

Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Corporate Identity Number: U67100MH2007PLC174759

Consolidated Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as the 'Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023 and the Consolidated statement of Profit and Loss including the Consolidated Other Comprehensive loss, the Consolidated statement of changes in equity and the Consolidated cash flows Statement for the year then ended, and notes to the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (hereinafter referred to as "the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of their Consolidated state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, of Consolidated profit including Consolidated other comprehensive loss, Consolidated changes in equity and its Consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by ICAI, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements.

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Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Fair Valuation of Investments in Security Receipts (SR) As described in Note 6 of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements	
<p>The Group has investment in SR amounts to Rs 27,134.74 millions as disclosed in the Consolidated financial statements.</p> <p>The fair value of SRs is determined through discounted cash flow method which involves management judgement using level 3 inputs such as projection of future cash flows and expenses.</p> <p>The management has involved credit rating agencies for valuation of SR.</p> <p>Considering the fair valuation of investments is significant to overall consolidated financial statements and the degree of management's judgment involved in the estimate, any error in the estimate could lead to material misstatement in the consolidated financial statements.</p> <p>Therefore, it is considered as a key audit matter.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Our audit procedures included an assessment of internal controls over measurement of fair value and evaluating the methodologies, inputs, judgments made and assumptions used by management in determining fair values. • We evaluated rationale of the models and accounting treatment applied. We compared observable inputs against independent sources and externally available market data for sample cases. • We have performed testing on a sample basis of key inputs as mentioned above to validate the reasonableness of the input values. • We assessed disclosures included in the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements with respect to such fair valuation.
Impairment of Trade Receivable As described in Note 4 of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statement	
<p>Trade receivables outstanding as on March 31, 2023 are Rs. 2,136.81 millions. Significant portion of trade receivables comprises of management fees receivable from trusts where the Company is the trustee.</p> <p>Ind AS 109 Financial instruments (Ind AS 109) requires the Group to provide for impairment of its financial instruments (designated as amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income) using the expected credit loss (ECL) approach. Such ECL allowance is required to be measured considering the guiding principles mentioned in the standard.</p> <p>The Group follows simplified approach for ECL on trade receivables and recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime expected credit loss at each reporting date</p> <p>The computation provision for receivables involves high degree of judgement applied by management in determining expected credit loss and hence considered a key audit matter.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Our audit procedures included considering the Group's board approved policies for impairment of trade receivable and assessing compliance with the policies in terms of Ind AS 109. • We assessed the design and tested the operating effectiveness of key controls over the computation of provision on trade receivables. • We obtained management's assessment of future cash flows and validated the assumptions with historical data on recovery and write off on trade receivables. • For sample cases we tested the computation of lifetime expected credit losses. • We tested the arithmetical accuracy of computation of ECL provision performed by the Company. • We assessed the disclosures related to provision on trade receivables included in the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements.

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Impairment of Loans As described in Note 5 of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statement	
<p>Loans (net of impairment provision) outstanding as on March 31, 2023 are Rs. 26,505.98 millions.</p> <p>Ind AS 109 Financial instruments (Ind AS 109) requires the Group to provide for impairment of its financial instruments (designated as amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income) using the expected credit loss (ECL) approach. Such ECL allowance is required to be measured considering the guiding principles mentioned in the standard. In the process of applying such principles and other requirements of the standard, a significant degree of judgement has been applied by the management in respect of following matters:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Grouping of loans under homogenous pools in order to determine probability of default (PD) on a collective basis. Determining the staging of loans Determining effect of past defaults on future probability of default Estimation of management overlay for macro-economic factors which could impact the ECL provisions. Estimation of loss given default (LGD) based on past recovery rates <p>Given the complexity, significant judgement involved in the estimation of impairment of financial instruments, we have considered this area as a key audit matter.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Our audit procedures included considering the Group's board approved policies for impairment of financial instruments and assessing compliance with the policies in terms of Ind AS 109. We understood the process of ECL estimation and tested the design and operating effectiveness of key controls around data extraction and validation. We understood the methodology used by the management to arrive at their ECL provision and examined certain assumptions used by the Group in their model for grouping and staging of financial assets into various categories and default buckets and for determining the PD and LGD rates including the macro-economic factors. We tested the operating effectiveness of the controls for staging of loans based on their past due status. We tested the arithmetical accuracy of computation of ECL provision performed by the Group. We assessed the disclosures included in the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements with respect to such allowance / estimate are in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 109 and Ind AS 107 Financial Instruments: Disclosures.
Consolidation of Trusts As described in Note 1.4 of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statement	
<p>The Group sets up trusts to acquire stressed assets for the purpose of carrying on the activity of Securitisation and Asset Reconstruction. These Trusts issue SRs which represent the beneficial undivided right, title and interest in the assets of the respective trust to the beneficiaries. The Group acts as assets manager in respect of these trusts and consolidates and trusts which it controls.</p> <p>As per Ind-AS 110 Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements. the Company needs to consolidate the entity when it controls it. Control is achieved when the Company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. To assess control various factors need to be considered based on relevant facts and circumstances.</p> <p>Considering the significant management judgement and estimate involved in assessing</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> We have understood the structure of all the trusts managed by the company and reviewed the beneficial interest. the waterfall mechanism of distribution of returns and other relevant clauses of the trust deeds. We have obtained and reviewed the workings made by the management to assess the variability of returns from the recovery in the trusts based on estimated recovery in the trusts. We have read and understood the management's policy on the assessment of the percentage of variability for the Company to be classified from agent to principal for the purpose of consolidation, in accordance with Ind AS110. We have verified the consolidation of these trusts done by the Company.

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control, we have considered this a key audit matter.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> We have assessed disclosures included in the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements with respect to these assets in accordance with Ind AS 107 and Ind AS 110.
Valuation of Purchase or originated credit impaired assets (POCI) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> As described in Note 5.1 of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statement 	
<p>The trusts that are consolidated, have assets on their books which are impaired and accordingly in accordance with Ind AS 109 classified as purchased or originated credit impaired assets ("POCI"). The Company has POCI (net of impairment) assets amounting to Rs. 23,991.50 millions as disclosed in the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023.</p> <p>These assets are measured using projected cash flows based on management estimates of recovery and then discounted at the credit adjusted effective interest rate.</p> <p>Further, the management has made an assessment on each POCI asset to ascertain future recoverability estimates. In making this assessment, the management has used several estimates, assumptions and sources of information (both internal and external), including but not limited to quality of collateral available, external credit reports, economic forecasts for future expected performance of the underlying companies etc. The assumptions and estimates used by the management may vary and actual results may differ from the estimates and assumptions</p> <p>Considering the significant management estimate and judgement involved in assessing cash flows and the discount rate, we have considered this as a key audit matter.</p>	<p>The procedures performed by the component auditors of Holding Company, as reported by them to determine the appropriateness of the valuation of purchased or originated credit impaired assets by undertaking the following procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For POCI assets, understood methodology applied by the management to value these assets including the key inputs in that process which included future cash flow projections and the calculation of credit adjusted effective interest rate for discounting those cash flows and tested for samples these key inputs and estimates used. Tested the operating effectiveness of the controls for collating the information for future recovery estimates and past collections records. Verified on a sample basis the calculation of the credit adjusted effective interest rate used for the purpose of discounting these assets. Verified the arithmetical accuracy of the valuation of the POCI assets using the expected cash flow and discount rate performed by the Company using spreadsheets.

Other Information

The Group's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Board's Report ("other information"), but does not include the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



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Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements in term of the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 that give a true and fair view of the Consolidated financial position, Consolidated financial performance and Consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements (*Continued*) override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements (*Continued*)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements of such entities included in the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

We did not audit the Ind AS Financial Statements 73 subsidiaries, whose Ind AS Financial Statements reflect total assets of Rs. 24,331.07 millions as at March 31, 2023 total revenues of Rs.5,290.38 millions and net cash outflows amounting to Rs. 33.92 millions for the year ended on that date, as considered in the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements. This Ind AS Financial Statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) and (11) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.



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Other Matters (Continued)

Our opinion on the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the Ind AS Financial Statements certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
 - (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies, incorporated in India is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure 2.
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the Consolidated financial position of the Group— Refer Note 35 to the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements.
 - ii. The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India.

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Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements (Continued)

iv. (a) The respective Managements of the Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 49.9 to the accounts, during the year no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company or any of such subsidiaries, to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company or any of such subsidiaries ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(b) The respective Managements of the Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 49.9 to accounts, during the year no funds have been received by the Company or any of such subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company or any of such subsidiaries, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us and that performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our or other auditors' notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) contain any material mis-statement.

v. The Group has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.

vi. As proviso to rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable to the Group only w.e.f. April 1, 2023, reporting under this clause is not applicable.

For Nangia & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
FRN No. 002391C/N500069


Jaspreet Singh Bedi
Partner

Membership No.: 601788
UDIN: 23601788BGVLIG8267

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 11, 2023

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Annexure 1 referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading 'Report on other legal and regulatory requirements' of our report of even date

Re: Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited ("the Company")

Clause (xxi)

Trusts incorporated in India and included in the consolidated financial statements does not have Companies (Auditor's Report) Order (CARO) applicable to them. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable to the Holding Company.

For Nangia & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
FRN No. 002391C/N500069



Jaspreet Singh Bedi
Partner
Membership No.: 601788
UDIN: 23601788BGPLIG8267

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 11, 2023

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"ANNEXURE 2" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF EDELWEISS ASSET RECONSTRUCTION COMPANY LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

**To
The Member of
Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 In conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of the Group for the year on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Management of the of the company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI)". These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Consolidated Financial Statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statement and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements.



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Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting with reference to these Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statement to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Financial Statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Other Matters

Our aforesaid reports under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting includes only the Company. The trust forming part of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements are not Companies as defined as per the act and accordingly reporting on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal control is not applicable to these trusts.

For Nangia & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
FRN No. 002391C/N500069



Jaspreet Singh Bedi
Partner
Membership No.: 601788
UDIN: 23601788BGVLIG8267

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 11, 2023

Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

CIN-U67100MH2007PLC174759

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
ASSETS			
Financial assets			
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	2	8,714.13	6,486.12
(b) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	3	923.98	907.71
(c) Trade receivables (net of impairment on financial instruments)	4	2,136.81	2,629.81
(d) Loans (net of impairment on financial instruments)	5	26,505.98	14,872.39
(e) Investments	6	27,134.74	36,776.04
(f) Other financial assets	7	52.98	60.00
		65,468.62	61,732.07
Non-financial assets			
(a) Current tax assets (net)	8	711.08	533.98
(b) Property, Plant and Equipment	9	7.32	12.18
(c) Other intangible assets	9	10.12	8.49
(d) Intangible assets under development	10	9.85	3.49
(e) Other non-financial assets	11	59.09	23.31
		797.46	581.45
TOTAL ASSETS		66,266.08	62,313.52
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Financial liabilities			
(a) Trade payables			
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	12		
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	12	101.81	126.87
(b) Debt securities	13	27,346.32	32,323.53
(c) Borrowings (other than debt securities)	14	1,822.65	949.75
(d) Other financial liabilities	15	7,136.01	1,983.36
		36,406.79	35,383.51
Non-financial liabilities			
(a) Provisions	16	55.21	42.66
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	17	209.64	414.02
(c) Other non-financial liabilities	18	1,639.99	1,882.63
		1,904.84	2,339.31
EQUITY			
(a) Equity share capital	19	2,632.53	2,632.53
(b) Instruments entirely equity in nature	20		
(c) Other equity	21	25,321.92	21,958.17
		27,954.45	24,590.70
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		66,266.08	62,313.52

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

1

This is the Consolidated Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date

For Nangia & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm's Registration No. 002391C / N500069

Jaspreet Singh Bedi

Partner

Membership Number: 601788

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Rajkumar Bansal

Managing Director and CEO

DIN :00122506

Vidya Shah

Non-Executive Non-Independent Director

DIN :00274831

Ashwani Kumar

Chief Financial Officer

Deepak Nautiyal

Company Secretary

Membership Number: 29485

Mumbai

May 11, 2023

Mumbai

May 11, 2023

Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

CIN-U67100MH2007PLC174759

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Revenue from operations			
Interest income	22	5,554.44	3,723.37
Fee and commission income	23	7,009.91	9,087.56
Net gain/ (loss) on fair value changes	24	437.50	(2,607.42)
Total Revenue from operations		13,001.85	10,203.51
Other income	25	1.62	-
Total Income		13,003.47	10,203.51
Expenses			
Finance costs	26	4,453.69	5,222.97
Impairment on financial instruments	27	2,688.40	609.19
Employee benefits expense	28	809.29	682.91
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	9	12.21	10.62
Other expenses	29	510.12	395.92
Total expenses		8,473.71	6,921.61
Profit before tax		4,529.76	3,281.90
Tax expenses:			
Current tax	30	1,370.46	837.40
Deferred tax	30	(203.65)	28.33
Profit for the year		3,362.95	2,416.17
Other Comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement gain / (loss) on defined benefit plans (OCI)		(2.93)	(4.70)
Tax effect on Remeasurement gain / (loss) on defined benefit plans (OCI)		0.73	1.18
Other Comprehensive loss (Net of Tax)		(2.20)	(3.52)
Total Comprehensive income		3,360.75	2,412.65
Earnings per equity share (Face value of Rs. 10 each):			
(1) Basic	31	12.77	10.06
(2) Diluted	31	12.77	10.06

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

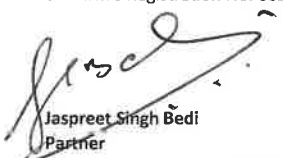
1

This is the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date


For Nangia & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm's Registration No. 002391C / N500069

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited


Jaspreet Singh Bedi
Partner
Membership Number: 601788


Rajkumar Bansal
Managing Director and CEO
DIN :00122506


Vidya Shah
Non-Executive Non-Independent Director
DIN :00274831


Ashwani Kumar
Chief Financial Officer


Deepak Nautiyal
Company Secretary
Membership Number: 29485

Mumbai
May 11, 2023

Mumbai
May 11, 2023

Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

CIN-U67100MH2007PLC174759

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
A Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before taxation	4,529.76	3,281.90
Adjustments for		
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	12.21	10.62
Impairment on financial instruments	2,660.43	609.19
Diminution in the value of trade receivables	(725.35)	(180.71)
Write off of Investment in security receipts	63.89	1,838.08
Provision for compensated absences	0.29	3.52
Provision for gratuity	5.87	8.72
Profit from investments in security receipts	(2,033.78)	(468.66)
Interest income on fixed deposits	(211.83)	(93.10)
Fair value changes on financial assets	1,880.47	1,279.14
Fair value changes on financial liabilities	(348.09)	(41.13)
Finance costs	4,453.69	5,222.97
Operating cash flow before working capital changes	10,287.56	11,470.55
Add / (Less): Adjustments for working capital changes		
Increase / (Decrease) in trade payables	(25.06)	33.43
Increase / (Decrease) in other financial liabilities	5,152.66	(780.64)
(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivables	1,218.31	386.97
(Increase) / Decrease in loans given	(14,294.01)	(2,004.00)
(Increase) / Decrease in other financial assets	7.03	(0.15)
(Increase) / Decrease in other non financial assets	(35.78)	54.33
Increase / (Decrease) in other non financial liabilities	(242.64)	1,499.79
Cash generated from operations	2,068.07	10,660.28
Income taxes paid	(1,547.49)	(1,093.41)
Net cash generated from operating activities - A	520.58	9,566.87
B Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchase of fixed assets	(0.94)	(11.70)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	0.00	0.11
Purchase of investments	(5,764.05)	(8,409.02)
Sale/ Redemption of investments	15,494.79	8,679.99
Interest received on fixed deposits/ Maturity of bank balances other than cash & cash equivalents	195.55	(97.65)
Net cash used in investing activities - B	9,917.35	161.73
C Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of share capital/share application money/securities premium	-	8.74
Repayment of debt securities	(4,388.26)	(3,977.72)
Proceeds from term loan from banks	1,300.00	600.00
Repayment of term loan from banks	(437.50)	(81.25)
Proceeds of bank overdraft/working capital demand loan (net) (Refer Note 2)	(3.84)	201.42
Finance costs	(4,680.32)	(4,680.59)
Net cash used in financing activities - C	(8,209.92)	(7,929.40)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	2,228.01	1,799.20
Cash and cash equivalent as at the beginning of the year	6,486.12	4,686.92
Cash and cash equivalent as at the end of the year (Refer note 1)	8,714.13	6,486.12

The Above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Ind AS 7 prescribed under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 under the Companies Act, 2013



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

CIN-U67100MH2007PLC174759

Note:

- 1 Cash and cash equivalents include the following:

Cash on hand		
Balances with banks-current accounts	8,714.13	6,486.12
Cash equivalents	8,714.13	6,486.12

- 2 Pursuant to Ind AS 7 - Statement of Cash Flows, cash receipts and payments for transactions in which the turnover is quick, the amounts are large and the maturities are short are presented on net basis.

This is the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow referred to in our report of even date

For Nangia & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants

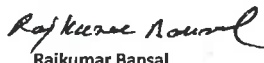
ICAI Firm's Registration No. 002391C / N500069

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited



Jaspreet Singh Bedi
Partner

Membership Number: 601788



Rajkumar Bansal
Managing Director and CEO
DIN :00122506



Vidya Shah
Non-Executive Non-Independent Director
DIN :00274831



Ashwani Kumar
Chief Financial Officer

Mumbai
May 11, 2023



Deepak Nautiyal
Company Secretary
Membership Number: 29485

Mumbai
May 11, 2023

Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

CIN-U67100MH2007PLC174759

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(A) Equity share capital		
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	2,632.53	2,105.26
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	2,632.53	2,105.26
Changes in equity share capital	-	527.27
Balance at the end of the reporting period	2,632.53	2,632.53
Instruments entirely equity in nature		
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	-	332.00
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	-	332.00
Changes in equity share capital	-	(332.00)
Balance at the end of the reporting period	-	-

(B) Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus					Total
	Securities Premium Account	Deemed capital contribution	Debenture redemption reserve	Impairment Reserve	Retained earnings	
Balance at April 01, 2021	5,964.46	15.93	884.38	1,796.99	11,065.54	19,727.30
Add: Reversal on ESOP/SAR on cancellation/lapses post vesting	-	-	-	-	4.75	4.75
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	2,416.17	2,416.17
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of taxes)	-	-	-	-	(3.52)	(3.52)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	-	2,417.40	2,417.40
Transfers to / (from) retained earnings	(186.53)	-	(253.76)	250.24	3.52	(186.53)
Balance at March 31, 2022	5,777.93	15.93	630.62	2,047.23	13,486.46	21,958.17
Add: Reversal on ESOP/SAR on cancellation/lapses post vesting	-	-	-	-	3.00	3.00
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	3,362.95	3,362.95
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of taxes)	-	-	-	-	(2.20)	(2.20)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	-	3,363.75	3,363.75
Transfers to / (from) retained earnings	-	-	(192.11)	262.77	(70.66)	-
Balance at March 31, 2023	5,777.93	15.93	438.51	2,310.00	16,779.55	25,321.92

This is the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date

For Nangia & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm's Registration No. 002391C / N500069

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Jaspreet Singh Bedi
Partner
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Ashwani Kumar
Chief Financial Officer

Deepak Nautiyal
Company Secretary
Membership Number: 29485

Mumbai
May 11, 2023

Mumbai
May 11, 2023

Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

1.0 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements:

1.1 Background

Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited ('the Company') is registered with Reserve Bank of India w.e.f. October 16, 2009 with Registration no. 13/2009 as a Securitisation and Asset Reconstruction Company under the Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002 ('SARFAESI').

The Company was incorporated as a Public Company on October 5, 2007 and is engaged in business of acquiring Loan Portfolios, Loan Accounts, Non- Performing Assets (NPA) from the Banks and Financial Institutions and resolving them through appropriate resolution strategies enunciated in SARFAESI and give loans for undertaking restructuring of acquired loan as permitted by Reserve Bank of India. The Company's registered office is at Edelweiss House, Off CST road, Kalina, Mumbai, Maharashtra, India.

The Ultimate Holding Company of the Company is Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ("EFSL").

Trusts are set-up under SARFAESI for acquisition of Non-Performing Asset and the trusts which are controlled by the company are considered subsidiary / controlled structured entities. The Company and trusts are collectively referred to as 'the Group'. Trusts are governed by their respective terms of the indenture of Trust and the Offer Document, based on which Security Receipts (SRs), which represent the beneficial undivided right, title and interest in the assets of the respective trust have been issued to the beneficiaries. The objective of a Trust is to acquire stressed assets for the purpose of carrying on the activity of securitization and asset reconstruction.

1.2 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Group has been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time).

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments such as financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL) instruments, derivative financial instruments and other financial assets held for trading, which have been measured at fair value.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) and all values are rounded to the nearest million, except when otherwise indicated.

1.3 Presentation of financial statements

The Group presents its balance sheet in order of liquidity in compliance with the Division III of the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement within 12 months after the reporting date (current) and more than 12 months after the reporting date (non-current) is presented in Note 33.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. They are only offset and reported net when, in addition to having an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without it being contingent on a future event, the parties also intend to settle on a net basis in all of the following circumstances:

- The normal course of business
- The event of default
- The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Group and or its counterparties

1.4 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its controlled structured entities as at March 31, 2023. The Group consolidates a trust when it controls it. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights
- The size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of the holdings of the other voting rights holders
- Whether the group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and has the power to affect the variability of such returns
- Decision making authority in trusts managed by it, economic interests in the form of units of Security Receipts (SRs), fees earned and collection incentives.
- Investment management and other contractual arrangements
- Removal rights held by other parties

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the Group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that Group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the Group's accounting policies.

