) and equity (due to the change in fair value of currency swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts used as cash flow hedges).

			20	22-23		
	Increase in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
USD	25	4.50	-	25	(4.50)	_
			20	21-22		
	Increase in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	20 Sensitivity of Equity	21-22  Decrease in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity





# Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

#### 55. Risk Management (continued)

#### 55.F Market Risk (continued)

Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of individual investment in equity share prices.

			20	22-23		
	Increase in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
Derivative financial instruments	5	_	-	5	-	-
Others	5	5.88	-	5	(5.88)	-
			20	21-22		
	Increase in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
Derivatives	5	(0.60)	-	5	0.60	-
Others	5	65.09	-	5	(65.09)	_

#### Index price risk

Index price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of equity

			20	22-23		
	Increase in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
Derivatives	25		_	25	-	-
***************************************			20	21-22		7.10
	Increase in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in basis points	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
Derivatives	25	-		25	_	

			20	22-23		
	Increase in price (%)	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in price (%)	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
Others	5	224.18	_	5	(224.18)	•
			20	21-22		
	Increase în price (%)	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity	Decrease in price {%}	Sensitivity of Profit	Sensitivity of Equity
Others	5	183.94	-	5	(183.94)	-





# Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## 56. Composition of the Group

Name of the Entity	Note	Country of Incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest as at March 31,	Proportion of ownership interest as at March 31,
Subsidiaries:			2023	2022
known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)( NHFL)		India	95.00%	95.00%
Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited		India	100.00%	100.00%
EC Commodity Limited		India	-	0.00%
Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited		India	100.00%	100.00%
Comtrade Commodities Services Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Comtrade Limited)		India	100.00%	100.00%
Allium Finance Private Limited	a	India	73.76%	70.97%
Associate				70.3770
ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)		India	52.31%	52.31%
	Subsidiaries: Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited) (NHFL) Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited EC Commodity Limited Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Comtrade Limited) Allium Finance Private Limited Associate ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land	Subsidiaries:  Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited) (NHFL)  Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited  EC Commodity Limited  Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited  Comtrade Commodities Services Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Comtrade Limited)  Allium Finance Private Limited a  Associate  ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land	Subsidiaries:  Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance India Limited) (NHFL)  Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited India EC Commodity Limited India Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services India India Comtrade Commodities Services Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Comtrade India Limited)  Allium Finance Private Limited a India Associate  ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land	Name of the Entity  Note  Country of Incorporation  interest as at March 31, 2023  Subsidiaries:  Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)( NHFL)  Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited  EC Commodity Limited  EC Commodity Limited  India  100.00%  EC Commodity Limited  India  100.00%  India

a. With effect from 12 October 2022, Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited, wholly owned subsidiary of the Company has increased its stake in Allium Finance Private Limited, one of its subsidiary from 70.97% to 73.76% and same has be consolidated accordingly.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

57 Additional Information, as required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, of enterprises consolidated as Subsidiary or Associates