The financial statements of all entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the company, i.e., year ended on March 31.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

Consolidation procedure:

- a. Combine like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the parent with those of its trusts. For this purpose, income and expenses of the trusts are based on the amounts of the assets and liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements at the acquisition date.
- b. Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in each trusts and the parent's portion of equity of each trusts.
- c. Eliminate in full intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the Group (profits or losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognised in assets, are eliminated in full). Ind AS 12 Income Taxes applies to temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intragroup transactions.

Profit or loss and each component of OCI are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

On consolidation, all intra-group assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full.

A change in the ownership interest of a trust, without loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. However, at each reporting date, the non-controlling interest is derecognised as if it were acquired at that date and a financial liability is recognised and measured at its fair value. The difference between these two amounts is recognised as an equity transaction and attributed to owners of the parent.

The Group sets up trusts to acquire stressed assets for the purpose of carrying on the activity of Securitisation and Asset Reconstruction. These Trusts issue SRs which represent the beneficial undivided right, title and interest in the assets of the respective trust to the beneficiaries. The Group acts as assets manager in the respect of these trusts and consolidates the trusts which it controls. When making this judgement, the Group also considers voting and similar rights available to itself and other parties, who may limit the Group's ability to control, remuneration to which it is entitled and its exposure to variability of returns from other interests held in trusts. There are trusts that do not meet consolidation criteria either due to magnitude of, and variability associated with, Group's remuneration relative to the returns expected from the activities of investee or substantive rights held by other parties.

1.5 Significant accounting policies

1.5.1 Business model assessment

The Group determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages groups of financial assets to achieve its business objective.

The Group's business model is not assessed on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios and is based on observable factors such as:



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

- How the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the entity's key management personnel
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way those risks are managed
- How managers of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected)
- The expected frequency, value and timing of sales are also important aspects of the Group's assessment

1.5.2 The SPPI test

As a second step of its classification process the Group assesses the contractual terms of financial to identify whether they meet the SPPI test.

'Principal' for the purpose of this test is defined as the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition and may change over the life of the financial asset. The most significant elements of interest within a lending arrangement are typically the consideration for the time value of money and credit risk. To make the SPPI assessment, the Group applies judgement and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated, and the period for which the interest rate is set.

1.5.3 Recognition of Interest

Under Ind AS 109 interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

The EIR (and therefore, the amortised cost of the financial asset) is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The Group recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the loan. Hence, it recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates charged at various stages, and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments, penalty interest and charges).

If expectations regarding the cash flows on the financial asset are revised for reasons other than credit risk, the adjustment is booked as a positive or negative adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset in the balance sheet with an increase or reduction in interest income. The adjustment is subsequently amortised through interest income in statement of profit and loss.

When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Group calculates interest income by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost (net of expected credit loss) of the financial asset.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

1.5.4 Financial Instruments

1.5.4.1 Date of recognition

Financial assets and liabilities, with the exception of loans, debt securities, deposits and borrowings are initially recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades: purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place. Loans are recognised when funds are transferred to the customers' account. The Group recognises debt securities, deposits and borrowings when funds reach the Group.

1.5.4.2 Initial measurement of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss. Trade receivables are measured at the transaction price.

1.5.4.3 Day 1 profit or loss

When the fair value of financial instruments at initial recognition differs from the transaction price, the Group accounts for the Day 1 profit or loss, as described below:

When the transaction price of the financial instrument differs from the fair value at origination and the fair value is based on a valuation technique using only inputs observable in market transactions, the Group recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value in net gain on fair value changes. In those cases where fair value is based on models for which some of the inputs are not observable, the difference between the transaction price and the fair value is deferred and is only recognised in profit or loss when the inputs become observable, or when the instrument is derecognised.

1.5.5 Measurement categories of financial instruments

1.5.5.1 Financial assets:

The Group classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

- Amortised cost
- Fair value through profit or loss [FVTPL]



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

The Group measures debt financial assets that meet the following conditions at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at FVTPL.

1.5.5.1.1 Amortized cost and Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and allocating interest income over the relevant period.

For financial instruments other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including receipts and payments that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition. For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, a credit-adjusted effective interest rate is calculated by discounting the estimated future cash flows, including expected credit losses, to the amortised cost of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. On the other hand, the gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

1.5.5.1.2 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets in this category are those that are not held for trading and have been either designated by management upon initial recognition or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under Ind AS 109. Management only designates an instrument at FVTPL upon initial recognition when one of the following criteria are met. Such designation is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis:

- The designation eliminates, or significantly reduces, the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis
- Financial assets at FVTPL are recorded in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recorded in profit and loss.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

1.5.5.1.3 Loan commitment

Undrawn loan commitments are commitments under which, the Group is required to provide a loan with pre-specified terms to the customer during the duration of commitment. Undrawn loan commitments are in the scope of the ECL requirements, as set out in Note 1.5.8

1.5.5.2 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost except derivative financial liabilities and financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss.

1.5.5.2.1 Debt securities and other borrowed funds

After initial measurement, debt issued and other borrowed funds are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on issue funds, and costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

The Group issues certain non-convertible debentures, the return of which is linked to performance of specified indices over the period of the debenture. Such debentures have a component of an embedded derivative which is fair valued at a reporting date. The resultant 'net unrealised loss or gain' on the fair valuation of these embedded derivatives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. The debt component of such debentures is measured at amortised cost using yield to maturity basis.

1.5.5.2.2 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities in this category are those that are not held for trading and have been either designated by management upon initial recognition or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under Ind AS 109. Management only designates an instrument at FVTPL upon initial recognition when the following criteria is met. Such designation is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis:

- The designation eliminates, or significantly reduces, the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring liabilities or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis,

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are recorded in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recorded in profit and loss. Interest incurred on financial liabilities designated at FVTPL is accrued in finance cost, using the EIR, taking into account any discount/ premium and qualifying transaction costs being an integral part of instrument.

1.5.5.3 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a Group entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Group's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments

1.5.6 Reclassification of financial assets and financial liabilities

The Group does not reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Group acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line. Financial liabilities are never reclassified. The Group did not reclassify any of its financial assets or liabilities upto and including the year ended March 31, 2023.

1.5.7 Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

1.5.7.1 Derecognition of financial assets due to substantial modification of terms and conditions

The Group derecognises a financial asset, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new financial asset, with the difference recognised as a derecognition gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded. The newly recognised financial asset are classified as Stage 1 for ECL measurement purposes, unless the new financial asset is deemed to be POCI.

When assessing whether or not to derecognise a loan to a customer, amongst others, the Group considers the following factors:

- Change in currency of the loan
- Introduction of an equity feature
- Change in counterparty

If the modification is such that the instrument would no longer meet the SPPI criterion

If the modification does not result in cash flows that are substantially different, the modification does not result in derecognition. Based on the change in cash flows discounted at the original EIR, the Group records a modification gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded.

Derecognition of financial assets (other than due to substantial modification of terms and conditions)

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired. The Group also derecognises the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

The Group has transferred the financial asset if, and only if, either:

- The Group has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset; or
- It retains the rights to the cash flows, but has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement.

Pass-through arrangements are transactions whereby the Group retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of a financial asset (the 'original asset'), but assumes a contractual obligation to pay those cash flows to one or more entities (the 'eventual recipients'), when all of the following conditions are met:

- The Group has no obligation to pay amounts to the eventual recipients unless it has collected equivalent amounts from the original asset, excluding short-term advances with the right to full recovery of the amount lent plus accrued interest at market rates
- The Group cannot sell or pledge the original asset other than as security to the eventual recipients

The Group has to remit any cash flows it collects on behalf of the eventual recipients without material delay. In addition, the Group is not entitled to reinvest such cash flows, except for investments in cash or cash equivalents including interest earned, during the period between the collection date and the date of required remittance to the eventual recipients.

A transfer only qualifies for derecognition if either:

- The Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- The Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

The Group considers control to be transferred if and only if, the transferee has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without imposing additional restrictions on the transfer.

When the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards and has retained control of the asset, the asset continues to be recognised only to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement, in which case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

1.5.7.2 Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires.



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid, including modified contractual cash flow recognised as new financial liability, is recognised in profit or loss.

1.5.8 Impairment of financial assets

The Group records allowance for expected credit losses for all loans, other debt financial assets not held at FVTPL, together with loan commitment, in this section all referred to as 'financial instruments'. Equity instruments are not subject to impairment under Ind AS 109.

The Group follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables. The application of simplified approach does not require the Group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. The Group uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the receivables.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses (12m ECL). The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition instead of on evidence of a financial asset being credit-impaired at the reporting date or an actual default occurring.

Financial assets that are purchased or originated credit impaired (POCI):

On initial recognition, POCI assets do not carry any impairment allowance. Lifetime ECL are incorporated in the calculation of effective interest rate. Cash flows are estimated on annual basis. Any changes in expected cash flows are discounted using the original credit adjusted effective interest rate and the resulting changes are recognised as impairment gains or losses. Favourable changes in lifetime ECL are recognised as an impairment gain, even if the favourable changes are more than the amount, if any, previously recognised in profit or loss as impairment losses.

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12m ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

Based on the above process, the Group categorises its financial instruments into Stage 1, Stage 2, and Stage 3 as described below:

- Stage 1:** When loans are first recognised, the group recognises an allowance based on 12mECLs. Stage 1 financial instruments also include facilities where the credit risk has improved and the financial instruments has been reclassified from Stage 2.
- Stage 2:** When a financial instruments has shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the group records an allowance for the 12m ECLs. Stage 2 financial instruments also include facilities, where the credit risk has improved and the financial instruments has been reclassified from Stage 3.
- Stage 3:** Financial instruments considered credit-impaired (as outlined in Note 1.5.2.2).The group records an allowance for the LTECLs.

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for loan commitments, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend and the Group's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors.

For financial assets, the expected credit loss is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

If a financial instrument includes both a loan (i.e. financial asset) and an undrawn commitment (i.e. loan commitment) component and the Group cannot separately identify the expected credit losses on the loan commitment component from those on the financial asset component, the expected credit losses on the loan commitment have been recognised together with the loss allowance for the financial asset. To the extent that the combined expected credit losses exceed the gross carrying amount of the financial asset, the expected credit losses have been recognised as a provision.

1.5.9 Collateral valuation

To mitigate its credit risks on financial assets, the Group seeks to use collateral, where possible. The collateral comes in various forms, such as cash, securities, letters of credit/guarantees, real estate, receivables, inventories, other non-financial assets and credit enhancements such as netting agreements. Collateral, unless repossessed, is not recorded on the balance sheet. However, the fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECLs. It is generally assessed, at a minimum, at inception and re-assessed on a periodical basis.



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

To the extent possible, the Group uses active market data for valuing financial assets held as collateral. Non-financial collateral, such as real estate, is valued based on data provided by third parties such as mortgage brokers, or based on housing price indices.

1.5.10 Write off

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Group has stopped pursuing the recovery. If the amount to be written off is greater than the accumulated loss allowance, the difference is first treated as an addition to the allowance that is then applied against the gross carrying amount. Any subsequent recoveries are credited to impairment on financial instruments in statement of profit and loss.

1.5.11 Determination of fair value

The Group measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques, as summarised below:

- Level 1 financial instruments –Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted quoted prices from active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group has access to at the measurement date. The Group considers markets as active only if there are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of the identical assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on the balance sheet date.
- Level 2 financial instruments–Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life.



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

- Level 3 financial instruments –Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period. The Group periodically reviews its valuation techniques including the adopted methodologies and model calibrations.

The Group applies various techniques to estimate the credit risk associated with its financial instruments measured at fair value, which include a portfolio-based approach that estimates the expected net exposure per counterparty over the full lifetime of the individual assets, in order to reflect the credit risk of the individual counterparties for non-collateralised financial instruments.

The Group evaluates the levelling at each reporting period on an instrument-by-instrument basis and reclassifies instruments when necessary based on the facts at the end of the reporting period.

1.5.12 Revenue from contract with customer

Revenue (other than for those items to which Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments are applicable) is measured at transaction price i.e. the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to the customer, **excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties**. The Group consider the terms of the contract and its customary business practices to determine the transaction price. Where the consideration promised is variable, the Group excludes the estimates of variable consideration that are constrained. Ind AS 115 Revenue from contracts with customers outlines a single comprehensive model of accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers.

The Group recognises revenue from the following sources:

- a. The fee income comprises of management fees. The Group receives management fee from trusts declared by it for acquisition of financial assets and the same is accounted for on accrual basis as per terms of the relevant trust deeds and offer document issued by the Trust. Management fees are calculated and charged as a percentage of the Net Assets Value (NAV) at the lower end of the range of the NAV specified by the Credit Rating Agency.
- b. Redemption incentive and recovery incentive is accounted over the period on cash basis, i.e. as and when received by the Group, based on terms of the relevant trust deeds and offer document issued by the Trust.
- c. Any upside share in excess realisation over acquisition price of financial asset by trust is recognised at point in time basis as per terms of the relevant trust deed/offer document.
- d. Interest on bank deposits is accounted for on accrual basis as per the terms of the deposits.
- e. The above receipts are recognised as revenue excluding GST.



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Interest income on financial assets is recognized on an accrual basis using effective interest method. Interest revenue is continued to be recognized at the original effective interest rate applied on the gross carrying amount of assets falling under impairment stages 1 and 2 as against on amortised cost for the assets falling under impairment stage 3.

1.5.13 Operating leases (IND AS 116)

Leases as a Lessee

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets. The Group recognizes lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Rights-of-use assets

The Group recognizes right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e the date of underlying asset is available for use). Rights-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of rights-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognized, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Rights-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date as the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in lease term, a change in lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short term lease

The Group has elected not to recognise right of use asset and lease liabilities for short term leases of property that has lease term of 12 months or less. The Group recognises lease payment associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over lease term.



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

1.5.14 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the year.

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

1.5.15 Retirement and other employee benefit

Provident fund and national pension scheme

The Group contributes to a recognised provident fund and national pension scheme which is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions are accounted for on an accrual basis and recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Gratuity

The Group's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Group's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods, that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any plan assets, if any, is deducted. The present value of the obligation under such benefit plan is determined based on independent actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur.

Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of:

- The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- The date that the Group recognises related restructuring costs

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Group recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss:

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements; and
- Net interest expense or income



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

Compensated Absences

The eligible employees of the Group are permitted to carry forward certain number of their annual leave entitlement to subsequent years, subject to a ceiling. The Group recognises the charge in the statement of profit and loss and corresponding liability on such non-vesting accumulated leave entitlement based on a valuation by an independent actuary. The cost of providing annual leave benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method.

1.5.16 Share-based payment arrangements

Certain employees of the Group have been granted equity-settled ESOPs by the ultimate parent company (Edelweiss Financial Services Limited). The Group recognizes a cost with respect to the services received from the said employees measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted by the ultimate parent at the grant date.

The fair value determined at the grant date is expensed over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in deemed capital contribution from the ultimate parent. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the deemed capital contribution. In cases where the share options granted vest in instalments over the vesting period, the Group treats each instalment as a separate grant, because each instalment has a different vesting period, and hence the fair value of each instalment differs.

1.5.17 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost excluding the costs of day-to-day servicing, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment in value. Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Subsequent costs incurred on an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount thereof when those costs meet the recognition criteria i.e. it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and cost can be measured reliably. Repairs and maintenance are recognised in statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives. Depreciation is provided on a written down value basis from the date the asset is ready for its intended use or put to use whichever is earlier. In respect of assets sold, depreciation is provided upto the date of disposal.

As per the requirement of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the Group has evaluated the useful lives of the respective fixed assets which are as per the provisions of Part C of the Schedule II for calculating the depreciation.



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Nature of assets	Estimated useful life
Building (other than Factory Building)	60 years
Vehicles	8 years
Office Equipment	5 years
Computers - Servers and networks	6 years
Computers - End user devices, such as desktops, laptops, etc.	3 years

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The carrying amount of those components which have been separately recognised as assets is derecognised at the time of replacement thereof. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss. The date of disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the date the recipient obtains control of that item in accordance with the requirements for determining when a performance obligation is satisfied in Ind AS 115.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate

1.5.18 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment. Intangible assets are amortized over their respective individual estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis, from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful life of an identifiable intangible asset is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition, and other economic factors. Amortization methods and useful lives are reviewed periodically including at each financial year end. Changes in the expected useful life, or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset, are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, which are then treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Estimate useful life of software is considered as 3 years.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

1.5.19 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of cash generating unit which the asset belongs to is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of the depreciable historical cost.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

1.5.20 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

1.5.21 Expenses incurred by the Group on behalf of the trust

Expenses incurred at pre-acquisition stage are recognised as expenses for the period in which such costs are incurred. If such expenses are contracted to be recovered from the trusts the same are shown as loan to trust in the Balance Sheet and grouped under Loans. These expenses are reimbursed to the Group in terms of the provisions of relevant trust deed and offer document of the trusts.

1.5.22 Provisions and other contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the effect of the time value of money is material, the Group determines the level of provision by discounting the expected cash flows at a pre-tax rate reflecting the current rates specific to the liability. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement. Detailed disclosures are provided in Note 16.

1.5.23 Income tax expenses

Income tax expense represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

1.5.23.1 Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior years are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from, or paid to, the taxation authorities. The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

1.5.23.2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences at the reporting date between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets are also recognised with respect to carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

It is probable that taxable profit will be available against which a deductible temporary difference, unused tax loss or unused tax credit can be utilised when there are sufficient taxable temporary differences which are expected to reverse in the period of reversal of deductible temporary difference or in periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back. When this is not the case, deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent it is probable that:

- the entity will have sufficient taxable profit in the same period as reversal of deductible temporary difference or periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back; or

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

1.5.23.3 Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

1.5.23.4 Goods and services tax /value added taxes paid on acquisition of assets or on incurring expenses

Expenses and assets are recognised net of the goods and services tax/value added taxes paid, except:

- When the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the tax paid is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable
- When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of tax included

The net amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

1.5.24 Undrawn Loan Commitments

Undrawn loan commitments are commitments under which, over the duration of the commitment, the Group is required to provide a loan with pre-specified terms to the customer. Undrawn loan commitments are in the scope of the ECL requirements, as set out in Note 5.2. The nominal contractual value of undrawn loan commitments, where the loan agreed to be provided is on market terms, are not recorded in the balance sheet. The nominal values of these instruments together with the corresponding ECLs are disclosed in Note 5.2.

1.5.25 Derivative contracts (Derivative assets / Derivative liability)

Group has designed a risk strategy based to cover exposure on issuance of G-Sec Linked Debentures, by entering into a derivative contracts either to minimize the loss or to earn a minimum committed income by entering into a combination of derivative contracts (say for example purchased call and put options) with a wide range of strike prices. Above strategy has been approved by the risk committee and ensures that risk is fully or partially covered, hence supports to reduce the risk exposure.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently re-measured at fair value through profit or loss. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

1.6 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 1.5, the management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, as well as the disclosure of contingent liabilities, about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily available from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The judgements, estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

1.6.1 Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the management has made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

1.6.1.1 Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the SPPI and the business model test. The Group determines the business model at a level that reflects how group of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance is measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Group monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Group's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

1.6.1.2 Significant increase in credit risk

As explained in note 1.5.8, ECL is measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. Ind AS 109 does not define what constitutes a significant increase in credit risk. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the Group takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information. Refer to note 1.5.2.2 for more details.



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

1.6.1.3 Determining lease term for lease contracts with renewal and termination option:

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Group has lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain, whether or not, to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation of the leased asset).

1.6.2 Sources of key estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other sources of key estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, as described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

1.6.2.1 Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values.

For Investments made into Security receipts (SRs), Group uses discounted cash flow model, given that the SRs are less liquid instruments. Expected cash flow levels including timing of cash flows are estimated by using quantitative and qualitative measures regarding the characteristics of the underlying assets including default rates, nature & value of collaterals, manner of resolution and other economic drivers. For any valuation which are based on models, Judgements and estimates are applied, which include considerations of liquidity, credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

1.6.2.2. Impairment of financial assets

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

The Group's ECL calculations are outputs of models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- Probabilities of defaults (PDs) the calculation of which includes historical data, assumptions and expectations of future conditions.
- The Group's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a life-time expected credit loss model basis and the qualitative assessment
- The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis
- Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs
- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as unemployment levels and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, exposure at defaults and loss given defaults (LGDs)

It is Group's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

1.6.2.3 Effective interest rate method

The Group's EIR methodology, as explained in Note 1.5.3, recognises interest income / expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given / taken and recognises the effect of characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments and penalty interest and charges).

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments, as well expected changes fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

1.6.2.4 Accounting for deferred taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

The Group has recognised deferred tax assets on carried forward tax losses where the Group believes that the said deferred tax assets shall be recoverable based on the estimated future taxable income which in turn is based on approved business plans and budgets. The losses are allowed to be carried forward to the years in which the Group expects that there will be sufficient taxable profits to offset these losses.