	The common first of the co	Not Accore in Total Accore minus	Accore minus						-
		Total Liabilities	rties	Share in Profit or Loss	ofit or Loss	Share in Other Comprehensive Income	mprenensive e	snare in Total Comprehensive Income	mprenensive e
Sr. No.	h. Name of the Entity	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated other comprehensive lucome	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated total comprehensive	Amount (₹ in Million)
Parent	311	yuumaaaaaaaaa .		The state of the s		The state of the s	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
**************************************	Edel Finance Company Limited	402.95%	15,235.11	(32.75)%	654.02	(23.27)%	0.14	(32.75)%	654.16
Subs	Subsidiaries		TOTAL OF THE PARTY		THE THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO TH	The state of the s	THE STATE OF THE S		
	Indian								
4	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing			The second secon	The second secon	Programme: Maria Cala	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O		hitches and the second
1	Finance Limited)( NHFL)	210.13%	7,944.68	(8.04)%	160.63	(392,23)%	2.36	(8.16)%	162 99
7	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	(111.06)%	(4,198.95)	58.76%	(1,173.21)	28.25%	(0.17)	58.75%	(1.173.38)
33	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	114,41%	4,325.56	98.59%	(1,968.55)	453.72%	(2,73)	%59'86	(1.971.28)
4	Comtrade Commodities Services Limited (Formerly known as	0.19%	7.04	0.23%	(4.64)	33.24%	(0.20)	0.24%	
1	_			!					(4.84)
ro	Allium Finance Private Limited	34.68%	1,311.34	(1.84)%	36.71	%00.0	distance	(1.84)%	36.71
	Non-Controlling Interests	19.59%	740.54	(0.92)%	18.32	(19.66)%	0.12	(0.92)%	18.44
	Adjustments arising out of consolidation	(558.50)%	(21,116.38)	-19.34%	386.25	19.94%	(0.12)	-19.33%	386.13
	Associate (Investment as per the equity method) - Indian			week	-	ATT THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER		TOWN MARKET	PROFESSION STATES
	ECap Equities Limited (formerly Edel Land Limited)	(12.38)%	(468.03)	5.32%	(106.31)	0.00%	. BANKWANA	5.32%	(106.31)
***************************************	A	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				TOTAL STATE OF THE	PROPOSONO - SHALLONG -	WARRY CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY O	
	(DCS)	300.00%	3,780.91	100.00%	(1,996.78)	100.00%	(0.60)	100.00%	(1,997.38)





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

#### 58. Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium

- 58.A During the year, the Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entityties), including foreign entit es (intermediates) with the understanding that the intermediary shall (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (U) mate Benefic aries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Utimate Benefic aries).
- 58.8 During the year, the Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(los), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether received in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall other than as discipted in note (1) below:

  (1) directly or indirectly lend or investing other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Uit mate Beneficiar os) or

  (3) provide any guarantee, security, or the Cke to or on behalf of the Uit mate Beneficiar es)

Note (1)

During the year, the Group has taken loans from its hoding company and given loan to its subsidiar eatific low subsidiary companies in the ordinary course of business, which are at Aim's length and the same is approved by Board
Addit Committee of the Group. The Group confirm that the below transactions are in accordance with relevant provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999) and Companies Act, 2013 and the such transactions are not in Violation of the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003).

**Committee of the Group Confirm that the below transactions are not in Violation of the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003).

**Committee of the Group Confirm that the below transactions are not in Violation of the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003).

**Committee of the Group Confirm that the below transactions are not in Violation of the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003).

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**Committee of the Group Confirm that the below transactions are not in Violation of the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003).

**Committee of the Group Confirm that the below transactions are not in Violation of the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003).

**Committee of the Group Confirm that the below transactions are not in Violation of the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003).

**Committee of the Group Confirm that the Below transactions are not in Violation of the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003).

**Committee of the Group Confirm that the Below

Name of Lander	Nature	Date	Rs. in milions	Hame of Company in which investment done by the Company	Nature	Date	Rs, in millions	Remarks
Ecop Equates comited (Formerly Society as Ecol Laco comited/HEXL)	Loan Taken	Various Dates	359 10	к⊈ЕН	Investment A.F.Units	in 27-Mar 23	320:0	11 ELC is associate of ERCSs and IC File is follow subsidiary of ERCSs
			729 00	Edelwais Alternative Asset Advisors amited (RAAA)	cean Given	28-Mar 23	270 00	1) Ecop Equation Limited is associate of ERCSL and ERRA is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL
				Edefweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited (E.A.)	Loan Given	Vancus Oates		11 ELo is associate of ERCSL and EAL is subsidiary of ERCSL
ECL firance (imited (ECLS)	Loan Taken	Various dates	1,048 30 386 70	ECAP Equates survited (Formerly Indian as Edel Land Survited (ESS)	can Gren	Vanous Dates	1 948 30 385 70	1) ECL Finance is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL and ERL is an autoclate of ERCSL 2) ERCSL has repaid its borrowing from ECLF and ERL has repaid its borrowing to ERCSL.
Edel Finance Company umsted (EFCL)	Losn Taken	Vanous Dates	450 00	Edelcap Securities (amited (Edelcap)	LOZA GIVEN	Vanous Dates	450 00	1) EFCL is holding company of ERCSL and Edelcapes subsidiary of ERCSL 21 Edelcap has repaid its borrowing from ERCSL
			209-90	Edelwess Securities & investments Function (1996)			200 00	IS EFC; is hotting company of ERC is and ERC to fellow substituting of ERCSs. ES Pt has reposit its bostowing from ERCSs.
Edel investments Limited (E E)	Lcan Taken	Various Dates	750 CO	Novama Wealth and investment cameted (50s)	ican Given	Various Dates		1) EIL is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL and 68) is associate of 6751. 2) Borrowings from EIL has been repoid by ERCSL EBL has repold its borrowing to ERCSL
Gollap Securities Limited (Edelcap)	Loan Taken	7 Apr. 22	250.00	Nevama Wealth and Investment limited (EBL)	.oan Given	Various Dates		It Editab is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL and EB; is associate of EFSL 2). Berrowings from Editap has been repaid by ERCSL EB; has repaid its borrowing to ERCSL.
Edelwelts Financial Services Limited (EFSL)	LOán Taken	28-Dec-22	95709	<b>で</b> 年10	investment iii A:F Units	28: Dec-22		1) EFSU is estimate holding company of ERCSs and iC:F it is fellow subsidiary of ERCSs.
	ican Taken	Various Obtes	1,750.00	Eddwors Retail Finance cimited (ERFL)	Loan Given	\$6-Dec-22		at EFSL is ultimate holding company of ERCSL and ERTL is follow subsidiary of ERCSL ERFL has repaid its borrowing from ERCSL.
	LazaTəken	Various Dates		Erap Equibes umited (Formerly known as (deligand (Imited)(Era)		Various Dates	450 00	1) EFSL is ultimate holding company of ERCSL and Ess is associate of ERCSL Ess has repaid its borrowing to ERCSL
Nito Mome France Limited (Famerly known as Edelwess Housing Finance Limited)(194FL)	10an Taken	Various Dates	4,430 00	Ecap Equities Limited (Formerly known as Edd Land cimited)(ELL)	Ltán Gwen	Various Dates	4,490,00	11 Ninficis subsidiary of ERCSI, and Fizers associate of ERCSI, ERCSI, has repaid its borrowing from NAFI, Ell has repaid its borrowing from ERCSI,

#### For March 31, 2022

Name of Lender	Nature	Date	Rs. in millions	Name of Company in which investment done by the Company	Nature	Date	Rs. in millions	Remarks
Eddiwess Financial Services Lamited (EPEL)	Loan fakèn	Vanous dates	8,200	EC: Finance umrted (EC: Finance)	Loan Given	Vanous cates		11 EFSL is ultimate holdin. Company of Eddwork Raval & Carporate Service samited (ERSCI) and EC Finance is subsidiary of EFSL and is lefton subsidiary of ERSL 17 ECL finance has repaid 7-420 million back to EFSL and ERSSL has also repaid the same back to EFSL.
Edelwels Financial Services Limited (EFSL)	teanGwen	9 Jun 22		ECap Equines united (farmerly 656) (and United)	taan Given	9-Jun-22		1) EFSL is oltimate holding Company of ERSC an Edel Land is wholly come tubudayr of EFSL an fallow subbidiary of ERCS. 2) Edel Land has repaid 2,130 million back to ERCS and ERCSL has also repaid the came back to EFSL.

Note (2)
Based on the regal opinion obtained by the Hording Company, the transactions undertaken by the Company (CIC.NBFC) of borrowing/ending/investment to and from its hording/subsidiary/siff-late/group entity(es) (together referred to as the 'Group') or borrowing from outside the Group for onward rending/investments for carrying on their respective business in ordinary course will not attract reporting under Rule 11(e) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (the 'Rules') Accordingly, transactions undertaken by the Company is not disclosed under the Rules





#### Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency -Indian rupees in millions)

#### 59. Other Additional Regulatory Information

59.1. The deeds of immovable Properties not held in name of the Group The Group do not have any immovable properties where title deeds are not held in the name of the Group