1.6.2.5 Provisions and other contingent liabilities

The Group operates in a regulatory and legal environment that, by nature, has a heightened element of litigation risk inherent to its operations.

When the Group can reliably measure the outflow of economic benefits in relation to a specific case and considers such outflows to be probable, the group records a provision against the case. Where the probability of outflow is considered to be remote, or probable, but a reliable estimate cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed.

Given the subjectivity and uncertainty of determining the probability and amount of losses, the group takes into account a number of factors including legal advice, the stage of the matter and historical evidence from similar incidents. Significant judgement is required to conclude on these estimates.

For further details on provisions and other contingencies see Note 16 and 35.

1.7 Standards issued but not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

Ind AS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements – This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the consolidated financial statements.

Ind AS 8 – Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors – This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Ind AS 12 – Income Taxes – This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its consolidated financial statement.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
2 Cash and cash equivalents		
Balances with banks		
- in current accounts	4,879.22	4,951.90
- in fixed deposits with original maturity less than 3 months (including interest accrued)	3,834.91	1,534.22
	8,714.13	6,486.12
3 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents		
Fixed deposits, held as margin money or security against borrowings, guarantees other commitments	0.23	0.33
Long term bank deposits with banks (including interest accrued)	511.73	119.06
Short term bank deposits with banks (including interest accrued)	412.02	788.32
	923.98	907.71
4 Trade receivables (net of impairment on financial instruments)		
Receivables considered good - Secured	-	-
Receivables considered good - Unsecured	60.82	112.44
Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	375.08	437.17
Receivables - Credit Impaired	2,342.26	3,446.90
Gross receivables	2,778.16	3,996.51
Less : Allowance for Expected credit losses (ECL)	641.35	1,366.70
Total receivables (net of impairment on financial instruments)	2,136.81	2,629.81



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

4.1 Trade receivables Ageing Schedule

As at March 31, 2023	Outstanding for following periods from due date of receipt					Total
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good -Unsecured	60.82	-	-	-	-	60.82
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	99.42	275.66	-	-	-	375.08
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	42.10	176.38	401.38	326.27	1,396.13	2,342.26
Gross receivables (A)	202.34	452.04	401.38	326.27	1,396.13	2,778.16
i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good -Unsecured	10.01	-	-	-	-	10.01
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	10.69	28.36	-	-	-	39.05
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	8.22	26.06	56.08	51.31	450.62	592.29
ECL - Simplified approach (B)	28.92	54.42	56.08	51.31	450.62	641.35
Total receivables net of provision = (A)-(B)	173.42	397.62	345.30	274.96	945.51	2,136.81

As at March 31, 2022	Outstanding for following periods from due date of receipt					Total
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good -Unsecured	112.44	-	-	-	-	112.44
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	241.90	195.27	-	-	-	437.17
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	83.69	303.21	452.03	420.79	2,187.18	3,446.90
Gross receivables (A)	438.03	498.48	452.03	420.79	2,187.18	3,996.51
i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good -Unsecured	12.18	-	-	-	-	12.18
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	26.75	21.50	-	-	-	48.25
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	12.31	42.46	65.46	61.79	1,124.25	1,306.27
ECL - Simplified approach (B)	51.24	63.96	65.46	61.79	1,124.25	1,366.70
Total receivables net of provision = (A)-(B)	386.79	434.52	386.57	359.00	1,062.93	2,629.81

No trade or other receivable are due from directors or other officers of the Group either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor any trade or other receivable are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 0 to 90 days.

There are no disputed, unbilled or not due receivables, hence the same is not disclosed in the ageing schedule.

4.2 Reconciliation of ECL on trade receivables:

Particulars	Amount
Impairment allowance measured as per simplified approach	
Impairment allowance as on March 31, 2021	1,547.41
Add/ (less): asset originated or acquired (net)	(180.71)
Impairment allowance as on March 31, 2022	1,366.70
Add/ (less): asset originated or acquired (net)	(725.35)
Impairment allowance as on March 31, 2023	641.35



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

5 Loans (net of impairment on financial instruments)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Loans (At Amortised Cost)		
A.(i) Term Loans	32,555.22	16,615.11
Total (A) Gross	32,555.22	16,615.11
Less: Expected credit loss	6,049.24	1,742.72
Total (A) Net	26,505.98	14,872.39
B.(i) Secured by tangible assets	31,952.54	15,653.08
(ii) Unsecured	602.68	962.03
Total (B) Gross	32,555.22	16,615.11
Less: Expected credit loss	6,049.24	1,742.72
Total (B) Net	26,505.98	14,872.39
C.I. Loans in India		
(i) Public Sectors	-	-
(ii) Others	32,555.22	16,615.11
Total (C.I) Gross	32,555.22	16,615.11
Less: Expected credit loss	6,049.24	1,742.72
Total (C.I) Net	26,505.98	14,872.39
C.II. Loans outside India		
Less: Expected credit loss	-	-
Total (C.II) Net	-	-
Total: (C.I and C.II)	26,505.98	14,872.39



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

5.1 Credit quality of assets

(A) The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based:

Particulars	March 31, 2023				Total
	12 Month ECL (Stage 1)	Lifetime ECL Not Credit Impaired (Stage 2)	Lifetime ECL Credit Impaired (Stage 3)	Purchased or originated as credit impaired (POCI)	
Loan measured at amortised cost					
Performing	17.16	30.05	-	-	47.21
Individually impaired	-	-	2,937.70	29,570.31	32,508.01
Total	17.16	30.05	2,937.70	29,570.31	32,555.22

Particulars	March 31, 2022				Total
	12 Month ECL (Stage 1)	Lifetime ECL Not Credit Impaired (Stage 2)	Lifetime ECL Credit Impaired (Stage 3)	Purchased or originated as credit impaired (POCI)	
Loan measured at amortised cost					
Performing	129.60	187.25	-	-	316.85
Individually impaired	-	-	2,822.95	13,475.31	16,298.26
Total	129.60	187.25	2,822.95	13,475.31	16,615.11

An analysis of changes in the gross carrying amount and the corresponding ECL allowances is as follows:

(B) Gross carrying amount reconciliation

Particulars	2022-2023				Total
	12 Month ECL (Stage 1)	Lifetime ECL Not Credit Impaired (Stage 2)	Lifetime ECL Credit Impaired (Stage 3)	Purchased or originated as credit impaired (POCI)	
Gross carrying amount opening balance	129.60	187.25	2,822.95	13,475.31	16,615.11
New assets originated or purchased	1,515.63	135.07	409.65	17,243.33	19,303.68
Assets derecognised or repaid (excluding write offs)	(1,616.73)	(188.90)	(877.34)	(6,017.88)	(8,700.85)
Interest income during the period	6.50	43.86	417.37	4,869.55	5,337.28
Transfers to 12 Month ECL (Stage 1)	4.03	(0.90)	(3.13)	-	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL (Stage 2)	(0.30)	3.57	(3.27)	-	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL- Credit impaired (Stage 3)	(21.57)	(149.90)	171.47	-	-
Gross carrying amount closing balance	17.16	30.05	2,937.70	29,570.31	32,555.22

Particulars	2021-2022				Total
	12 Month ECL (Stage 1)	Lifetime ECL Not Credit Impaired (Stage 2)	Lifetime ECL Credit Impaired (Stage 3)	Purchased or originated as credit impaired (POCI)	
Gross carrying amount opening balance	130.45	1.48	3,318.96	10,215.97	13,666.87
New assets originated or purchased	877.99	19.52	529.15	5,855.06	7,281.72
Assets derecognised or repaid (excluding write offs)	(721.14)	(18.83)	(1,713.35)	(5,507.04)	(7,960.36)
Interest income during the period	52.64	0.12	662.81	2,911.31	3,626.88
Transfers to 12 Month ECL (Stage 1)	8.23	-	(8.23)	-	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL (Stage 2)	(185.85)	185.73	0.12	-	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL- Credit impaired (Stage 3)	(32.72)	(0.78)	33.50	-	-
Gross carrying amount closing balance	129.60	187.25	2,822.95	13,475.31	16,615.11

(C) Reconciliation of ECL Balances

Particulars	2022-2023				Total
	12 Month ECL (Stage 1)	Lifetime ECL Not Credit Impaired (Stage 2)	Lifetime ECL Credit Impaired (Stage 3)	Purchased or originated as credit impaired (POCI)	
ECL amount opening balance	10.33	14.07	467.05	1,251.27	1,742.72
New assets originated or purchased	1.12	2.11	43.32	4,327.54	4,374.09
Assets derecognised or repaid (excluding write offs)	(10.16)	(6.11)	(75.93)	-	(92.20)
Transfers to 12 Month ECL (Stage 1)	0.54	(0.07)	(0.47)	-	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL (Stage 2)	(0.01)	0.50	(0.49)	-	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL- Credit impaired (Stage 3)	(0.81)	(11.24)	12.05	-	-
Impact of year end ECL of exposures transferred between stages during the year	(0.39)	3.10	21.92	-	24.63
ECL allowance - closing balance	0.62	2.36	467.45	5,578.81	6,049.24

Particulars	2021-2022				Total
	12 Month ECL (Stage 1)	Lifetime ECL Not Credit Impaired (Stage 2)	Lifetime ECL Credit Impaired (Stage 3)	Purchased or originated as credit impaired (POCI)	
ECL amount opening balance	6.53	0.10	516.58	(333.96)	189.25
New assets originated or purchased	12.67	0.15	135.73	1,585.23	1,733.78
Assets derecognised or repaid (excluding write offs)	(0.98)	(0.06)	(189.07)	-	(190.11)
Transfers to 12 Month ECL (Stage 1)	1.23	-	(1.23)	-	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL (Stage 2)	(6.97)	6.95	0.02	-	-
Transfers to lifetime ECL- Credit impaired (Stage 3)	(1.23)	(0.06)	1.29	-	-
Impact of year end ECL of exposures transferred between stages during the year	(0.93)	6.98	3.74	-	9.79
ECL allowance - closing balance	10.33	14.07	467.05	1,251.27	1,742.72



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

5.2 Credit quality of loan commitments

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based:

Particulars	March 31, 2023			
	12 Month ECL (Stage 1) Individual	Lifetime ECL Not Credit Impaired (Stage 2) Individual	Lifetime ECL Credit Impaired (Stage 3)	Total
Performing	-	-	125.00	125.00
Total	-	-	125.00	125.00

Particulars	March 31, 2022			
	12 Month ECL (Stage 1) Individual	Lifetime ECL Not Credit Impaired (Stage 2) Individual	Lifetime ECL Credit Impaired (Stage 3)	Total
Performing	145.50	0.41	125.00	270.91
Total	145.50	0.41	125.00	270.91

An analysis of changes in the gross carrying amount and the corresponding ECL allowances is as follows:

Gross carrying amount reconciliation

Particulars	2022-2023			
	12 Month ECL (Stage 1) Individual	Lifetime ECL Not Credit Impaired (Stage 2) Individual	Lifetime ECL Credit Impaired (Stage 3)	Total
Opening balance of outstanding exposure	145.50	0.41	125.00	270.91
New exposure	-	-	-	-
Exposure derecognised or matured/lapsed (excluding write-offs)	(145.50)	(0.41)	-	(145.91)
Transfers to lifetime ECL- Credit impaired (Stage 3)	-	-	-	-
Closing balance of outstanding exposure	-	-	125.00	125.00

Particulars	2021-2022			
	12 Month ECL (Stage 1) Individual	Lifetime ECL Not Credit Impaired (Stage 2) Individual	Lifetime ECL Credit Impaired (Stage 3)	Total
Opening balance of outstanding exposure	44.40	-	125.00	169.40
New exposure	-	-	-	-
Exposure derecognised or matured/lapsed (excluding write-offs)	101.10	0.41	-	101.51
Transfers to lifetime ECL- Credit impaired (Stage 3)	-	-	-	-
Closing balance of outstanding exposure	145.50	0.41	125.00	270.91



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

6 Investments

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Investment in Security receipts (At fair value through Profit & Loss)	27,134.74	36,776.04
Investments outside India	-	-
Investments within India	27,134.74	36,776.04
Total Investments	27,134.74	36,776.04
Less: Allowance for impairment loss	-	-
Total Net	27,134.74	36,776.04

6.1 Details of Pledged Investment

Nature of Pledge	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Pledged with Banks against bank overdraft *	1,074.90	1,206.69
Pledged with banks against term loan **	833.75	442.42
Pledged against secured non convertible debentures	20,005.29	26,268.68
Total	21,913.94	27,917.79

* Minimum asset cover of 2 times with rating of RR2 or 1.5 times with rating of RR1 to be maintained

** Minimum asset cover of 1.5 times with rating of RR2 or 1.33 times with rating of RR1 to be maintained

6.2 During the year, the company has written-off investment in security receipts amounting to INR 63.89 millions (previous year : INR 1,838.08 millions) on account of lower/no recovery projections in those investments.

7 Other financial assets

Security deposits	50.27	50.32
Deposits placed with/ for exchange/ depositories	2.71	9.68
	52.98	60.00

8 Current tax assets (net)

Advance income taxes	711.08	533.98
(Net of Provision for income tax INR 6,672.57 millions (previous year : INR 6,205.98 millions)		
	711.08	533.98



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

9 (A) Property, Plant and Equipment

Description of Assets	Gross Block			Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment			Net Block
	As at April 01, 2022	Additions during the year	Disposals during the year	As at March 31, 2023	As at April 01, 2022	Charge for the year	As at March 31, 2023
Property, Plant and Equipment							
Building *	1.49	-	-	1.49	0.28	0.06	0.34
Vehicles	0.26	-	0.15	0.11	0.11	0.02	0.05
Office equipment	0.53	0.01	0.03	0.51	0.32	0.06	0.37
Computers	23.15	3.94	8.39	18.70	14.70	5.85	12.73
Right of Use (ROU) -leasehold premises	2.55	-	2.55	-	0.38	-	0.38
Total	27.98	3.95	11.12	20.81	15.79	5.99	13.49

Description of Assets	Gross Block			Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment			Net Block
	As at April 01, 2021	Additions during the year	Disposals during the year	As at March 31, 2022	As at April 01, 2021	Charge for the year	As at March 31, 2022
Property, Plant and Equipment							
Building *	1.49	-	-	1.49	0.21	0.06	0.28
Vehicles	0.41	-	0.14	0.26	0.04	0.09	0.11
Office equipment	0.53	-	0.23	0.53	-	0.09	0.32
Computers	13.92	9.41	0.18	23.15	10.06	4.69	14.70
Right of Use (ROU) -leasehold premises	2.55	-	-	2.55	0.22	0.16	0.38
Total	18.89	9.41	0.32	27.98	10.77	5.10	15.80

9 (B) Other Intangible Assets

Description of Assets	Gross Block			Accumulated Amortisation and Impairment			Net Block
	As at April 01, 2022	Additions during the year	Disposals during the year	As at March 31, 2023	As at April 01, 2022	Charge for the year	As at March 31, 2023
Software	39.15	7.53	-	46.68	30.66	5.90	36.56
Total	39.15	7.53	-	46.68	30.66	5.90	36.56

Description of Assets	Gross Block			Accumulated Amortisation and Impairment			Net Block
	As at April 01, 2021	Additions during the year	Disposals during the year	As at March 31, 2022	As at April 01, 2021	Charge for the year	As at March 31, 2022
Software	39.04	0.11	-	39.15	25.13	5.52	30.66
Total	39.04	0.11	-	39.15	25.13	5.52	30.66

1) No assets have been revalued during the year.
2) No adjustments on account of borrowing costs.
Charge against Secured Redeemable Non-convertible Debentures.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

10 Intangible assets under development

Description of Assets	Gross Block			
	As at April 01, 2022	Additions	Capitalization	As at March 31, 2023
Capital WIP - Software	3.49	6.36	-	9.85
Total	3.49	6.36	-	9.85

Description of Assets	Gross Block			
	As at April 01, 2021	Additions	Capitalization	As at March 31, 2022
Capital WIP - Software	0.38	3.11	-	3.49
Total	0.38	3.11	-	3.49

10 (A) Intangible assets under development aging schedule

As at March 31, 2023

Intangible assets under development	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in Progress	6.36	3.49	-	-	9.85
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
Total	6.36	3.49	-	-	9.85

As at March 31, 2022

Intangible assets under development	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in Progress	3.49	-	-	-	3.49
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3.49	-	-	-	3.49

10 (B) For Intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan:

As at March 31, 2023

Intangible assets under development	To be completed in				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in Progress	-	-	-	-	-
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-

As at March 31, 2022

Intangible assets under development	To be completed in				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in Progress	-	-	-	-	-
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-



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Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

As at
As at March 31, 2023 : March 31, 2022

11 Other non-financial assets		
(Unsecured Considered good, unless stated otherwise)		
Prepaid expenses	7.68	9.79
Vendor Advances	45.00	2.73
Advance to employees	0.86	0.83
Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	0.82	2.38
Others	4.73	7.58
	59.09	23.31
12 Trade Payables		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
Total outstanding dues to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	101.81	126.87
	101.81	126.87

12.1 Trade Payables ageing

As at March 31, 2023	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade Payable - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Undisputed Trade Payable - Others	101.81	-	-	-	101.81
Total	101.81	-	-	-	101.81

As at March 31, 2022	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade Payable - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Undisputed Trade Payable - Others	126.87	-	-	-	126.87
Total	126.87	-	-	-	126.87

There are no disputed trade payables, hence the same is not disclosed in the ageing schedule.

Trade Payable includes NIL (Previous Year: NIL) payable to "Suppliers" registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. No interest has been paid / is payable by the company during the year to "Suppliers" registered under this Act. The aforementioned is based on the responses received by the company to its inquiries with suppliers with regard to applicability under the said Act.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

13. Debt securities

Particulars	March 31, 2023			
	At Amortised cost (1)	At Fair Value through Profit & Loss (2)	Designated at fair value through Profit and loss (3) *	Total 4 = (1+2+3)
Secured				
Debentures	18,476.81	-	8,869.51	27,346.32
Total	18,476.81	-	8,869.51	27,346.32
(i) Debt securities in India	18,476.81	-	8,869.51	27,346.32
(ii) Debt securities outside India	-	-	-	-
Total	18,476.81	-	8,869.51	27,346.32

Particulars	March 31, 2022			
	At Amortised cost (1)	At Fair Value through Profit & Loss (2)	Designated at fair value through Profit and loss (3) *	Total 4 = (1+2+3)
Secured				
Debentures	21,079.54	-	11,243.99	32,323.53
Total	21,079.54	-	11,243.99	32,323.53
(i) Debt securities in India	21,079.54	-	11,243.99	32,323.53
(ii) Debt securities outside India	-	-	-	-
Total	21,079.54	-	11,243.99	32,323.53

* The designation eliminates, or significantly reduces, the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring liabilities or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

13.1 Following is the repayment terms of Debt Securities

As at March 31, 2023

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
Rate of Interest				
2% (Refer Note 1 and 2)	273.59	-	6,424.50	6,698.09
11% - 12%(Refer Note 3)	11,250.00	-	-	11,250.00
Various (Benchmark Linked) (Refer Note 4)	364.50	909.80	2,921.20	4,195.50
Accrued Interest, Fair Value and EIR (Refer Notes 1 to 4)	1,723.70	167.21	3,311.82	5,202.73
Total	13,611.79	1,077.01	12,657.52	27,346.32

As at March 31, 2022

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
Rate of Interest				
2% (Refer Note 1 and 2)	247.85	-	8,354.80	8,602.65
10% - 10.99%(Refer Note 4)	-	-	-	-
11% - 12%(Refer Note 3)	-	11,250.00	-	11,250.00
Various (Benchmark Linked) (Refer Note 4)	2,483.70	1,274.30	2,921.20	6,679.20
Accrued Interest, Fair Value and EIR (Refer Notes 1 to 4)	1,494.39	1,252.94	3,044.35	5,791.68
Total	4,225.94	13,777.24	14,320.35	32,323.53

Notes:

1. Coupon rate is 2% p.a. and additionally, conditional Interest being positive difference between the interest payment funds lying in the earmarked Escrow account from the recoveries in specified acquisitions and Coupon rate.
2. Secured by pari passu ranking charge on immovable property and pledge of Security Receipts.
3. Secured by pledge of specified security receipts and hypothecation over the Escrow Account Assets, Receivables and Others assets related to Escrow.
4. Secured by pari-passu charge on immovable property, hypothecation of Security Receipts and unconditional & irrevocable guarantee by Edelweiss Financial Services Limited.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

14. Borrowings (other than Debt securities)

March 31, 2023				
Particulars	At Amortised cost (1)	Fair value		Total 4 = (1+2+3)
		At Fair Value through Profit & Loss (2)	Designated at fair value through Profit and loss (3) *	
Secured				
(a) Term loans from banks	1,822.65	-	-	1,822.65
Total	1,822.65	-	-	1,822.65
(i) Borrowings in India	1,822.65			1,822.65
(ii) Borrowings outside India	-	-	-	-
Total	1,822.65	-	-	1,822.65

March 31, 2022				
Particulars	At Amortised cost (1)	Fair value		Total 4 = (1+2+3)
		At Fair Value through Profit & Loss (2)	Designated at fair value through Profit and loss (3) *	
At Amortised cost				
Secured				
(a) Term loans from banks	949.75	-	-	949.75
Total	949.75	-	-	949.75
(i) Borrowings in India	949.75	-	-	949.75
(ii) Borrowings outside India	-	-	-	-
Total	949.75	-	-	949.75



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

14.1 Following is the repayment terms of term loans: Term loans from Banks - Secured

As at March 31, 2023

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
Rate of Interest				
10% - 10.99%(Refer Note 1)	347.58	281.25	75.00	703.83
11% - 11.99%(Refer Note 1)	362.50	46.88	-	409.38
12% - 12.99%(Refer Note 1)	-	700.00	-	700.00
Accrued Interest and EIR (Refer Note 1 and 2)	-	-	9.44	9.44
Total	710.08	1,028.13	84.44	1,822.65

As at March 31, 2022

Maturities	<1 years	1-3 years	> 3 years	Total
Rate of Interest	-	-	-	-
9% - 9.99% (Refer Note 1)	-	-	-	-
10% - 10.99%(Refer Note 1)	638.92	259.38	56.25	954.55
Accrued Interest and EIR (Refer Note 1 and 2)	-	-	(4.80)	(4.80)
Total	638.92	259.38	51.45	949.75

Notes:

1. Secured by pledge of security receipts.
2. Secured by Hypothecation of security receipts.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
15. Other financial liabilities		
Accrued salaries and benefits	401.35	252.96
Lease Liability (Refer Note 35.3)	-	2.14
Payable for ESOP (Refer Note 28)	5.09	1.76
Security receipts held by outsiders *	6,729.57	1,726.50
	7,136.01	1,983.36

* Includes security receipts issued by the trusts and are payable only upon collections from the financial assets acquired by the trusts.