59.2. Leans and Advances
The Group has granted treats or advances in the nature of loans, without specifying period of repsyment of principal to companies. However, during the year the Group has executed supplementary agreement with such companies to stipurate this schedule for repayment of principal. Of these following are the ideas of the aggregate amount of loans or advances in the nature of loans granted to promoters or related parties as defined in Clause (78) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013:

Type of Borrower	For March	31, 2021	For 8tarch 31, 2027		
	Amount of lean pr			Percentage to the total Loans and	
				Advances in the nature of loans	
	nature of loan	and Advances	of lean outstanding	1	
Premoters	Nil	NA	Ni.	NA NA	
Directors	N.I	NA.	N1	NA NA	
KMPs	NO.	NA.	N.I	NA.	
Related Parties	ta:	224	79.553.40	\$ 550 to \$360	

59.3. Details of Benami Property held

The Group does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been not alled or pending against the Group for holding any Benami property.

59.4. Security of current assets against borrowings
The Group has borrowing from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Quarterly return and statement Field by the Group with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of account of the Group, wherever applicable.

59.5. Wiful Defaulter
The Group 4 not declared as wiful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender

#### 59.6. Relationship with Struck off Companies

For March 31, 2023	1	1	
Name of strock of Company	Nature of	Dalance	Relationship with the
Anahat Organisation Development Consultancy Avt Ltd	Professional Fees	Nd	Vendor
Glossy Creation Private simited	Receivables	0.59	Client
Shams Cable Network	Office expense	'al	Vendor
Kamal Enterprises	Miscellaneous	No.	Vendor
MIR DENTERPRISES	. Repairs &	Nd	Vendor

#### For March 31, 2022

Name of struck of Company		Balance outstanding	Relationship with the struck off Company
Reuters India Private Umited	Rent expenses	N F	Vendor
NMCI Inspections and Survey Company Private Limited	Sale of Scrap	N4	Cient
Glossy Creations Private Limited	Reservables	0 65	Cent

59.7. Undiscoded income
The Group does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or discoded as income during the year in the tax assessments under the income Tax Act. 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant area/sent area/sent of the Islania, Tax Aut, 1991.

59.8. The Group is in compliance with number of layers of companies, as presented under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) fluxes, 2017

59.9. Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency
The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency during the Financial year.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

- 60. The Indian Parliament has approved the Code on Social Security, 2020 which subsumes the Provident Fund and the Gratuity Act and rules there under. The Ministry of Labour and Employment has also released draft rules thereunder on November 13, 2020 and has invited suggestions from stakeholders which are under active consideration by the Ministry. The Group will evaluate the rules, assess the Impact if any, and account for the same once the rules are notified and become
- 61. Pursuant to the Amendment Agreement dated March 9, 2023 to the Amended and Restated Shareholders' Agreement dated March 18, 2021 between Edelweiss Financial Service Ltd. (Holding Company). Ede/welss Global Wealth Management Limited, PAGAC Ecstasy Ptg. Ltd. and Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly Edelweiss Securities Limited), the amendment to the articles of association of Nuvama Wealth Management Limited and the appointment of independent trustee, Nuvama Wealth Management Limited and its subsidiary Companies ceased to be associate of the Company w.e.f. March 30, 2023, Accordingly, pursuant to Ind A5 28 - "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures", Company's retained interest in Nuvama Wealth Management Limited has been recorded at fair value as at March 31, 2023.
- 62. "Nuwama Clearing Services Limited ("NCSL") (Formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited), an erstwhile associate of the Edelweiss Financial Services Company Limited (EFSL) challenged an order, by an investigating agency, marking lien on its clearing account, before the 47th Additional Chief Metropolitan Magistrate Court, Mumbal ("ACMM"). Since the Investigation against Anugrab Stock and Broking Pvt. Ltd. ("trading member"), for which NCSL was a clearing member, is still under process, the said Court contended that it had no objection to setting aside the lien order, upon NCSL providing an undertaking to keep sufficient assets unencumbered. The above case which is pending for hearing before ACMM, has now been transferred to the City Civil & Sessions Court under Maharashtra Protection of Interest of Depositors (in Financial Establishments) Act, 1999 (MPID). During the quarter ended March 2023, hearing has happened with Securities Appellate Tribunat with respect to NSCL's application made to SAT for challenging NCL's perverse order against NCSL; and the said hearing has been concluded and for which no order or further directions from SAT have yet been received. The matter is sub-judice and has been listed for further hearing and there is no further update on this matter during the quarter.