16. Provisions

Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity (Refer Note 32)	38.61	32.74
Compensated leave absences	7.04	6.76
Other provisions	9.56	3.16
	55.21	42.66

17. Deferred tax liabilities (net) (Refer Note 29.1)

Deferred tax assets

Provision for expected credit losses	118.41	438.64
Fair valuation of investments	1,430.79	1,058.94
Employee benefit obligations	11.49	9.94
ESOP Perquisite	4.00	4.01
Others	67.46	-
	1,632.15	1,511.53

Deferred tax liabilities

Share of Loss in Securitisation Trusts	1,841.79	1,712.81
Others	-	212.75
	1,841.79	1,925.56
	209.64	414.02

18. Other non-financial liabilities

Unearned revenue	878.58	1,340.43
Taxes payable	352.67	143.17
Others	408.74	399.03
	1,639.99	1,882.63



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
19. Equity share capital		
Authorised :		
500,000,000 (Previous year: 500,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	5,000.00 5,000.00	5,000.00 5,000.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:		
263,252,895 (Previous year: 263,252,895) equity shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid-up	2,632.53 2,632.53	2,632.53 2,632.53

a. Movement in share capital :

	March 31, 2023		March 31, 2022	
	No of shares	Amount	No of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	26,32,52,895	2,632.53	21,05,26,316	2,105.26
Shares issued during the year	-	-	5,27,26,579	527.27
Outstanding at the end of the year	26,32,52,895	2,632.53	26,32,52,895	2,632.53

During the year ended March 31, 2023, post receipt of approval from RBI, Edelweiss Securities Limited ("ESL") transferred 6,89,09,148 equity shares to Edelweiss Securities and Investment Private Limited ("ESIPL"). ESIPL holds 10,51,27,780 equity shares representing 39.934% of total paid up equity share capital of the Company and ESL ceases to be the shareholder of the Company. Post transfer, Edelweiss Securities and Investment Private Limited has become one of the sponsors of the Company. During the previous year ended March 31, 2022, on receipt of approval from RBI, the Company has converted 3,32,00,000 Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) held by CDPQ Private Equity Asia Pte Limited ("CDPQ") into 5,26,31,579 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each of the Company. Post the conversion, CDPQ has become one of the sponsors of EARC holding 20% of the total paid up equity share capital of the Company.

b. Terms/rights attached to equity shares :

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Re 10/-. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c. Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates

	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	No of shares	% holding	No of shares	% holding
Holding company				
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	-	2,08,17,286	7.91
Fellow subsidiaries				
Edelweiss Securities Limited	-	-	6,89,09,148	26.18
Edelweiss Securities and Investment Private Limited	10,51,27,780	39.93	2,49,87,577	9.49
Edelcap Securities Limited	1,05,64,536	4.01	1,05,64,536	4.01
Ecap Equities Limited (erstwhile Edel Land Limited)	2,09,64,082	7.96	1,04,82,041	3.98
Ecap Securities & Investments Limited (erstwhile Ecap Equities Limited)	2,08,17,286	7.91	1,04,82,041	3.98
Edel Finance Company Limited	-	-	60,49,218	2.30
Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited (erstwhile known as Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited)	-	-	51,81,837	1.97
	15,74,73,684	59.82	15,74,73,684	59.82

d. Details of shares held by promoters in the Company

	As at March 31, 2023		
Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Edelweiss Securities Limited	-	-	-26.18
Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited (erstwhile known as Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited)	-	-	-1.97
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	-	-7.91
Ecap Securities & Investments Limited (erstwhile Ecap Equities Limited)	2,08,17,286	7.91	3.93
Edel Finance Company Limited	-	-	-2.30
Edelcap Securities Limited	1,05,64,536	4.01	0.00
Ecap Equities Limited (erstwhile Edel Land Limited)	2,09,64,082	7.96	3.98
Edelweiss Securities and Investment Private Limited	10,51,27,780	39.93	30.44
	As at March 31, 2022		
Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Edelweiss Securities Limited	6,89,09,148	26.18	-6.55
Edelweiss Securities and Investment Private Limited	2,49,87,577	9.49	9.49
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2,08,17,286	7.91	-1.98
Edelcap Securities Limited	1,05,64,536	4.01	-1.01
Ecap Equities Limited	1,04,82,041	3.98	-1.00
Edel Land Limited	1,04,82,041	3.98	-1.00
Edel Finance Company Limited	60,49,218	2.30	2.30
Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited (erstwhile known as Edelweiss Commodities Services Limited)	51,81,837	1.97	-7.99
Edelweiss Finvest Limited	-	-	-7.25

e. Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
Equity shareholders	No of shares	% holding	No of shares	% holding
Edelweiss Securities Limited	-	-	6,89,09,148	26.18
CDPQ Private Equity Asia PTE Ltd.	5,26,31,579	19.99	5,26,31,579	19.99
Edelweiss Securities and Investment Private Limited	10,51,27,780	39.93	2,49,87,577	9.49
Reeta Kuhad	2,12,00,000	8.05	2,12,00,000	8.05
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	-	2,08,17,286	7.91
Ecap Equities Limited (erstwhile Edel Land Limited)	2,09,64,082	7.96	-	-
Ecap Securities & Investments Limited (erstwhile Ecap Equities Limited)	2,08,17,286	7.91	-	-
	22,07,40,727	83.85	18,85,45,590	71.62



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

20. Instruments entirely equity in nature

Authorised :

250,000,000 (Previous year: 250,000,000) Preference Shares of Rs. 10 each 2,500.00 2,500.00

Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:

33,200,000 (Previous year: 33,200,000) 0.001% Compulsorily convertible non- cumulative preference shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid up

Terms/rights attached to Compulsorily Convertible preference shares:

During the previous year ended March 31,2022, on receipt of approval from RBI, the Company has converted 3,32,00,000

	As at 31-Mar-23	As at March 31,2022
21. Other Equity		
Securities premium account		
Opening Balance	5,777.93	5,964.46
Add : Additions	-	(186.53)
Closing Balance	5,777.93	5,777.93
Debenture redemption reserve		
Opening Balance	630.62	884.38
Less : Transfer to Retained Earnings during the year	(192.11)	(253.76)
Closing Balance	438.51	630.62
Impairment reserve		
Opening Balance	2,047.23	1,796.99
Add : Additions during the year	262.77	250.24
Closing Balance	2,310.00	2,047.23
Deemed capital contribution - ESOP		
Opening Balance	15.93	15.93
Add : Additions during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	15.93	15.93
Retained earnings		
Opening Balance	13,486.46	11,065.54
Add: Reversal on ESOP/SAR on cancellation/lapses post vesting	3.00	4.75
Add: Profit for the year	3,362.95	2,416.17
Add: Other comprehensive loss for the year	(2.20)	(3.52)
Amount available for appropriation	16,850.21	13,482.94
Appropriations:		
Dividend on Preference Shares*	-	-
Dividend distribution tax*	-	-
Transfer from Debenture redemption reserve	(192.11)	(253.76)
Transfer to Impairment reserve	262.77	250.24
Closing Balance	16,779.55	13,486.46
Other equity total	25,321.92	21,958.17

*Dividend on Preference Shares amount of Rs.NIL (Previous year : Rs.NIL) & Dividend distribution tax of Rs.NIL (Previous year : Nil)

Securities premium account

Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Debenture redemption reserve

The Companies Act 2013 requires companies that issue debentures to create a debenture redemption reserve from annual profits until such debentures are redeemed. The Company is required to transfer a specified percentage (as provided in the Companies Act, 2013) of the outstanding redeemable debentures to debenture redemption reserve. The amounts credited to the debenture redemption reserve may not be utilised except to redeem debentures. On redemption of debentures, the amount may be transferred from debenture redemption reserve to retained earnings. Company has transferred back INR 192.11 million from DRR to retained earnings on account of repayment of debentures during the year. According to the provisions of Rule (18) (7) (iii) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, requirements of creation of Debenture Redemption Reserve are not applicable to listed companies.

Impairment Reserve

Pursuant to RBI circular no. RBI/2019-20/170 DOR (NBFC).CC.PD.No.109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated March 13, 2020, Reserve Bank of India (RBI) requires every Asset Reconstruction Company to create an Impairment Reserve by appropriating the difference between impairment allowance under Ind AS 109 and the provisioning required under earlier applicable Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) guidelines (including standard asset provisioning) from their net profit or loss after tax to the said Impairment Reserve. The balance in the 'Impairment Reserve' shall not be reckoned for regulatory capital. Further, no withdrawals are permitted from this reserve without prior permission from RBI.

Retained Earnings

Retained earnings represents surplus/accumulated earnings of the Company and are available for distribution to shareholders.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
22 Interest Income (at amortised cost)		
Interest on Loans	5,342.61	3,630.27
Interest on deposits with Banks	211.83	93.10
	5,554.44	3,723.37
23 Fee and commission income (net of impairment)		
Advisory and other fees	7,009.91	9,087.56
	7,009.91	9,087.56

Revenue from contract with customers

Disaggregation of the revenue from contracts with customers and its reconciliation to amounts reported in statement of profit and loss:

Particulars	Fees and commission income	Fees and commission income
Service transferred at a point in time	-	-
Service transferred over time		
Management Fees	5,011.00	7,994.64
Performance Fees	1,998.91	1,092.92
Total revenue from contract with customers	7,009.91	9,087.56
24 Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes		
(A) Net loss on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		
- Investments	(1,596.28)	(3,076.08)
Fair value loss*	(1,596.28)	(3,076.08)
(B) Others	2,033.78	468.66
Profit from Investment in security receipts	2,033.78	468.66
Total Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes (C) = (A+B)	437.50	(2,607.42)
Fair value changes:		
- Realised	1,228.39	38.27
- Unrealised	(790.89)	(2,645.69)
Total Net gain/loss on fair value changes (D)	437.50	(2,607.42)

* During the year, the company has written-off investment in security receipts amounting to INR 63.89 millions (previous year : INR 1,838.08 millions) on account of lower/no recovery projections in those investments.

25 Other income		
Miscellaneous income	1.62	-
	1.62	-



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

26. Finance Costs

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023		
	On Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	On Financial liabilities measured at Amortised Cost	Total
Interest on debt securities	1,431.22	2,847.31	4,278.53
Interest on borrowings	-	164.07	164.07
Other finance cost	-	11.09	11.09
Total	1,431.22	3,022.47	4,453.69

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2022		
	On Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	On Financial liabilities measured at Amortised Cost	Total
Interest on debt securities	1,396.44	3,056.33	4,452.77
Interest on borrowings	-	50.94	50.94
Other finance cost	-	719.26	719.26
Total	1,396.44	3,826.53	5,222.97

27. Impairment on financial instruments

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023		
	On Financial instruments measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial instruments measured at Amortised Cost	Total
Loans	-	2,660.92	2,660.92
Loan write off	-	27.48	27.48
Total	-	2,688.40	2,688.40

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2022		
	On Financial instruments measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial instruments measured at Amortised Cost	Total
Loans	-	609.19	609.19
Total	-	609.19	609.19



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

For the year ended
March 31, 2023

For the year ended
March 31, 2022

28. Employee benefit expenses

Salaries and wages	751.24	633.54
Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 31)	28.37	27.85
Expense on Employee Stock Option Scheme (ESOP) and Employee Stock Purchase Plan (ESPP)	2.29	3.60
Staff welfare expenses	25.46	14.15
Employee Stock Appreciation Rights	1.93	3.77
	809.29	682.91

The Ultimate Holding Company (Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ("EFSL")) has Employee Stock Option Plans (ESOP) in force. Based on such ESOP schemes, parent entity has granted an ESOP option to acquire equity shares of EFSL that would vest in a graded manner to company's employees. Based on group policy / arrangement, EFSL has charged the fair value of such stock options, Company has accepted such cross charge and recognised the same under the employee cost.

29. Other expenses

Advertisement and business promotion	4.42	2.34
Auditors' remuneration	11.09	14.01
Directors' sitting fees	5.47	2.87
Insurance	4.49	5.00
Legal Fees	57.60	69.91
Printing and stationery	1.92	0.44
Rates and taxes	103.91	55.24
Rent	70.01	50.67
Repairs and maintenance	0.06	1.18
Electricity charges	2.65	1.44
Corporate social responsibility (refer note (a) below)	95.00	90.70
Rating support fees	5.08	3.30
Office expenses	82.00	57.25
ROC Expenses	0.01	0.00
Stamp duty	2.60	2.69
Travelling and conveyance	11.14	16.83
Miscellaneous expenses	52.67	22.05
	510.12	395.92

Note (a):

Details of CSR Expenditure

	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
a) Gross amount required to be spent by the company during the year	95.00	90.70
Sr. No. Amount spent during the year ended March 31, 2023	Paid	Yet to be paid
(i) Construction/acquisition of any asset	-	-
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	95.00	-
Sr. No. Amount spent during the year ended March 31, 2022	Paid	Yet to be paid
(i) Construction/acquisition of any asset	-	-
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	90.70	-

In respect of ongoing projects, there are no unspent amount. Accordingly, no amount is required to be transferred to the special account.

In respect of other than ongoing projects, there are no unspent amount. Accordingly, no amount is required to be transferred to the Fund.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

30. Income Tax

The components of income tax expense recognised in profit or loss for the years ended March,31 2023 and 2022 are:

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Current tax	1,354.93	824.41
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of prior years	15.53	12.99
Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(203.65)	28.33
Total tax expense	1,166.81	865.73
Total Current Tax	1,370.46	837.40
Total Deferred Tax	(203.65)	28.33

Break-up of Recognition of Current Tax	2022-23	2021-22
In P&L	1,370.46	837.40
in OCI	-	-

Reconciliation of the total tax expense

The tax expense shown in the statement of profit and loss differs from the tax expense that would apply if all profits had been charged at India corporate tax rate. A reconciliation between the tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 is, as follows:

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Profit before tax	4,529.75	3,281.90
Tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
Income tax expense calculated based on above tax rate	1,140.14	826.05
Adjustment in respect of income tax of prior years	15.53	12.99
Effect of non-deductible expenses	0.00	0.03
CSR Expenditure disallowance	23.91	22.83
Others	(12.77)	3.83
Tax expense recognised in profit or loss	1,166.81	865.73
Effective Income Tax Rate	25.42%	25.98%



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

30.1 Components of deferred tax

The following table shows deferred tax recorded in the Balance sheet and changes recorded in the income tax expense:

March 31, 2023	Opening deferred tax asset/(liability)	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Recognised directly in equity	Others	Total Movement	Closing deferred tax asset/(liability)
Deferred taxes in relation to:							
Investments in Security Receipts	1,058.95	371.84	-	-	-	371.84	1,430.79
Trade Receivables	96.99	(30.19)	-	-	-	(30.19)	66.80
Share of Loss in Securitisation Trusts	(1,712.81)	(128.99)	-	-	-	(128.99)	(1,841.80)
ECL on Loans	438.64	(320.23)	-	-	-	(320.23)	118.41
ESOP cost	4.01	-	-	-	-	-	4.01
Others	(299.80)	311.22	0.73	-	-	311.95	12.15
Total	(414.02)	203.65	0.73	-	-	204.38	(209.64)

March 31, 2022	Opening deferred tax asset/(liability)	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Recognised directly in equity	Others	Total Movement	Closing deferred tax asset/(liability)
Deferred taxes in relation to:							
Investments in Security Receipts	768.62	290.33	-	-	-	290.33	1,058.95
Trade Receivables	137.48	(40.49)	-	-	-	(40.49)	96.99
Share of Loss in Securitisation Trusts	(1,230.52)	(482.29)	-	-	-	(482.29)	(1,712.81)
ECL on Loans	47.64	391.00	-	-	-	391.00	438.64
ESOP cost	4.01	0.00	-	-	-	0.00	4.01
Others	(114.09)	(186.89)	1.18	-	-	(185.71)	(299.80)
Total	(386.84)	(27.16)	1.18	-	-	(27.16)	(414.02)

The Company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority. Significant management judgment is required in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income in which the relevant entity operates and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

31. Basic and Diluted Earnings per share

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
(a) Shareholders earnings (as per statement of profit and loss)	3,362.95	2,416.17
(b) Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares of Rs 10 each:		
- Number of shares at the beginning of the year	26,32,52,895	21,05,26,316
- Conversion of Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares into Equity Shares	-	5,26,31,579
- Shares issued during the year	-	95,000
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	26,32,52,895	26,32,52,895
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (based on the date of issue of shares)	26,32,52,895	24,02,30,974
Number of dilutive potential equity shares	-	-
Weighted average number of diluted equity shares outstanding during the year (based on the date of issue of shares)	26,32,52,895	24,02,30,974
(c) Basic earnings per share of face value of Rs.10 (in rupees)	12.77	10.06
(d) Diluted earnings per share of face value of Rs.10 (in rupees)	12.77	10.06



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

32. Retirement Benefit Plan

A) Defined contribution plan (Provident fund and National Pension Scheme):

Amount of ₹ 23.59 million (Previous year: ₹ 20.48 million) is recognised as expenses and included in "Employee benefit expense" – Note 28 in the statement of Profit and loss.

B) Defined benefit plan (Gratuity):

The following tables summarize the components of the net benefit expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss and the funded and unfunded

1: Reconciliation of Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO)

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Present value of DBO at start of the year	32.74	24.03
Service Cost		
a. Current Service Cost	6.30	5.46
b. Past Service Cost	-	-
c. Loss/ (Gain) from Settlement	-	-
Interest Cost	1.80	1.24
Benefits Paid	(2.94)	(3.39)
Re-measurements		
a. Actuarial Loss/ (Gain) from changes in demographic assumptions	-	2.11
b. Actuarial Loss/ (Gain) from changes in financial assumptions	(2.51)	(1.11)
c. Actuarial Loss/ (Gain) from experience over the past year	5.44	3.70
Effect of acquisition/ (divestiture)	-	-
Changes in foreign exchange rates	-	-
Transfer In/ (Out)	(2.22)	0.70
Present value of DBO at end of the year	38.61	32.74

2: Reconciliation of Fair Value of Plan Assets

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Fair Value of Plan Assets at start of the year	-	-
Contributions by Employer	2.94	3.39
Benefits Paid	(2.94)	(3.39)
Interest Income on Plan Assets	-	-
Re-measurements	-	-
Return on Plan assets, excluding amount included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	-	-
Effect of acquisition/ (divestiture)	-	-
Changes in foreign exchange rates	-	-
Transfer In/ (Out)	-	-
Fair Value of Plan Assets at end of the year	-	-
Actual Return on Plan Assets	-	-
Expected Employer Contributions for the coming year	-	-

3: Expenses recognised in the Profit and Loss Account

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Service Cost		
a. Current Service Cost	6.30	5.46
b. Past Service Cost	-	-
c. Loss/ (Gain) from Settlement	-	-
Net Interest on net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	1.80	1.24
Changes in foreign exchange rates	-	-
Employer Expenses/ (Income)	8.10	6.70

4: Net Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Present Value of DBO	38.61	32.74
Fair Value of Plan Assets	-	-
Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet	38.61	32.74
Funded Status [Surplus/ (Deficit)]	(38.61)	(32.74)
Of Which, Short term Liability	5.75	3.50
Experience Adjustment on Plan Liabilities: (Gain)/ Loss	5.45	3.70



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

5: Actuarial Assumptions

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Salary Growth Rate (% p.a.)	7.00%	7.00%
Discount Rate (% p.a.)	7.10%	5.90%
Withdrawal Rate (% p.a.)	16.00%	16.00%
Mortality	IALM 2012-14 (Ultimate)	IALM 2012-14 (Ultimate)
Interest Rate on Net DBO/ (Asset) (% p.a.)	5.90%	5.00%
Expected Weighted Average Remaining Working Life (years)	3.50	4.00

6: Movement in Other Comprehensive Income

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Balance at start of year (Loss)/ Gain	(7.09)	(2.39)
Re-measurements on DBO	-	-
a. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in demographic assumptions	-	(2.11)
b. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in financial assumptions	2.51	1.11
c. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from experience over the past year	(5.44)	(3.70)
Balance at end of year (Loss)/ Gain	(10.02)	(7.09)

7: Sensitivity Analysis

DBO increases/ (decreases) by	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
1% Increase in Salary Growth Rate	1.93	1.91
1% Decrease in Salary Growth Rate	(1.80)	(1.77)
1% Increase in Discount Rate	(1.78)	(1.77)
1% Decrease in Discount Rate	1.95	1.94
1% Increase in Withdrawal Rate	0.01	(0.10)
1% Decrease in Withdrawal Rate	(0.01)	0.11
Mortality (increase in expected lifetime by 1 year)	-	2.00
Mortality (increase in expected lifetime by 3 years)	(0.00)	6.00

Note: The sensitivity is performed on the DBO at the respective valuation date by modifying one parameter whilst retaining other parameters constant. There are no

8: Movement in Surplus/ (Deficit)

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Surplus/ (Deficit) at start of year	(32.74)	(24.03)
Net (Acquisition)/ Divestiture	-	-
Net Transfer (In)/ Out	2.22	(0.70)
Movement during the year	-	-
Current Service Cost	(6.30)	(5.46)
Past Service Cost	-	-
Net Interest on net DBO	(1.80)	(1.24)
Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	-	-
Re-measurements	(2.93)	(4.70)
Contributions	2.94	3.39
Surplus/ (Deficit) at end of year	(38.61)	(32.74)

9: Other Disclosures

Description of ALM Policy

As the plan is unfunded, an ALM policy is not applicable.

Description of funding arrangements and funding policy that affect future contributions

The plan is unfunded and the status is unlikely to change over the next few years.

Maturity profile

The average expected remaining lifetime of the plan members is 3.5 years (March 31, 2022: 4 years) as at the date of valuation. This represents the weighted average of the expected remaining lifetime of all plan participants.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

33. Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled. With regard to loans and advances to customers, the company uses the same basis of expected repayment behaviour as used for estimating the EIR. Issued debt reflect the contractual coupon amortisations.

Particulars	March 31, 2023			March 31, 2022		
	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	8,714.13	-	8,714.13	6,486.12	-	6,486.12
Other bank balances	923.75	0.23	923.98	907.38	0.33	907.71
Trade receivables	1,463.81	673.00	2,136.81	2,236.85	392.96	2,629.81
Loans	12,685.84	13,820.14	26,505.98	8,449.32	6,423.07	14,872.39
Investments	7,080.55	20,054.19	27,134.74	2,356.02	34,420.02	36,776.04
Other financial assets	-	52.98	52.98	-	60.00	60.00
	30,868.08	34,600.54	65,468.62	20,435.69	41,296.38	61,732.07
Non-financial assets						
Current tax assets (net)	-	711.08	711.08	-	533.98	533.98
Property, plant and equipment	-	7.32	7.32	-	12.18	12.18
Other intangible assets	-	19.97	19.97	-	11.98	11.98
Other non-financial assets	59.09	-	59.09	20.21	3.11	23.31
	59.09	738.37	797.46	20.21	561.25	581.46
Total assets	30,927.17	35,338.91	66,266.08	20,455.90	41,857.63	62,313.53

Particulars	March 31, 2023			March 31, 2022		
	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
Financial liabilities						
Trade payables	101.81	-	101.81	126.87	-	126.87
Debt securities	13,611.71	13,734.61	27,346.32	4,225.94	28,097.59	32,323.53
Borrowing (other than debt securities)	710.08	1,112.57	1,822.65	638.92	310.83	949.75
Other financial liabilities	1,920.07	5,215.94	7,136.01	565.82	1,417.53	1,983.36
	16,343.67	20,063.12	36,406.79	5,557.56	29,825.95	35,383.50
Non-financial liabilities						
Provisions	9.56	45.65	55.21	7.88	34.77	42.66
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	-	209.64	209.64	-	414.02	414.02
Other non-financial liabilities	1,518.24	121.75	1,639.99	1,484.91	397.72	1,882.63
	1,527.80	377.04	1,904.84	1,492.79	846.51	2,339.31
Total liabilities	17,871.47	20,440.16	38,311.63	7,050.35	30,672.46	37,722.81

For the assets and liabilities mentioned above where no contractual maturity is available, the management has done an assessment to arrive at the probable maturity timeline based on some assumptions and estimates.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

34. Change in liabilities arising from financing activities

Particulars	April 01, 2022	Cash flows	Changes in fair values	Exchange differences	Others*	March 31, 2023
Debt securities	32,323.53	(4,388.26)	(348.09)	-	(240.86)	27,346.32
Borrowings other than debt securities	949.75	858.66	-	-	14.24	1,822.65
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subordinated liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	1,983.35	5,152.66	-	-	-	7,136.01
Embedded derivatives in nifty linked debentures issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities from financing activities	35,256.63	1,623.06	(348.09)	-	(226.62)	36,304.98

* Includes the effect of accrued but not paid interest on borrowing, amortisation of processing fees etc.

Particulars	April 01, 2021	Cash flows	Changes in fair values	Exchange differences	Others*	March 31, 2022
Debt securities	35,799.54	(3,977.72)	(41.13)	-	542.85	32,323.53
Borrowings other than debt securities	230.04	720.18	-	-	(0.47)	949.75
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subordinated liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	2,764.00	-780.64	-	-	-	1,983.35
Embedded derivatives in nifty linked debentures issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities from financing activities	38,793.58	(4,038.19)	(41.13)	-	542.38	35,256.64

* Includes the effect of interest accrued but not due on borrowing, amortisation of processing fees etc.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

35. Contingent liabilities, commitments and lease arrangements

35.1. Legal claims

There are no legal claims against the company as on March 31, 2023 and as on March 31, 2022

35.2. Contingent liabilities and assets

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt	-	-

35.3 Lease commitments - Company as a lessee

The company has entered into commercial leases for premises and equipment. Future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable leases as at 31 March are, as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Within one year	-	44.40
After one year but not more than five years	-	-
More than five years	-	-
Total	-	44.40

This note provides information for leases where the company is a lessee.

Right-of-use assets

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Opening	2.21	2.37
Addition	-	-
Deletion	(2.21)	-
Depreciation expense	-	(0.16)
Closing	-	2.21

Lease liability

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Opening	2.14	2.22
Addition (net)	-	-
Accretion of interest	-	0.08
Payments	(2.14)	(0.17)
Closing	-	2.14

The statement of profit or loss shows the following amounts relating to leases

	2022-2023	2021-2022
Depreciation expense on right of use assets	-	0.16
Interest expense on lease liability	-	0.08
Expenses related to short term lease (included in other expenses)	64.31	44.40
Total amount recognised in profit and loss	64.31	44.64



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

36. Related Party Disclosures

List of Related Parties

A) Where control exists:

Holding Company : Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (w.e.f. 16th September 2016)

B) Other Related Parties:

Fellow subsidiaries

Name of Entity	Name of Entity	Name of Entity
ECap Securities & Investments Limited (formerly known as EC	EARC TRUST SC - 321 (upto 31st December 2022)	EARC TRUST SC - 413
Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	EARC TRUST SC - 325	EARC TRUST SC - 415
ECap Equities Limited (formerly known as Edel Land Limited)	EARC TRUST SC - 332	EARC TRUST SC - 417
Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	EARC TRUST SC - 334	EARC TRUST SC - 421
ECL Finance Limited	EARC TRUST SC - 342 (upto 31st December 2022)	EARC TRUST SC - 422
Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	EARC TRUST SC - 344	EARC TRUST SC - 423
Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited	EARC TRUST SC - 347	EARC TRUST SC - 424
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	EARC TRUST SC - 348	EARC TRUST SC - 425
Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	EARC TRUST SC - 349 (upto 31st December 2022)	EARC TRUST SC - 427
Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	EARC TRUST SC - 351	EARC TRUST SC - 428
Edelgive Foundation	EARC TRUST SC - 352	EARC TRUST SC - 429
Sekura India Management Limited	EARC TRUST SC - 357	EARC TRUST SC - 430
Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	EARC TRUST SC - 360	EARC TRUST SC - 431
Edelweiss Real Assets Managers Limited	EARC TRUST SC - 363	EARC TRUST SC 434
India Credit Investment Fund II	EARC TRUST SC - 370	EARC TRUST SC 436
Edel Finance Company Limited (Formerly Edelweiss Finvest P	EARC TRUST SC - 375	EARC TRUST SC 440
EARC TRUST SC - 7	EARC TRUST SC - 376	EARC TRUST SC 441
EARC TRUST SC - 102	EARC TRUST SC - 380	EARC TRUST SC 442
EARC TRUST SC - 130	EARC TRUST SC - 383	EARC TRUST SC 443
EARC SAF-2 TRUST	EARC TRUST SC - 386	EARC TRUST SC 444
EARC TRUST SC - 227	EARC TRUST SC - 387	EARC TRUST SC 448
EARC TRUST SC - 228	EARC TRUST SC - 388	EARC TRUST SC 449
EARC TRUST SC - 245	EARC TRUST SC - 394	EARC TRUST SC 461
EARC TRUST SC - 262	EARC TRUST SC - 395	EARC TRUST SC 462
EARC TRUST SC - 266	EARC TRUST SC - 396	EARC TRUST SC 477
EARC TRUST SC - 293 (upto 31st December 2022)	EARC TRUST SC - 399 (upto 31st December 2022)	EARC TRUST SC 481
EARC TRUST SC - 306	EARC TRUST SC - 402	EARC TRUST SC 482
EARC TRUST SC - 308	EARC TRUST SC - 405	EARC TRUST SC 483
EARC TRUST SC - 314	EARC TRUST SC - 410	EARC TRUST SC 484
EARC TRUST SC - 318 (upto 31st December 2022)	EARC TRUST SC - 412	

Fellow Associates

Name of Entity

Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)
Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited)
Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)
Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)

C) Key Management Personnel

Mr. Raj Kumar Bansal
Mr. Pudugramam Narayanaswamy Venkatachalam
Mr. Mohan Vasant Tanksale
Mr. Manish Sanghi
Mr. Shiva Kumar (from July 22, 2022)
Mr. Sushil Kumar Roongta (from January 20, 2021 to May 24, 2021)
Mr. Ashwani Kumar, CFO



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

36. Related Party Disclosures

Sr. No.	Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	From April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023	From April 01, 2021 to March 31, 2022
D)	Transactions with related parties as stated above			
1	Non-convertible debentures Redeemed to	ECap Securities & Investments Limited (formerly known as ECap Equities Limited)	-	3,023.49
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	352.89	191.63
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly known as Edel Land Limited)	182.35	-
		Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	1,705.52	-
		Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited)	0.77	-
		Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	23.96	-
2	KMP remuneration	KMP Remuneration	47.33	41.50
		Mr. Pudugramam Narayanaswamy Venkatachalam	2.33	0.96
		Mr. Mohan Vasant Tanksale	2.54	0.87
		Mr. Manish Sanghi	2.43	1.00
		Mr. Sushil Kumar Roongta	-	0.05
		Mr. Shiva Kumar	0.58	-
3	Income received from	ECL Finance Limited	287.71	830.57
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	3.94	19.68
		Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited	22.14	73.98
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	509.93	98.31
4	Rating & Corporate Guarantee support fees paid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	30.13	45.13
5	Rating Support Fees	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	0.07
6	Interest expense on debentures	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	163.19	176.26
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly known as Edel Land Limited)	112.72	193.82
		Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	65.62	-
7	Shared Premises Cost	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	64.31	44.73
		Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	(0.11)	0.98
8	Cost reimbursements paid to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	36.28	30.10
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	5.80	8.80
		Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	0.10	-
		Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	1.82	0.63
		Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)	0.00	0.04
		ECap Securities & Investments Limited (formerly known as ECap Equities Limited)	-	0.17
9	Contribution towards corporate social responsibility	Edelgive Foundation	95.00	90.70
10	Transfer of gratuity liability on account of employee transfer	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	0.87	0.81
		Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	-	0.20
11	Transfer of gratuity liability on account of employee transfer	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	3.10	0.03
		Sekura India Management Limited	-	0.13
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	-	0.10
		Edelweiss Real Assets Managers Limited	-	0.03
12	Management fees & other fees	Asset Reconstruction trusts - managed by the Company as trustee	312.44	149.31
13	Profit from investments in security receipts	Asset Reconstruction trusts - managed by the Company as trustee	93.51	38.50
14	Interest Income	Asset Reconstruction trusts - managed by the Company as trustee	15.18	10.87
15	Investment in Security Receipts	Asset Reconstruction trusts - managed by the Company as trustee	661.90	921.50
16	Redemption of Security Receipts	Asset Reconstruction trusts - managed by the Company as trustee	2,734.40	393.56
17	Loans and advances given/(repaid) (Net)	Asset Reconstruction trusts - managed by the Company as trustee	(20.62)	66.80
18	Purchase of Security Receipts	ECL Finance Limited	4,613.35	2,682.08
		Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited	319.70	-
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	225.74	-
		India Credit Investment Fund II	980.00	-
19	Purchase of Fixed Asset from	ECL Finance Limited	-	0.00
		Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	0.21	-
20	Sale of Fixed Asset to	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	-	0.00
		Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited)	-	0.00
		Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	0.29	-
		ECL Finance Limited	0.02	-



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

36. Related Party Disclosures

E)	Balances with related parties as stated above			
21	Interest expense accrued and not due on borrowings from	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	72.14	74.82
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly known as Edel Land Limited)	0.99	31.39
		Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	0.45	-
22	Receivable from	ECL Finance Limited	114.44	10.16
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	19.25	23.62
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.08	-
23	Payable to	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	0.45	0.12
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	16.73	8.25
		Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	9.74	8.29
		Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)	-	0.22
24	Non-convertible debentures held by	Edel Finance Company Limited (Formerly Edelweiss Finvest Pvt Ltd)	10.70	10.70
		Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	1,193.15	559.43
		ECap Equities Limited (formerly known as Edel Land Limited)	210.55	1,252.85
		Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	475.83	-
		Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited)	1.80	6.50
25	Security Deposits	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	50.00	50.00
26	Management & other fees receivable	Asset Reconstruction trusts - managed by the Company as trustee	100.67	112.43
27	Investment in Security Receipts	Asset Reconstruction trusts - managed by the Company as trustee	4,107.02	5,113.32
28	Loans and advances given/(repaid) (Net)	Asset Reconstruction trusts - managed by the Company as trustee	129.81	155.50
29	Corporate Guarantee issued by	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	16,277.80	18,800.60

* Information relating to remuneration paid to key managerial person mentioned above excludes provision made for gratuity, leave encashment and deferred bonus which are provided for group of employees on an overall basis. These are included on cash basis. The variable compensation included herein is on cash basis.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

E. Compensation of key management personnel of the Company

Key management personnel are those individuals who have the authority and responsibility for planning and exercising power to directly or indirectly control the activities of the Group and its employees. The Company considers the members of the Board of Directors which include independent directors (and its sub-committees) and Executive Committee to be key management personnel for the purposes of Ind AS 24 Related Party Disclosures.

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Short-term employee benefits	47.33	41.50
Post-employment pension (defined contribution)	-	-
Termination benefits	-	-
Total	47.33	41.50

F. Transactions with key management personnel of the Company

The Company enters into transactions, arrangements and agreements involving directors, senior management and their business associates, or close family members, in the ordinary course of business under the same commercial and market terms, interest and commission rates that apply to non-related parties. The following table provides the total amount of transactions, which have been entered into with key management personnel for the relevant financial year:

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Key management personnel of the Company	47.33	41.50

37. Capital management

The primary objectives of the company's capital management policy are to ensure that the company complies with externally imposed capital requirements and maintains strong credit ratings and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and to maximise shareholder value.

The company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it according to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its activities. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the amount of dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue capital securities. No changes have been made to the objectives, policies and processes from the previous years. However, they are under constant review by the Board.

Regulatory capital

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Common Equity Tier1 (CET1) capital	23,592.04	22,147.83
Other Tier 2 capital instruments	-	-
Total capital	23,592.04	22,147.83
Risk weighted assets	47,925.34	52,688.47
CET1 capital ratio	49.23%	42.04%
Total capital ratio	49.23%	42.04%



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38. Fair value measurement

38.1 Valuation Principles

The company measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy, which reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

- Level 1: Inputs that are quoted market prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical instruments.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques in which all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.
- Level 3: Inputs that are unobservable. This category includes all instruments for which the valuation technique includes inputs that are not observable and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments for which significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between the instruments.

38.2 Valuation framework

The company has an established control framework for the measurement of fair values. This framework includes a Control function, which is independent of front office management and reports to the Chief Financial Officer, and which has overall responsibility for independently verifying the results of investment operations and all significant fair value measurements. Specific controls include:

- verification of observable pricing;
- re-performance of model valuations;
- a review and approval process for new models and changes to models;
- quarterly calibration and back-testing of models against observed market transactions;
- analysis and investigation of significant daily valuation movements; and
- review of significant unobservable inputs, valuation adjustments and significant changes to the fair value measurement of Level 3 instruments compared with the previous month, by senior member of management.

38.3 Assets and liabilities by fair value hierarchy

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy.

Particulars	March 31, 2023			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Investments				
Security receipts	-	-	27,134.74	27,134.74
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis	-	-	27,134.74	27,134.74

Particulars	March 31, 2023			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis -				
Non Convertible Debentures (designated at FVTPL)	-	-	8,869.51	8,869.51
Total financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis	-	-	8,869.51	8,869.51

Particulars	March 31, 2022			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Investments				
Security receipts	-	-	36,776.04	36,776.04
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis	-	-	36,776.04	36,776.04

Particulars	March 31, 2022			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis -				
Non Convertible Debentures (designated at FVTPL)	-	-	11,243.99	11,243.99
Total financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis	-	-	11,243.99	11,243.99

During the year there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2. Similarly, there were no transfers from or transfer to level 3.

Carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, loans and trade and other payables as on March 31, 2023 approximate the fair value because of their short term nature. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of bank deposits, other financial assets, other financial liabilities and borrowings subsequently measured at amortised cost is not significant in each of the years presented.



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38.4 Movement in level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value

The following table shows a reconciliation of the opening balances and the closing balances for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Financial assets	Investments in security receipts
At April 1, 2022	36,776.04
Purchase of Investments	5,764.05
Redemption/Sale/Write-offs	(13,524.89)
Gains for the year recognised in profit or loss	(1,880.48)
At March 31, 2023	27,134.74
Unrealised gains related to balances held at the end of year	(3,659.52)

Financial liabilities	Debt Securities
At April 1, 2022	11,243.99
Issuances	-
Settlements	(1,904.56)
Interest Accrued/ losses for the year recognised in profit or loss	(469.93)
At March 31, 2023	8,869.51
Unrealised losses related to balances held at the end of the year	2,024.97

Financial assets	Investments in security receipts
At April 1, 2021	39,695.48
Purchase of Investments	8,409.02
Redemption/Write-offs	(10,049.41)
Loss for the year recognised in profit or loss	(1,279.14)
At March 31, 2022	36,776.04
Unrealised gains related to balances held at the end of the year	(1,934.11)

Financial liabilities	Debt Securities
At April 1, 2021	12,575.99
Issuances	-
Settlements	(1,435.42)
Interest Accrued/ losses for the year recognised in profit or loss	103.42
At March 31, 2022	11,243.99
Unrealised losses related to balances held at the end of the year	2,373.06



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38.5 Unobservable inputs used in measuring fair value categorised within Level 3

Type of Financial Instruments	Fair value of asset as on March 31, 2023	Fair value of liability as on March 31, 2023	Valuation Techniques	Significant Unobservable input	Range of estimates (weighted-average) for unobservable input	Increase in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)	Change in fair value	Decrease in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)	Change in fair value
Investments in security receipts	27,134.74		Discounted projected cash flow	Expected Gross Recoveries *	2,82,106.39	13,205.64	94.97	(13,205.64)	(172.43)
				Discount rates	17%-14.8%	0.50%	(13.46)	-0.50%	12.94
Non - Convertible Debentures		8,869.51	Discounted projected cash flow	Expected Gross Recoveries *	96,570.96	4,828.55	-	(4,828.55)	-
				Discount rates	12.00%	0.50%	(0.87)	-0.50%	0.88
Total	27,134.74	8,869.51							

Type of Financial Instruments	Fair value of asset as on March 31, 2022	Fair value of liability as on March 31, 2022	Valuation Techniques	Significant Unobservable input	Range of estimates (weighted-average) for unobservable input	Increase in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)	Change in fair value	Decrease in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)	Change in fair value
Investments in security receipts	36,776.04	-	Discounted projected cash flow	Expected Gross Recoveries *	3,57,029.53	17,019.64	335.64	(17,019.64)	(320.57)
				Discount rates	12%-19.7%	0.50%	(66.89)	-0.50%	68.25
Non - Convertible Debentures	-	11,243.99	Discounted projected cash flow	Expected Gross Recoveries *	1,18,118.32	5,905.92	20.06	-5,905.92	(20.06)
				Discount rates	12.00%	0.50%	(4.31)	-0.50%	4.39
Total	36,776.04	11,243.99							

* Expected Gross Recoveries are pertaining to the overall asset under management of the company. The cash attributable to the company's share in expected gross recoveries will be dependent on the company's investment share and terms of the SR subscribed.