On behalf of NCSL, the Group has provided the undertaking to keep sufficient unencumbered assets amounting to ₹ 2.870 million belonging to the Company and the

The Company has been represented by NCSL that it has acted in accordance with the agreement entered with the trading member and in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Accordingly, there is no adjustment required in the financial results for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2023.

- 63. During the previous year ended March 31, 2022, certain assets amounting to ₹ 1,284.40 million were sold to afternative assets funds by the fellow subsidiary NBFCs. Edelwelss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ("ERCSL") a subsidiary, has, vide a put agreement dated July 31, 2021, has guaranteed / undertaken to purchase these financial assets amounting to ₹ 1,284.40 million on occurrence of certain trigger event as per the agreement. Further, as the risks and rewards continues in the Group, these are accounted as financial assets in the consolidated financial statements and the consequent expected credit loss is recorded in the consolidated
- 64. The Income Tax Authorities (" the Department" ) had conducted a search under section 132 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 on the premises of the Company during March 2023. The Company had provided the requisite details which were sought by the income tax authorities during the course of the search. Subsequently, the Company has received summons under section 131 (1A) of the income Tax Act, 1961 seeking certain data/information, which the Company is in the process of responding. The Company confirms that neither the Department has raised any tax demand nor the Company has admitted any tax liability. Further, no proceeding or assessment orders have been issued post the search conducted by the Department. While uncertainty exists regarding the outcome of the proceedings by the Department, the Company is extending its full cooperation with the concerned income tax authorities and based on current internal assessment management is of the view that this will not have any impact on the Company's financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023.
- 65. During the year ended March 31, 2023, Nido Home Finance Limited (formerly known as Edelwelss Housing Finance Limited), one subsidiary of the Company, had sold certain financial assets amounting to ₹ 129.8 millions (net of provisions and losses), to asset reconstructions company trust ("ARC Trust") and acquired security receipts (SR) amounting to ₹110.3 millions from these ARC Trusts. Ind AS 109 - 'Financial Instruments', prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act. 2013. requires substantially all risks and rewards to be transferred for the purpose of de-recognition of such financial assets from the Company's financial result. Edeliveiss Financial Services Limited (EFSL), the ultimate holding company had undertaken substantially all risks and rewards in respect of such financial assets. As a result, these financial assets were de-recognized in the Company's financial resul
- NIdo had initiated sale of certain credit impaired financial assets before March 31, 2023 and for which definitive contracts were executed post the balance sheet date. These financial assets sold after March 31, 2023, amounted to ₹ 205.7 millions (net of provisions and losses) to asset reconstruction company trust (ARCTrust). As per Ind AS 109, Financial instruments, prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 significant judgement is involved in classification of assets. Accordingly, on account of subsequent sale to and recovery from ARC Trust of such credit impaired assets, management has recorded such financial assets as recoverable and not as credit impaired financial assets. EFSL, the ultimate holding Company has, undertaken substantially all risks and rewards in respect of these financial assets aggregating to ₹ 174.8 millions.
  As at March 31, 2023, there are no impact on the financial statements of the Nido other than expected credit loss recorded in the statement of Profit and Loss for

the year ended March 31, 2023 amounting to ₹ 5.3 millions.

67. Figures for the previous year have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary to confirm to current year presentation.

As per our report of even date attached For Dhiral & Oheerai For and on behalf of the Board of Directors ICAI Firm Registration Number 102454W rtered Accountants & D می a Suneja alloódra Dadhlch Vidya Shah ive Director & CFO DIN: 00274831 07297081 Membership No: 425098 arun Khuran Company Secretary COME Mumbai May 24, 20 Mumbai May 24, 2023