38.6 Quantitative analysis of significant unobservable inputs

Discount margin/spreads

Discount margin/spreads represent the discount rates used when calculating the present value of future cash flows. In discounted cash flow models such spreads are added to the benchmark rate when discounting the future expected cash flows. Hence, these spreads reduce the net present value of an asset or increase the value of a liability. They generally reflect the premium an investor expects to achieve over the benchmark interest rate to compensate for the higher risk driven by the uncertainty of the cash flows caused by the credit quality of the asset. They can be implied from market prices and are usually unobservable for illiquid or complex instruments.

Cash Flow

Expected cash flow levels including timing of cash flows are estimated by using quantitative and qualitative measures regarding the characteristics of the underlying assets including default rates, nature and value of collaterals, manner of resolution and other economic drivers. The timing of expected cash flows is influenced by the nature of collateral and the expected use of the same by the market participants. The manner of resolution is determined based on financial position and negotiations with the counterparty.

38.7 Quantitative analysis of significant unobservable inputs

Asset backed securities

These instruments include residential mortgage backed securities (RMBS), commercial mortgage backed securities (CMBS) and other asset-backed securities. The market for these securities is not active. Therefore, the Group uses a variety of valuation techniques to measure their fair values. For certain more liquid instruments, the Group uses trade and price data updated for movements in market levels between the observed and the valuation dates. Less liquid instruments are valued by discounted cash flow models. Expected cash flow levels are estimated by using quantitative and qualitative measures regarding the characteristics of the underlying assets including prepayment rates, default rates and other economic drivers such as loan-to-value ratios, emergence period estimation, indebtedness and rental income levels. Securities with no significant unobservable valuation inputs are classified as Level 2, while instruments with no comparable instruments or valuation inputs are classified as Level 3.



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39. Analysis of risk concentration

The following table shows the risk concentration by industry for the components of the balance sheet. The concentrations of risk are determined based on client/country's industry sector. Additional disclosures for credit quality and year-end stage classification are further disclosed in Note 5.

Industry analysis - Risk concentration for March 31, 2023

Particulars	Infrastructure	Metal	Cement	Paper and Paper Products	Real Estate	EPC	Chemical	Beverages and Food Processing	Shipping and Ship Building	Textile	Auto	Engineering	Others	Financial Services	Total
Financial assets															
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,638.11	
Financial assets carried at fair value through profit and loss	3,745.64	1,180.03	343.12	4,798.76	5,729.85	350.27	391.67	481.56	58.14	119.91	127.23	75.28	9,623.89		
Fair value gain/(loss) included above	(702.23)	(227.21)	209.04	1,966.51	(1,840.17)	(994.25)	(65.53)	19.41	(584.90)	(413.81)	(341.52)	(217.17)	(391.72)	109.39	27,134.74
Trade and other receivables	487.39	76.00	22.78	3.60	853.40	62.39	20.87	10.44	836.18	81.18	59.54	13.92	244.04	6.43	(3,659.63)
ECL on Trade receivable	(58.93)	(8.56)	(2.39)	(0.41)	(122.05)	(20.32)	(2.18)	(1.14)	(335.40)	(9.80)	(38.33)	(1.78)	(39.40)	(0.66)	2,778.16
Loans	1,970.70	43.67	13.87	20.49	12,702.19	526.82	673.67	689.70	-	1,610.26	1,778.93	3,36.49	11,606.47	591.95	(641.35)
ECL on loans	(471.54)	38.21	12.83	18.96	(1,953.69)	(118.18)	135.26	(424.95)	-	46.57	(772.93)	(21.58)	(2,451.52)	(86.69)	32,555.21
Other Financial Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,045.23)
Total	5,673.26	1,329.35	390.21	4,841.40	17,209.70	800.98	1,219.29	755.61	558.92	1,848.12	1,154.46	392.33	18,983.48	10,311.51	65,468.82

Industry analysis - Risk concentration for March 31, 2022

Particulars	Infrastructure	Metal	Cement	Paper and Paper Products	Real Estate	EPC	Chemical	Beverages and Food Processing	Shipping and Ship Building	Textile	Auto	Engineering	Others	Financial Services	Total
Financial assets															
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Financial assets carried at fair value through profit and loss	11,602.71	1,483.69	451.42	5,995.66	8,697.48	809.85	529.04	658.74	43.64	210.42	146.81	97.28	6,045.30	-	36,776.04
Fair value gain/(loss) included above	(922.29)	(338.92)	186.68	2,112.65	(1,411.94)	(958.32)	(8.13)	38.48	(847.81)	(378.65)	(327.50)	(168.87)	(655.86)	-	(1,934.11)
Trade and other receivables	887.79	123.13	38.39	11.98	640.83	419.17	48.51	36.08	1,202.31	170.36	271.99	14.53	150.34	-	3,996.51
ECL on Trade receivable	(118.87)	(34.89)	(4.17)	(1.39)	(93.21)	(45.52)	(5.27)	(1.83)	(1,009.52)	(19.35)	(32.98)	(7.28)	(16.14)	-	(1,366.72)
Loans	4,227.04	279.57	90.41	144.46	2,128.46	-	804.90	875.11	-	299.58	1,480.99	591.06	4,775.16	918.37	16,615.11
ECL on loans	(562.19)	(106.82)	(4.38)	(8.11)	(477.12)	-	40.66	(301.57)	-	37.96	(682.65)	(75.95)	(586.20)	(135.73)	(1,742.72)
Other Financial Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60.00	60.00
Total	17,664.85	1,784.68	572.67	6,146.60	10,896.54	1,183.11	1,417.94	1,246.52	236.43	693.97	1,184.15	619.64	10,366.47	8,236.47	61,732.05



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40. Collateral held and other credit enhancements

The below tables show the maximum exposure to credit risk by class of financial asset. They also show the total fair value of collateral and the net exposure to credit risk.

March 31, 2023	Maximum exposure to credit risk (carrying amount before ECL)	Principal type of collateral
Financial assets		
Loans:		
Wholesale loans - Secured	31,952.54	Tangible Assets
Wholesale loans - Unsecured	602.68	
Trade receivables	2,778.16	Tangible Assets
Total financial assets at amortised cost	35,333.38	
Financial assets at FVTPL (except equity)*	27,134.74	Tangible Assets
Total financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	27,134.74	
	62,468.12	
Loan commitments -Secured	125.00	Tangible Assets
Loan commitments -Unsecured	-	
Other commitments (max exposure)	125.00	
Total	62,593.12	

March 31, 2022	Maximum exposure to credit risk (carrying amount before ECL)	Principal type of collateral
Financial assets		
Loans:		
Wholesale loans - Secured	15,653.08	Tangible Assets
Wholesale loans - Unsecured	962.03	
Trade receivables	3,996.51	Tangible Assets
Total financial assets at amortised cost	20,611.62	
Financial assets at FVTPL (except equity)*	36,776.04	Tangible Assets
Total financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	36,776.04	
	57,387.65	
Loan commitments -Secured	270.50	Tangible Assets
Loan commitments -Unsecured	-	
Other commitments (max exposure)	270.50	
Total	57,658.15	

*Financial assets at FVTPL (except equity) and trade receivables comprises of Investment in Security Receipts and fees receivables respectively. Investments in security receipts are made into the security receipts issued by the Trusts and Trusts in turn have used these proceeds to acquire financial assets from banks/Financial Institutions which are secured by collateral, such as Land & Building, Plant & Machinery, Book debts, Inventory and other working capital items, Shares and Others.

Loans including commitments are secured by way of tangible assets such as Land & Building, Plant & Machinery, Book debts, Inventory and other working capital items, Shares and Others.

The below tables provide an analysis of the current fair values of collateral held and credit enhancements for stage 3 assets. Dependent on the level of collateral, some Stage 3 exposures may not have individual ECLs when the expected value of the collateral is greater than the LGD, even in if the future value of collateral is forecast using multiple economic scenarios.

March 31, 2023	Maximum exposure to credit risk (carrying amount before ECL) (A)	Associated ECL (B)	Carrying amount (A-B)	Fair value of collateral
Financial assets				
Loans:				
Wholesale loans	32,508.01	6,046.36	26,461.65	34,405.04
Loan commitments	125.00	-	125.00	-
Total	32,633.01	6,046.36	26,586.65	34,405.04

March 31, 2022	Maximum exposure to credit risk (carrying amount before ECL) (A)	Associated ECL (B)	Carrying amount (A-B)	Fair value of collateral
Financial assets				
Loans:				
Wholesale loans	16,298.17	1,718.32	14,579.85	22,237.32
Loan commitments	125.00	-	125.00	-
Total	16,423.17	1,718.32	14,704.85	22,237.32



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41. Liquidity risk and funding management

Liquidity risk emanates from the mismatches existing on the balance sheet due to differences in maturity and repayment profile of assets and liabilities. These mismatches could either be forced in nature due to market conditions or created with an interest rate view. Such risk can lead to a possibility of unavailability of funds to meet upcoming obligations arising from liability maturities. To avoid such a scenario, Edelweiss has ensured maintenance of a Liquidity Cushion in the form of Fixed Deposits, Cash, Credit Lines etc. These assets carry minimal credit risk and can be liquidated in a very short period of time. A liquidity cushion amounting to 10-12% of the borrowings is sought to be maintained through such assets. These would be to take care of immediate obligations while continuing to honour our commitments as a going concern. There are available lines of credit from banks which are drawable on notice which further augment the available sources of funds.

41. 1. Analysis of non-derivative financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the undiscounted cash flows of the Company's non-derivative financial liabilities as at 31 March.

Repayments which are subject to notice are treated as if notice were to be given immediately. However, the Company expects that the counterparties will not request repayment on the earliest date it could be required to pay.

As at March 31, 2023	Less than 3 months	3 months to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	Greater than 3 Years	Total
Trade payables	101.81	-	-	-	-	101.81
Debt securities	13,877.25	758.66	2,024.23	11,601.08	9,029.42	37,290.64
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	398.03	94.98	376.70	1,183.21	80.24	2,133.16
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	430.72	345.20	1,713.30	2,263.62	5,348.64	10,101.48
Total undiscounted non-derivative financial liabilities	14,807.81	1,198.84	4,114.23	15,047.91	14,458.30	49,627.09

As at March 31, 2022	Less than 3 months	3 months to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	Greater than 3 Years	Total
Trade payables	126.87	-	-	-	-	126.87
Debt securities	1,260.99	4,771.74	1,987.51	22,639.51	14,717.57	45,377.32
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	362.27	50.25	281.27	297.38	58.26	1,049.43
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	288.44	55.18	246.63	1,948.75	287.24	2,826.24
Total undiscounted non-derivative financial liabilities	2,038.57	4,877.17	2,515.41	24,885.64	15,063.07	49,379.86

41. 2. Analysis of non-derivative financial assets by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the undiscounted cash flows of the Company's non-derivative financial assets as at 31 March.

As at March 31, 2023	Less than 3 months	3 months to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	Greater than 3 Years	Total
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	8,714.13	-	923.98	-	-	9,638.11
Trade receivables	873.10	173.93	675.53	1,360.04	-	3,082.60
Loans	4,670.57	3,757.63	6,720.09	9,461.07	10,416.32	35,025.68
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	583.50	1,532.35	1,711.56	1,764.64	1,998.23	7,590.28
Investments at fair value through profit or loss pledged as collateral	2,249.64	2,324.83	6,692.23	17,001.20	9,316.19	37,584.09
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	52.98	52.98
Total	17,090.94	7,788.74	16,723.39	29,586.95	21,783.72	92,973.74

As at March 31, 2022	Less than 3 months	3 months to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	Greater than 3 Years	Total
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	6,486.12	-	907.71	-	-	7,393.83
Trade receivables	656.86	527.94	1,507.26	1,748.04	-	4,440.10
Loans	3,971.84	1,259.59	4,234.74	8,755.08	2,811.36	21,032.61
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	617.93	1,083.77	2,274.63	4,052.03	6,477.49	14,505.85
Investments at fair value through profit or loss pledged as collateral	1,385.02	1,643.26	4,110.46	18,018.45	18,205.70	43,362.89
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	60.00	60.00
Total	13,117.77	4,514.56	13,034.80	32,573.60	27,554.55	90,795.28

41.3. The table below shows the contractual expiry by maturity of the Company's contingent liabilities and commitments.

As at March 31, 2023	Less than 3 months	3 months to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	Greater than 3 Years	Total
Undrawn loan commitments	125.00	-	-	-	-	125.00
Total	125.00	-	-	-	-	125.00

As at March 31, 2022	Less than 3 months	3 months to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	Greater than 3 Years	Total
Undrawn loan commitments	270.50	-	-	-	-	270.50
Total	270.50	-	-	-	-	270.50



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41.4. Financial assets available to support future funding

March 31, 2023	Pledged as collateral	Hypothecation	Available as collateral	Unavailable as collateral*	Total carrying amount
Cash and cash equivalent including bank balance (Refer Note 1)	5,053.82	-	4,562.80	21.49	9,638.11
Trade receivables	-	842.47	1,294.34	-	2,136.81
Loans	-	-	26,505.98	-	26,505.98
Investments	21,913.94	-	5,220.80	-	27,134.74
Other financial assets	-	-	52.98	-	52.98
Property, plant and equipment	1.15	-	-	6.17	7.32
Other intangible assets	-	-	-	19.97	19.97
Other non financial assets	-	-	-	59.09	59.09
Total assets	26,968.91	842.47	37,636.90	106.72	65,555.00

March 31, 2022	Pledged as collateral	Hypothecation	Available as collateral	Unavailable as collateral*	Total carrying amount
Cash and cash equivalent including bank balance (Refer Note 1)	3,271.32	-	4,120.92	1.59	7,393.83
Trade receivables	-	724.08	1,905.73	-	2,629.81
Loans	-	-	14,872.39	-	14,872.39
Investments	27,917.79	-	8,858.25	-	36,776.04
Other financial assets	-	-	60.00	-	60.00
Property, plant and equipment	1.21	-	-	10.97	12.18
Other intangible assets	-	-	-	11.98	11.98
Other non financial assets	-	-	-	23.31	23.31
Total assets	31,190.32	724.08	29,817.29	47.85	61,779.54

1. The assets pledged as collateral represents assets available for specific purpose which are not available as collateral for additional borrowings.

* Represents assets which are not pledged, however the asset has been created for specific purpose and hence it is restricted from using to secure funding for legal or other reason.

Refer terms of pledge mentioned in Note 6.1

42. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair values of financial instruments. The Board has established limits on the non-trading interest rate gaps for stipulated periods.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates (all other variables being constant) of the Group's statement of profit and loss and equity. The sensitivity of the statement of profit and loss is the effect of the assumed changes in interest rates on the profit or loss for a year, based on the floating rate non-trading financial assets and financial liabilities held at 31 March 2023, including the effect of hedging instruments. The sensitivity of equity is calculated by revaluing the fixed rate FVOCI, including the effect of any associated hedges and swaps designated as cash flow hedges, at 31 March for the effects of the assumed changes in interest rates. The total sensitivity of equity is based on the assumption that there are parallel shifts in the yield curve.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates (all other variables being constant) of the Group's statement of profit and loss and equity.

Currency of borrowing / advances	2022-23					
	Increase in basis points	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in basis points	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
INR	25	(2.42)	-	25	2.44	-

Currency of borrowing / advances	2021-22					
	Increase in basis points	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in basis points	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
INR	25	(0.97)	-	25	0.96	-

43. Unconsolidated Structured Entities

An entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate to administrative tasks only and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements.

The following tables show the carrying amount of the company's recorded interest in its balance sheet as well as the maximum exposure to risk (as defined in below) due to these exposures in the unconsolidated structured entities.

Particulars	March 31, 2023		March 31, 2022	
	Securitisation trusts	Maximum exposure	Securitisation trusts	Maximum exposure
Loans	591.95	591.95	918.28	918.28
Trade Receivables	2,376.79	2,376.79	3,996.51	3,996.51
Investment in Security Receipts	27,134.74	27,134.74	36,776.04	36,776.04
Total Assets	30,103.48	30,103.48	41,690.82	41,690.82
Negative market value of derivatives	-	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet exposure	-	-	-	-
Size of the structured entity	3,47,020.65	3,47,020.65	3,92,910.96	3,92,910.96
Income from the structured entity	4,038.73	4,038.73	3,267.58	3,267.58



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

44. Additional Disclosures

The following disclosures have been made taking into account RBI guidelines.

a) Names and addresses of the banks / financial institutions from whom financial assets were acquired and the values at which such assets were acquired from each such bank/financial institution:

Name	Address	For the year ended March 31, 2023 Acquisition Price	For the Year Ended March 31, 2022 Acquisition Price
Sponsors			
None		NIL	NIL
Sub Total (A)		NIL	NIL

Name	Address	For the year ended March 31, 2023 Acquisition Price	For the Year Ended March 31, 2022 Acquisition Price
Abhyudaya Co-Operative Bank Ltd	K.K.Tower, Abhyudaya Bank Lane, Off. G.D. Ambekar Marg, Parel Village, Mumbai - 400012.	4,000.00	4,000.00
Adani Capital Pvt Ltd	ADANI HOUSE, 56 SHRIMALI SOCIETY, NAVRANGPURA, AHMEDABAD GUJARAT Ahmedabad-380009	241.95	-
ARCIL	10th Floor, The Ruby, Senapati Bapat Marg, Dadar (West), Mumbai - 400028	64.70	64.70
AU Small Finance Bank Ltd	Bank House Mile Aimer Road, Jaipur - 302001, Rajasthan	308.90	308.90
Axis Bank Ltd	Corporate Office, 7th Floor, Axis House, C-2, Wadia International Centre, P.B. Marg, Worli, Mumbai-400 025	25,926.49	25,221.93
Bajaj Finance Ltd	6th Floor, Bajaj Finserv Corporate Office, Off Pune-Ahmednagar Road, Viman Nagar, Pune - 411014, and Akurdi, Pune-411035	1,090.95	1,090.95
Bajaj Housing Finance Ltd	Bajaj Auto Limited Complex Mumbai-Pune Road, Akurdi PUNE MH IN 411035.	272.74	272.74
Bank Muscat SAOG	205-206 Regent Chambers, 2nd floor, Jammalal Bajaj Road, 208 Nariman Point, Mumbai 400021	336.14	336.14
Bank of Baroda	DGM, BANK OF BARODA, SPECIALIZED INTEGRATED TREASURY BR.BST, 4TH AND 5TH FLOOR, C-34 G-BLOCK BANDRA KURLA COMPLEX, MUMBAI-400051	22,491.03	22,491.03
Bank of India	Treasury Branch, 7th Floor, Star House I, C-5, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai 400051.	31,265.05	30,990.33
Bank of Maharashtra	Treasury & International Banking Division, Apeejay House, 1st Floor, 130 V B Gandhi Marg, Fort, Mumbai	3,002.80	3,002.80
Barclays Bank	801-808 Ceejay House, Shivsagar Estate, Dr. Annie Besant Road, Worli, Mumbai - 400018	40.00	40.00
Canara Bank	Non SLR & Asset Follow-Up Section, Integrated Treasury Wing, 5th Floor, Canara Bank Building, C-14, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra East, Mumbai- 400051	21,425.40	21,425.40
Central Bank of India	CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA TREASURY DEPARTMENT, CHANDRAMUKHI BUILDING, NARIMAN POINT, MUMBAI-400021	31,902.12	31,902.12
CFM Asset Reconstruction Private Ltd	1st Floor, Wakefield House, Sprott Road, Ballard Estate, Mumbai-400038	3,500.00	-
Cholamandalam Investments & Finance Company Ltd	DARE HOUSE NO. 2 N S C BOSE ROAD, PARRYS CHENNAI TN IN 600001.	56.20	-
Credit Agricole	HOECHST HOUSE 11TH FLOOR, NARIMAN POINT MUMBAI MH 400021	540.00	540.00
The Catholic Syrian Bank Ltd	1ST FLOOR, MAFATLAL HOUSE, HT PAREKH MARG, CURCHGATE, MUMBAI 400020	100.00	100.00
DBS Bank India Ltd	Express Towers, DBS Bank India Limited, Ground Floor, Nariman Point, Mumbai, Maharashtra 400021	2,004.76	2,004.76
DBS Bank Ltd	Ground Floor, Express Tower, Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 029	1,900.00	1,900.00
ECL Finance Ltd	Tower 3, Wing 'B', Kohinoor City Mall, Kohinoor City, Kiroli Road, Kurla (West), Mumbai - 400 070	51,100.70	40,485.70
Edelweiss Finvest Ltd	Edelweiss House, Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098.	3,080.32	3,080.32
Edelweiss Housing Finance Ltd	5th Floor Tower 3, Wing 'B', Kohinoor City Mall, Kohinoor City, Kiroli Road, Kurla (West), Mumbai - 400 070	3,268.96	3,268.96
Edelweiss Retail Finance Ltd	Tower 3, Wing B, Kohinoor City Mall, Kohinoor City, Kiroli Road, Kurla (West), Mumbai - 400 070	775.29	775.29
Export Import Bank of India	Centre One Building, Floor 21, World Trade Centre Complex, Cuffe Parade, Mumbai - 400005	18,591.93	18,591.93
The Federal Bank Ltd	Loan Collection and Recovery Dept, Federal Towers, P O Box # 103, Aluva 683 101, Kerala	3,859.29	3,859.29
HDB Financial Services Ltd	Ground Floor, Zenith House, Keshavnagar Khadve Marg, Mahalakshmi, Mumbai - 400 034	4,788.32	3,487.12
HDFC Bank Ltd	Lodha - I Think Techno Campus, Building - Alpha, 4th Floor - Office Near Kanjur Marg Railway Station, Kanjur Marg (E), Mumbai - 400 042	15,544.30	15,544.30
HSBC Ltd	52, 60, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Kala Ghoda, Fort, Mumbai, Maharashtra 400001	2,152.00	2,152.00
ICICI Bank Ltd	ICICI Bank Towers, G-Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Mumbai - 400 051	29,253.12	29,253.12
ICICI Home Finance Company Ltd	ICICI Bank Tower, Bandra Kurla Complex, Mumbai- 400051	179.39	179.39
IDBI Bank Ltd	Deputy General Manager, TBO-SAIC, 17th Floor, WTC Complex, Cuffe Parade, Mumbai 400005	4,607.75	4,607.75
IDFC First Bank Ltd	Treasury Operations 9th Floor, C-62, G-Block, VIBGYOR TOWERS Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East) Mumbai - 400 051	30,612.00	30,612.00
IFCI Ltd	IFCI Tower, 61 Nehru Place, New Delhi 110019	13,237.50	13,237.50
India Infrastructure Finance Company Ltd	8th Floor, HT House 18820, Kasturba Gandhi Marg New Delhi DL IN 110001.	5,711.50	5,711.50
Indiabulls Commercial Credit Ltd	One International centre, Tower 1, 18th Floor Senapati Bapat Marg, Fitwala Rd, W, Mumbai, Maharashtra 400013	960.37	960.37
Indiabulls Housing Finance Ltd	One International centre, Tower 1, 18th Floor Senapati Bapat Marg, Fitwala Rd, W, Mumbai, Maharashtra 400013	25,439.63	25,439.63
Indian Bank	Indian Bank, Treasury Branch 1st Floor, Allahabad Bank Building, Near by Bombay Stock Exchange, 37, Mumbai Samachar Marg, Fort, Mumbai - 400023	22,104.22	22,104.22
Indian Overseas Bank	Indian Overseas Bank, Treasury Department, Central Office, 763, Anna Salai, Chennai-600 002.	32,154.66	32,154.66
Indusind Bank Ltd	11th Floor, Tower 1, One India Bulls Centre, 841 S B Marg, Elphinstone Road, Mumbai - 400013	29,014.00	26,234.00
Industrial Investment Bank of India	19 NETAJI SUBHAS ROAD 2ND FLOOR KOLKATA WB 700001	257.60	257.60
The J and K Bank Ltd	NATIONAL BUSINESS CENTRE, TREASURY OPERATIONS, 3RD & 4TH FLOOR, BANDRA KURLA COMPLEX BANDRA EAST MUMBAI-400051.	10,750.00	10,750.00
JCF ARC	12th Flr, Crompton Greaves House, Dr. Annie Besant Road, Worli Mumbai Mumbai City MH 400030 IN	365.05	-
JP Morgan Chase	Prism Towers, Level Nos. 9 to 11, Link Road, Mindspace, Goregaon (West), Mumbai MH IN 400104.	194.00	194.00
The Karnataka Bank Ltd	Karnataka Bank Limited, Post Box No. 599, Mahaveera Circle, Kankanady, Mangaluru-575 002	618.30	480.00
The Karur Vysya Bank Ltd	Gayathri Towers, 2nd Floor, 354, Appasaheb Marathe Marg, Prabhadevi, Mumbai - 400025	967.00	967.00
Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd	6th Floor, 12BKC, Plot No C 12, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra East, Mumbai 400051	345.31	345.31
L and T Finance Ltd	L&T Finance Ltd, 4th Floor, Brindavan, Plot No. 177, CST Road, Next to Mercedes Showroom, Kalina Santacruz East, Mumbai 400 098.	19,963.43	19,618.43
Piramal Capital and Housing Finance Ltd	UNIT NO 601 6TH FLOOR, AMITY BLDG GASTYA CORPORATE PARK, KAMANI JUNCTION, OPP FIRE STATION, LBS MARG KURLA WEST MUMBAI-400070	1,343.98	977.20



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
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Name	Address	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year Ended March 31, 2022
		Acquisition Price	Acquisition Price
PNB Housing Finance Ltd	9th Floor, Antriksh Bhavan, 22 Kasturba Gandhi Marg, Near Connaught Place, New Delhi 110001	127.00	127.00
Poonawalla Fincorp Ltd	201 and 202, 2nd Floor, AP81, Koregaon Park Annex, Mundhwa, Pune – 411036	869.10	91.10
Poonawalla Housing Finance Ltd	201 and 202, 2nd Floor, AP81, Koregaon Park Annex, Mundhwa, Pune – 411036	621.48	280.98
PTC India Financial Services Ltd	7th Floor, Telephone Exchange Building, 8 Bhikaiji Cama Place, New Delhi, Delhi-110066	346.20	346.20
Punjab and Sind Bank	H.O. FUNDS MANAGEMENT DEPT 1ST FLOOR, BANK HOUSE 21, RAJENDRA PALACE, NEW DELHI-	1,103.50	1,103.50
Punjab National Bank	Treasury Division, H.O., C-9, G-Block, 6th Floor, Bandra Kurla Complex, Mumbai-400051	37,635.89	37,347.40
Rabobank International	Peninsula Corporate Park, Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai 400013	299.20	299.20
Rare Asset Reconstruction Company Ltd	203 GALA ARGOS, BESIDE HARIKUPURA TOWER, NEAR ELLISBRIDGE GYMKHANA GUJARAT COLLEGE ROAD AHMEDABAD Ahmedabad GJ 380007	3,000.00	-
Reliance Commercial Finance Ltd	The Ruby, 11th Floor, North West Wing, Plot No. 29, JK Sawant Marg, Dadar West, Dadar, Mumbai, Maharashtra 400028	300.00	300.00
Religare Housing Development Finance Corporation Ltd	1407, 14th Floor, Chiranjiv Tower, 43, Nehru Place New Delhi South Delhi DL 110019	116.90	116.90
SBFC Finance Private Ltd	Unit 103, C&B SQUARE, SANGAM CARNIVAL CINEMAS, Chakala, Andheri East, Mumbai, Maharashtra 400059	158.00	158.00
SICOM	Solitaire Corporate Park, Building No. 4, Guru Margovindji Road, Mumbai, Maharashtra 400093	724.70	724.70
Small Industries Development Bank of India	SIDBI TOWER, 15, ASHOK MARG, LUCKNOW ; Postcode, 226001 ; City/Parish, LUCKNOW	276.58	276.58
The South Indian Bank Ltd	South Indian Bank Ltd., T.B Road, Mission Quarters, Thrissur-680001, Kerala, India.	1,887.50	1,887.50
Standard Chartered Bank	CRESCENDO C-38/39, G Block BKC, Bandra East, Mumbai, Maharashtra 400051	459.50	459.50
State Bank of India	Securities Services Branch, 2nd Floor, State Bank Of India Main Branch Building, Mumbai Samachar Marg, Fort, Mumbai 400001	1,23,829.13	1,22,846.72
Stressed Assets Stabilisation Fund (SASF)	3rd Floor, 'D' Wing, IDBI Tower, WTC Complex, Cuffe Parade, Mumbai – 400 005	160.00	160.00
Suryoday Small Finance Bank Ltd	HDFC BANK LIMITED CUSTODY OPERATIONS, EMPIRE PLAZA TWR-1, 4TH FLOOR, CHANDAN NAGAR LBS MARG, VIKHROLI WEST, MUMBAI, 400083	1,351.00	-
Tata Capital Financial Services Ltd	11th Floor, Tower A, Peninsula Business Park, Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai - 400013	213.50	213.50
The Royal Bank of Scotland Plc	2, Senapati Bapat Marg, Railway Colony, Lower Parel, Mumbai, Maharashtra 400013	290.30	290.30
Tourism Finance Corporation Of India	607 Lodha Supremus, Senapati Bapat Marg, opp. Kamala Mills Compound, Lower Parel, Mumbai, Maharashtra 400013	145.00	145.00
U GRO Capital Ltd	4th Floor, Tower-3 West Wing, Equinox Business Park, Off BKC, LBS Road, Kurla (W), Mumbai-400070, Maharashtra	237.50	237.50
UCO Bank	Treasury Branch, 3rd Flr, UCO Bank Bldg, 359, D. N. Road, Fort, Mumbai-400001	11,119.50	11,119.50
Union Bank of India	239, 3rd Floor Union Bank Bhavan, Vidhan, Bhavan Marg, Nariman Point, Mumbai – 400021	12,670.73	12,328.50
Yes Bank Ltd	6th Floor, YES Bank House, 13-103, Western Express Highway Anand Nagar, Vokola, Santacruz East Mumbai, Maharashtra 400055	4,839.00	4,839.00
Sub Total (B)		6,84,490.33	6,56,718.94
Grand Total (A+B)		6,84,490.33	6,56,718.94



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

b) Dispersion of various financial assets industry-wise and sponsor-wise:

Industry	For the Year Ended March 31, 2023		For the Year Ended March 31, 2022	
	Acquisition Price	Percentage to total acquisition price	Acquisition Price	Percentage to total acquisition price
Sponsors				
None	-	-	-	-
Sub Total (A)	-	-	-	-
Non Sponsors				
Agro, Food & Food Processing	18,562.36	2.71%	18,562.36	2.83%
Argo, Food & Food Processing – Others	6,283.71	0.92%	6,283.71	0.96%
Consumer Foods, Beverages & Tobacco	6,755.80	0.99%	6,755.80	1.03%
Dairy & Milk Products	608.03	0.09%	608.03	0.09%
Ethanol & Sugar	4,914.83	0.72%	4,914.83	0.75%
Allied Services – Infra and Others	311.00	0.05%	311.00	0.05%
Services providers to Infrastructure projects viz. Airport, SEZ, Telecom, Renewable power	311.00	0.05%	311.00	0.05%
Auto & Auto Ancillary	13,753.40	2.01%	13,513.40	2.06%
Vehicles, Vehicle Parts, & Transport Equipment	13,753.40	2.01%	13,513.40	2.06%
Chemical & Chemical Products	24,465.21	3.57%	24,465.21	3.73%
Chemicals & Chemical Products – Others	1,399.00	0.20%	1,399.00	0.21%
Drugs & Pharmaceuticals	21,007.61	3.07%	21,007.61	3.20%
Fertilizers, Pesticides & other agrochemicals	140.00	0.02%	140.00	0.02%
Petrochemicals	1,918.60	0.28%	1,918.60	0.29%
Construction Material & Allied Products	38,277.99	5.59%	38,277.99	5.83%
Cement & Cement Products	38,277.99	5.59%	38,277.99	5.83%
Education	5,274.90	0.77%	2,474.90	0.38%
Educational Institutions & Educational Technology Company	5,274.90	0.77%	2,474.90	0.38%
Engineering	12,880.50	1.88%	12,650.50	1.93%
Engineering - Electronics & Electricals	8,520.80	1.24%	8,520.80	1.30%
Engineering - Machinery & Equipment	4,359.70	0.64%	4,129.70	0.63%
Engineering Procurement Construction (EPC)	18,435.55	2.69%	18,369.79	2.80%
EPC	18,435.55	2.69%	18,369.79	2.80%
Financial Institutions (FI)	3,442.40	0.50%	3,442.40	0.52%
Banking, Financial Services, & Insurance	3,442.40	0.50%	3,442.40	0.52%
Gems & Jewellery	2,745.50	0.40%	2,745.50	0.42%
Gems & Jewellery	2,745.50	0.40%	2,745.50	0.42%
Glass & Glassware	3,471.75	0.51%	3,471.75	0.53%
Glass & Glassware	3,471.75	0.51%	3,471.75	0.53%
Healthcare	1,348.80	0.20%	1,348.80	0.21%
Hospitals & Diagnostic center	1,348.80	0.20%	1,348.80	0.21%
Hospitality & Entertainment	24,288.40	3.55%	22,888.40	3.49%
Entertainment – Theme Parks, Cinemas, Media Houses	3,911.90	0.57%	2,511.90	0.38%
Hospitality – Hotels, Motels, Resorts, & Restaurants	20,376.50	2.98%	20,376.50	3.10%
Information & Technology	5,700.90	0.83%	5,700.90	0.87%
Information Technology & Information Technology Enabled Services (ITES)	5,700.90	0.83%	5,700.90	0.87%
Infrastructure - Others	6,686.30	0.98%	6,536.30	1.00%
Infrastructure – Others	150.00	0.02%	-	0.00%
Social & Commercial Infrastructure	6,057.00	0.88%	6,057.00	0.92%
Solid Waste Management	469.30	0.07%	469.30	0.07%
Water & Sanitation	10.00	0.00%	10.00	0.00%
Infrastructure – Ports	18,706.80	2.73%	18,706.80	2.85%
Port and Airport	18,706.80	2.73%	18,706.80	2.85%
Infrastructure – Road	4,438.30	0.65%	4,438.30	0.68%
Roads, Highways, & Bridges	4,438.30	0.65%	4,438.30	0.68%
Infrastructure – SEZ	17,504.80	2.56%	17,504.80	2.67%
SEZ, Warehouse, Cold Storage	17,504.80	2.56%	17,504.80	2.67%
Infrastructure – Telecom	30,948.79	4.52%	30,948.79	4.71%
Telecom Infrastructure	30,948.79	4.52%	30,948.79	4.71%
Metal & Metal Products	1,20,171.55	17.56%	1,20,171.55	18.30%
Iron & Steel	1,09,837.32	16.05%	1,09,837.32	16.73%
Metal & Metal Products – Others	10,334.23	1.51%	10,334.23	1.57%
Mining	3,238.10	0.47%	3,238.10	0.49%
Mining & Quarrying	3,238.10	0.47%	3,238.10	0.49%
Others*	5,404.54	0.79%	5,404.54	0.82%
Others	5,404.54	0.79%	5,404.54	0.82%
Paper & Paper Products	37,053.94	5.41%	37,053.94	5.64%
Paper & Paper Products	37,053.94	5.41%	37,053.94	5.64%
Power	66,349.47	9.69%	66,349.47	10.10%
Power Generation – Renewable (Hydro, Solar, Wind)	10,922.89	1.60%	10,922.89	1.66%
Power Generation – Thermal Power	44,389.30	6.49%	44,389.30	6.76%
Power Transmission & Distribution	11,037.28	1.61%	11,037.28	1.68%
Real Estate– Others	44,250.36	6.46%	35,946.26	5.47%
Real Estate – Completed	101.20	0.01%	101.20	0.02%
Real Estate – Land	3,000.00	0.44%	-	0.00%
Real Estate – Others	41,149.16	6.01%	35,845.06	5.46%
Real Estate- Under Construction	54,846.80	8.01%	48,930.90	7.45%
Real Estate - Under Construction	54,846.80	8.01%	48,930.90	7.45%
Retail	44,075.97	6.44%	36,860.35	5.61%
Retail Portfolio	44,075.97	6.44%	36,860.35	5.61%
Rubber & Plastic Products	3,932.50	0.57%	3,932.50	0.60%
Rubber & Plastic Products	3,932.50	0.57%	3,932.50	0.60%
Shipping & Ship Building	20,386.04	2.98%	20,386.04	3.10%
Shipping & Ship Building	20,386.04	2.98%	20,386.04	3.10%
Textiles	31,666.39	4.63%	30,216.39	4.60%
Apparel & Accessories – Leather & their Products	452.90	0.07%	452.90	0.07%
Cotton, Silk, Wool, Jute, & Yarns	29,282.03	4.28%	29,282.03	4.46%
Fabric & Garment Manufacturing	1,808.50	0.26%	358.50	0.05%
Textiles – Others	122.96	0.02%	122.96	0.02%
Trading & Distribution	1,787.23	0.26%	1,787.23	0.27%
Wholesale & Retail – Traders & Distributors	1,787.23	0.26%	1,787.23	0.27%
Wood & Wood Products	83.80	0.01%	83.80	0.01%
Wood & Wood Products	83.80	0.01%	83.80	0.01%
Sub Total (B)	6,84,490.33	100.00%	6,56,718.94	100.00%
Grand Total (B)	6,84,490.33	100%	6,56,718.94	100%



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

c) Other additional disclosures:

Particulars	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Value of financial assets acquired during the year	27,771.39	51,668.73
Value of financial assets realised during the year	75,055.41	67,682.46
Value of financial assets outstanding for realisation at end of year	2,18,785.21	2,53,081.36
Value of Security Receipts redeemed partially during the year	56,062.48	54,007.37
Value of Security Receipts redeemed fully during the year	1,678.65	2,566.56
Value of Security Receipts pending for redemption at end of year	3,71,294.06	4,01,263.81
Value of Security Receipts not redeemed as a result of non-realisation of the financial asset	2,973.07	2,020.01
Value of land and/or building acquired in ordinary course of business of reconstruction of assets	-	-

d) Restructuring Loan disbursed to 6 borrowers/ borrower groups (Previous Year: 6) amounting to Rs. 1,409 millions (Previous Year: Rs. 1,276 millions) has been classified as Non-Performing asset as at March 31, 2023.

e) In terms of the requirements of RBI circular no. DNBS (PD) CC. No. 41/ SCRC / 26.03.001/ 2014- 2015, w.e.f. 5 August 2014,

- Details of assets where acquisition value is more than book value.

For the year ended March 31, 2023: Nil

For the year ended March 31, 2022: Nil

- Details of assets disposed off during the year at a discount of more than 20% of valuation as on previous year end and reasons thereof:

For the year ended March 31, 2023: Nil

For the year ended March 31, 2022: Nil

-During the year Company has written off assets acquired after 5th August 2014, under below trusts on account of lower recovery projections in the underlying assets:

Trust Name	Value of Financial Assets before write off	Financial Assets written Off
EARC TRUST SC - 101	171.08	171.08
EARC TRUST SC - 115	59.40	59.40
EARC TRUST SC - 118	56.20	56.20
EARC TRUST SC - 137	20.86	20.86
EARC TRUST SC - 142	2.06	2.06
EARC TRUST SC - 156	5.73	5.73
EARC TRUST SC - 209	204.10	204.10
EARC TRUST SC - 398	104.70	104.70



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

- Details of assets where the value of SRs has declined more than 20% below the acquisition value:

Trust Name	Acquisition Value (Rs in Millions)	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
		NAV %	NAV %
EARC TRUST SC - 101	250.00	0%	5%
EARC TRUST SC - 106	1,214.40	0%	15%
EARC TRUST SC - 105	1,400.00	0%	15%
EARC TRUST SC - 103	500.00	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 108	731.50	0%	30%
EARC TRUST SC - 110	1,100.00	0%	25%
EARC TRUST SC - 111	220.20	0%	5%
EARC TRUST SC - 113	458.70	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 118	300.00	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 119	79.40	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 124	1,895.80	0%	25%
EARC TRUST SC - 126	2,112.50	0%	75%
EARC TRUST SC - 121	951.40	0%	25%
EARC TRUST SC - 123	251.50	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 125	918.00	0%	40%
EARC TRUST SC - 134	737.50	0%	40%
EARC TRUST SC - 136	277.00	0%	35%
EARC TRUST SC - 50 - ALLAHABAD	1,180.00	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 137	141.20	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 140	360.00	5%	10%
EARC TRUST SC - 138	800.00	0%	20%
EARC TRUST SC - 139	174.20	25%	35%
EARC TRUST SC - 142	136.50	0%	50%
EARC TRUST SC - 148	96.00	0%	5%
EARC TRUST SC - 150	437.50	50%	50%
EARC TRUST SC - 156	85.00	0%	75%
EARC TRUST SC - 159	37.50	25%	25%
EARC TRUST SC - 157	275.00	0%	1%
EARC TRUST SC - 160	70.00	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 161	186.10	10%	15%
EARC TRUST SC - 162	360.00	25%	75%
EARC TRUST SC - 164	817.00	25%	30%
EARC TRUST SC - 165	100.00	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 167	1,031.00	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 166	219.50	10%	15%
EARC TRUST SC - 171	1,321.00	25%	30%
EARC TRUST SC - 169	1,227.40	40%	40%
EARC TRUST SC - 175	1,900.00	50%	65%
EARC TRUST SC - 181	284.20	45%	50%
EARC TRUST SC - 183	99.00	15%	35%
EARC TRUST SC - 184	800.50	30%	50%
EARC TRUST SC - 186	1,285.60	25%	30%
EARC TRUST SC - 192	104.00	1%	10%
EARC TRUST SC - 193	1,017.10	25%	30%
EARC TRUST SC - 198	250.00	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 209	479.40	0%	10%
EARC TRUST SC - 205	650.00	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 206	560.00	5%	25%
EARC TRUST SC - 215	1,040.00	0%	20%
EARC TRUST SC - 212	720.70	25%	30%
EARC TRUST SC - 213	345.00	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 217	18,000.00	25%	50%
EARC TRUST SC - 218	279.00	50%	40%
EARC TRUST SC - 222	708.30	30%	30%
EARC TRUST SC - 226	967.50	25%	30%
EARC TRUST SC - 229	300.00	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 236	2,637.80	10%	25%
EARC TRUST SC - 235	10.44	0%	25%
EARC TRUST SC - 234	11.00	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 243	2,690.20	40%	40%
EARC TRUST SC - 249	808.00	30%	50%
EARC TRUST SC - 248	289.40	40%	40%
EARC TRUST SC - 252	2,400.00	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 246	360.00	30%	50%
EARC TRUST SC - 256	1,900.00	25%	35%
EARC TRUST SC - 255	2.16	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 258	3,800.00	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 265	860.00	25%	30%
EARC TRUST SC - 253	650.50	30%	50%
EARC TRUST SC - 261	57.10	0%	0%



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Trust Name	Acquisition Value (Rs in Millions)	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
		NAV %	NAV %
EARC TRUST SC - 259	17.72	0%	25%
EARC TRUST SC - 294	0.14	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 295	17.40	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 300	360.00	15%	40%
EARC TRUST SC - 59	59.20	5%	5%
EARC TRUST SC - 303	3.80	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 305	820.50	25%	30%
EARC TRUST SC - 315	975.00	1%	25%
EARC TRUST SC - 317	230.00	25%	25%
EARC TRUST SC - 296	3.82	0%	25%
EARC TRUST SC - 330	451.00	1%	25%
EARC TRUST SC - 65	129.90	5%	5%
EARC TRUST SC - 335	28.72	0%	25%
EARC TRUST SC - 298	3,850.00	100%	75%
EARC TRUST SC - 386	1,180.00	75%	60%
EARC TRUST SC - 70	24.57	5%	10%
EARC TRUST SC - 398	563.72	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 400	0.74	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 407	7.14	0%	25%
EARC TRUST SC - 122	526.90	0%	50%
EARC TRUST SC - 129	89.60	0%	50%
EARC TRUST SC - 120	1,545.80	0%	50%
EARC TRUST SC - 128	179.80	0%	50%
EARC TRUST SC - 143	2,463.50	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 146	2,299.00	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 149	145.00	10%	25%
EARC TRUST SC - 153	932.50	25%	50%
EARC TRUST SC - 154	1,852.00	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 163	162.50	25%	75%
EARC TRUST SC - 168	4,338.00	20%	25%
EARC TRUST SC - 177	2,495.00	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 178	50.00	45%	50%
EARC TRUST SC - 185	410.00	65%	75%
EARC TRUST SC - 189	194.50	50%	75%
EARC TRUST SC - 176	764.10	50%	75%
EARC TRUST SC - 203	7,112.40	30%	50%
EARC TRUST SC - 207	1,086.80	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 210	590.50	65%	75%
EARC TRUST SC - 231	1,573.00	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 230	279.00	25%	50%
EARC TRUST SC - 251	2,000.00	75%	70%
EARC TRUST SC - 254	2,440.00	25%	75%
EARC TRUST SC - 270	460.00	25%	50%
EARC TRUST SC - 291	322.50	25%	50%
EARC TRUST SC - 342	278.60	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 364	4,000.00	45%	75%
EARC TRUST SC - 381	550.00	50%	75%
EARC TRUST SC - 372	299.70	150%	75%
EARC TRUST SC - 384	9,150.00	107%	75%
EARC TRUST SC - 395	64.70	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 392	1,932.50	70%	75%
EARC TRUST SC - 408	260.00	5%	10%
EARC TRUST SC - 427	1,500.00	0%	0%
EARC TRUST SC - 115	440.40	0%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 260	149.00	0%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 223	2,750.00	0%	-



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Trust Name	Acquisition Value (Rs in Millions)	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
		NAV %	NAV %
EARC TRUST SC - 102	904.20	0%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 109	1,810.00	0%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 112	400.00	0%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 114	2,600.00	0%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 116	750.00	0%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 117	455.00	0%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 130	9.03	0%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 127	860.20	0%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 131	1,105.00	0%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 132	10.00	0%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 133	320.00	0%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 141	860.00	25%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 144	565.00	25%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 147	160.00	50%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 152	325.00	25%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 158	2,750.00	75%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 172	311.90	75%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 179	456.00	75%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 224	1,060.00	50%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 232	273.00	65%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 237	2,255.20	25%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 242	1,262.50	75%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 329	360.00	75%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 361	300.00	50%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 391	1,080.00	75%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 393	375.00	75%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 403	5,300.00	45%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 411	2,576.92	75%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 412	10.08	75%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 432	15,050.00	40%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 437	138.837	0%	-
EARC TRUST SC - 446	65.765	0%	-



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

(f) Comparison between provisions required under IRACP and impairment allowances made under Ind AS 109

Asset Classification as per RBI norms	Asset classification as per IND AS 109	Gross carrying amount as Per IND AS	Loss allowances(provisions) as required under IND AS 109	Net carrying amount	Provisions required as per IRACP norms	Difference between IND AS 109 provisions and IRACP norms
('1)	('2)	('3)	('4)	('5=3-4')	('6)	('7=4-6)
As at March 31, 2023						
Performing assets						
	Stage 1	19.75	0.74	19.01	-	0.74
Standard	Stage 2	33.35	2.52	30.83	0.11	2.41
	Stage 3	17.40	2.61	14.79	-	2.61
Sub total		70.50	5.87	64.63	0.11	5.76
Non - Performing assets (NPA)						
Substandard	Stage 3	254.11	38.08	216.03	113.30	(75.23)
Doubtful -upto 1 year	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
1 to 3 years	Stage 3	233.14	34.98	198.16	190.78	(155.80)
More than 3 years	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal for doubtful		233.14	34.98	198.16	190.78	(155.80)
Loss	Stage 3	2,482.77	380.58	2,102.19	2,484.07	(2,103.48)
Subtotal for NPA		2,970.02	453.64	2,516.38	2,788.15	(2,334.51)
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments etc which are in the scope of IND AS 109 but not covered under current income recognition, asset classification and provisioning (IRACP) norms	Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 3	125.00	18.75	106.25	-	18.75
Subtotal		125.00	18.75	106.25	-	18.75
Total	Stage 1	19.75	0.74	19.01	-	0.74
	Stage 2	33.35	2.52	30.83	0.11	2.41
	Stage 3	3,112.42	474.99	2,637.42	2,788.15	(2,313.15)
	Total	3,165.53	478.25	2,687.27	2,788.25	(2,310.00)

Asset Classification as per RBI norms	Asset classification as per IND AS 109	Gross carrying amount as Per IND AS	Loss allowances(provisions) as required under IND AS 109	Net carrying amount	Provisions required as per IRACP norms	Difference between IND AS 109 provisions and IRACP norms
('1)	('2)	('3)	('4)	('5=3-4')	('6)	('7=4-6)
As at March 31, 2022						
Performing assets						
	Stage 1	129.30	4.85	124.45	-	4.85
Standard	Stage 2	191.10	14.33	176.77	-	14.33
	Stage 3	13.34	2.00	11.34	-	2.00
Sub total		333.74	21.18	312.56	-	21.18
Non - Performing assets (NPA)						
Substandard	Stage 3	52.83	7.92	44.90	52.83	(44.91)
Doubtful -upto 1 year	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
1 to 3 years	Stage 3	1,074.04	161.11	912.93	780.14	(619.03)
More than 3 years	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal for doubtful		1,074.04	161.11	912.93	780.14	(619.03)
Loss	Stage 3	1,710.18	281.39	1,428.79	1,710.10	(1,428.71)
Subtotal for NPA		2,837.04	450.42	2,386.62	2,543.07	(2,092.65)
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments etc which are in the scope of IND AS 109 but not covered under current income recognition, asset classification and provisioning (IRACP) norms	Stage 1	145.50	5.46	140.04	-	5.46
	Stage 2	0.41	0.03	0.38	-	0.03
	Stage 3	125.00	18.75	106.25	-	18.75
Subtotal		270.91	24.24	246.68	-	24.24
Total	Stage 1	274.80	10.30	264.49	-	10.30
	Stage 2	191.51	14.37	177.15	-	14.37
	Stage 3	2,975.38	471.17	2,504.21	2,543.07	(2,071.90)
	Total	3,441.69	495.84	2,945.85	2,543.07	(2,047.23)



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(g) In terms of the requirements of RBI circular no. DOR.ACC.REC.No.104/21.07.001/2022-23, w.e.f. 20 February 2023,

Particulars	As at the end of March 31, 2023	As at the end of March 31, 2022
Outstanding amount of unrealised management fee	2,780.87	4,000.63
1. Out of the above, amount outstanding for:		
(a) Amounts where the net asset value of the security receipts has fallen below 50 per cent of the face value	2,116.58	3,079.38
(b) Other amounts unrealised for:		
(i) More than 180 days but upto 1 year	317.73	185.70
(ii) More than 1 year but upto 3 years	131.41	412.80
(iii) More than 3 years	67.67	172.81
Allowances held for unrealised management fee	641.77	1,367.29
Net unrealised management fee receivable	2,139.10	2,633.35

45. Code on Social Security

The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to the employee benefits during employment and post-employment benefits received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the code will come into effect has not been notified and the final rules/interpretation have not yet been issued. The Company will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period the Code becomes effective.

46. Segment Information

The Company is in the business of acquisition and resolution of non - performing assets. All other activities of the Company revolve around the main business. Since the business operations of the Company are primarily concentrated in India, the Company is considered to operate only in the domestic segment.

47. Foreign Currency Expenses

The foreign exchange outgo during the year was ₹ 2.81 millions (Previous year: ₹ 5.54 millions).

48. Events after Reporting Date

There have been no events after the reporting date that require disclosure in this

49. Other Additional Regulatory Information

49.1. Title deeds of immovable Properties not held in name of the Company

The Company do not have any immovable properties where title deeds are not held in the name of the company.

49.2. Loans and Advances

There are no loans or advances in the nature of loans which are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person that are:

- (a) repayable on demand or
- (b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment

49.3. Details of Benami Property held

The Company do not have any benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any Benami property.

49.4 Security of current assets against borrowings

The Company has no borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.

49.5. Wilful Defaulter

The Company is not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.

49.6. Relationship with Struck off Companies

The Company do not have any transactions with companies struck off.

49.7. Registration of charges or satisfaction of charges with Registrar of Companies (ROC)

The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

49.8. Ratios

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Liquidity Coverage Ratio ¹	271.09%	470.11%
Debt Equity Ratio ²	1.04	1.35
Debt Service Coverage Ratio ³	0.53	0.99
CRAR ⁴	49.23%	42.04%

¹Liquidity Coverage Ratio = (High Quality Liquid Assets/ Short-term obligations for next 30 days)

²Debt-equity Ratio = (Debt securities + Borrowings (other than debt securities)) / Net Worth

³DSCR = Profit before interest and tax / (Interest expense + Principal Repayment in next 12 months)

⁴CRAR = Total Capital / Risk Weighted assets

49.9. Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium:

(A) During the year, the company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

- (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries)
- (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

(B) During the year, the Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

- (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

49.10. Undisclosed Income

The Company have not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

49.11. Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the current financial year and any of the previous financial years.

50. Other disclosure

The income tax authorities conducted an investigation from March 2, 2023 to March 9, 2023, under section 132 of the Income Tax, 1961 at Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited and requisite information was provided during the investigation to the income tax authorities. As on date the Company has not received any information or quantification by the concerned income tax authorities in relation to any tax liabilities for the Company. The Company believes that there is no significant impact on consolidated financial statements or results due to this investigation. The Company is extending its full cooperation with the concerned income tax authorities and its current internal assessment is that there is no material adverse impact, however, it is unable to comment on the final outcome of the investigation.



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

51 Composition of the Group

Sr.	Name of the Entity	Country of Incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest as at 31-Mar-2023	Proportion of ownership interest as at 31-Mar-2022
	Controlled Trusts			
1	EARC SAF - 2 TRUST	India	84.62%	84.62%
2	EARC TRUST - SC 7	India	100.00%	100.00%
3	EARC TRUST SC - 102	India	100.00%	100.00%
4	EARC TRUST SC - 130	India	100.00%	100.00%
5	EARC TRUST SC - 245	India	36.91%	36.91%
6	EARC TRUST SC - 266	India	100.00%	100.00%
7	EARC TRUST SC - 262	India	36.91%	36.91%
8	EARC TRUST SC - 293	India	100.00%	100.00%
9	EARC TRUST SC - 308	India	100.00%	100.00%
10	EARC TRUST SC - 314	India	100.00%	100.00%
11	EARC TRUST SC - 325	India	100.00%	100.00%
12	EARC TRUST SC - 306	India	50.00%	50.00%
13	EARC TRUST SC - 321	India	100.00%	100.00%
14	EARC TRUST SC - 334	India	100.00%	100.00%
15	EARC TRUST SC - 318	India	100.00%	100.00%
16	EARC TRUST SC - 332	India	100.00%	100.00%
17	EARC TRUST SC - 348	India	100.00%	100.00%
18	EARC TRUST SC - 349	India	100.00%	100.00%
19	EARC TRUST SC - 352	India	100.00%	100.00%
20	EARC TRUST SC - 357	India	41.86%	41.86%
21	EARC TRUST SC - 342	India	69.92%	69.92%
22	EARC TRUST SC - 347	India	100.00%	100.00%
23	EARC TRUST SC - 351	India	71.43%	71.43%
24	EARC TRUST SC - 360	India	100.00%	100.00%
25	EARC TRUST SC - 363	India	100.00%	100.00%
26	EARC TRUST SC - 344	India	100.00%	100.00%
27	EARC TRUST SC - 370	India	100.00%	100.00%
28	EARC TRUST SC - 383	India	100.00%	100.00%
29	EARC TRUST SC - 386	India	100.00%	100.00%
30	EARC TRUST SC - 395	India	100.00%	100.00%
31	EARC TRUST SC - 380	India	100.00%	100.00%
32	EARC TRUST SC - 387	India	100.00%	100.00%
33	EARC TRUST SC - 388	India	100.00%	100.00%
34	EARC TRUST SC - 375	India	100.00%	100.00%
35	EARC TRUST SC - 399	India	100.00%	100.00%
36	EARC TRUST SC - 402	India	100.00%	100.00%
37	EARC TRUST SC - 376	India	100.00%	100.00%
38	EARC TRUST SC - 396	India	100.00%	100.00%
39	EARC TRUST SC - 410	India	100.00%	100.00%
40	EARC TRUST SC - 405	India	100.00%	100.00%
41	EARC TRUST SC - 428	India	100.00%	100.00%
42	EARC TRUST SC - 429	India	100.00%	100.00%
43	EARC TRUST SC - 412	India	100.00%	100.00%
44	EARC TRUST SC - 415	India	100.00%	100.00%
45	EARC TRUST SC - 430	India	100.00%	100.00%
46	EARC TRUST SC - 427	India	46.17%	46.17%
47	EARC TRUST SC - 227	India	100.00%	100.00%
48	EARC TRUST SC - 228	India	100.00%	100.00%
49	EARC TRUST SC - 431	India	100.00%	100.00%
50	EARC TRUST SC - 436	India	100.00%	100.00%
51	EARC TRUST SC - 421	India	100.00%	100.00%
52	EARC TRUST SC - 422	India	100.00%	100.00%
53	EARC TRUST SC - 423	India	100.00%	100.00%
54	EARC TRUST SC - 424	India	100.00%	100.00%
55	EARC TRUST SC - 440	India	100.00%	100.00%
56	EARC TRUST SC - 441	India	100.00%	100.00%
57	EARC TRUST SC - 425	India	100.00%	100.00%
58	EARC TRUST SC - 448	India	100.00%	100.00%
59	EARC TRUST SC - 449	India	100.00%	100.00%
60	EARC TRUST SC - 434	India	100.00%	100.00%
61	EARC TRUST SC - 413	India	39.03%	15.00%
62	EARC TRUST SC - 417	India	38.89%	15.00%
63	EARC TRUST SC - 444	India	43.98%	15.00%
64	EARC TRUST SC - 461	India	73.02%	0.00%
65	EARC TRUST SC - 462	India	68.74%	0.00%
66	EARC TRUST SC - 443	India	100.00%	0.00%
67	EARC TRUST SC - 477	India	100.00%	0.00%
68	EARC TRUST SC - 481	India	100.00%	0.00%
69	EARC TRUST SC - 482	India	100.00%	0.00%
70	EARC TRUST SC - 442	India	100.00%	0.00%
71	EARC TRUST SC - 483	India	100.00%	0.00%
72	EARC TRUST SC - 484	India	100.00%	0.00%
73	EARC TRUST SC - 394	India	42.78%	15.00%



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

52 Additional Information, as required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, of enterprises consolidated as Subsidiary

As at March 31, 2023

Name of the Entity	Net Assets i.e. Total Assets minus Total Liabilities		Share in Profit or Loss		Share in Other Comprehensive Income		Share in Total Comprehensive Income	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount (₹ in Million)
Parent								
Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	99.95%	27,941.29	94.68%	3,183.93	100.00%	-2.20	94.67%	3,181.73
Subsidiaries								
EARC TRUST SC - 130	0.00%	(0.02)	0.00%	(0.06)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.06)
EARC SAF - 2 TRUST	0.00%	(0.97)	0.01%	0.19	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.19
EARC TRUST SC - 266	0.00%	(0.04)	0.00%	0.05	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.05
EARC TRUST SC - 306	0.00%	0.05	0.02%	0.78	0.00%	-	0.02%	0.78
EARC TRUST SC - 332	0.00%	0.50	0.00%	(0.02)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.02)
EARC TRUST SC - 334	0.00%	0.58	-0.01%	(0.39)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.39)
EARC TRUST SC - 344	0.00%	(0.02)	0.00%	(0.00)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.00)
EARC TRUST SC - 347	0.00%	0.65	0.01%	0.29	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.29
EARC TRUST SC - 351	-0.04%	(10.31)	0.01%	0.22	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.22
EARC TRUST SC - 352	0.00%	0.28	0.00%	(0.16)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.16)
EARC TRUST SC - 357	0.00%	0.25	0.03%	1.00	0.00%	-	0.03%	1.00
EARC TRUST SC - 360	0.00%	0.59	0.01%	0.23	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.23
EARC TRUST SC - 363	0.00%	0.24	0.02%	0.51	0.00%	-	0.02%	0.51
EARC TRUST SC - 370	0.01%	2.82	0.28%	9.48	0.00%	-	0.28%	9.48
EARC TRUST SC - 102	0.00%	0.80	-1.27%	(42.82)	0.00%	-	-1.27%	(42.82)
EARC TRUST SC - 245	0.00%	0.69	6.09%	204.79	0.00%	-	6.09%	204.79
EARC TRUST SC - 262	0.00%	0.00	-0.07%	(2.50)	0.00%	-	-0.07%	(2.50)
EARC TRUST SC - 308	0.00%	(0.43)	0.39%	13.08	0.00%	-	0.39%	13.08
EARC TRUST SC - 314	-0.01%	(1.99)	1.00%	33.50	0.00%	-	1.00%	33.50
EARC TRUST SC - 386	0.01%	1.47	2.11%	70.94	0.00%	-	2.11%	70.94
EARC TRUST SC - 383	0.00%	(0.04)	0.02%	0.59	0.00%	-	0.02%	0.59
EARC TRUST SC - 395	0.00%	(0.22)	0.01%	0.42	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.42
EARC TRUST SC - 380	0.00%	0.13	0.00%	(0.01)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.01)
EARC TRUST SC - 387	-0.04%	(10.88)	0.60%	20.21	0.00%	-	0.60%	20.21
EARC TRUST SC - 388	-0.01%	(1.60)	1.13%	38.16	0.00%	-	1.14%	38.16
EARC TRUST SC - 375	0.00%	0.40	1.27%	42.72	0.00%	-	1.27%	42.72
EARC TRUST SC - 402	0.00%	0.71	0.00%	0.12	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.12
EARC TRUST SC - 376	0.01%	2.35	0.89%	29.86	0.00%	-	0.89%	29.86
EARC TRUST SC - 396	0.00%	0.56	-0.01%	(0.20)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.20)
EARC TRUST SC - 410	0.00%	0.59	0.79%	26.52	0.00%	-	0.79%	26.52
EARC TRUST SC - 405	0.00%	(0.12)	0.01%	0.47	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.47
EARC TRUST SC - 428	0.00%	0.54	0.03%	1.06	0.00%	-	0.03%	1.06
EARC TRUST SC - 429	0.00%	0.11	0.00%	0.03	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.03
EARC TRUST SC - 412	0.00%	(0.12)	0.01%	0.35	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.35
EARC TRUST SC - 415	0.00%	0.22	0.30%	10.10	0.00%	-	0.30%	10.10
EARC TRUST SC - 430	0.00%	0.05	0.02%	0.53	0.00%	-	0.02%	0.53
EARC TRUST SC - 431	0.00%	0.36	0.02%	0.77	0.00%	-	0.02%	0.77
EARC TRUST SC - 227	0.00%	0.07	0.00%	0.11	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.11
EARC TRUST SC - 228	0.00%	0.18	0.00%	(0.09)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.09)
EARC TRUST SC - 436	0.00%	(0.01)	0.03%	0.88	0.00%	-	0.03%	0.88
EARC TRUST SC - 421	0.00%	0.02	0.02%	0.77	0.00%	-	0.02%	0.77
EARC TRUST SC - 422	0.00%	0.60	0.05%	1.85	0.00%	-	0.06%	1.85



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

52 Additional Information, as required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, of enterprises consolidated as Subsidiary

As at March 31, 2023

Name of the Entity	Net Assets i.e. Total Assets minus Total Liabilities		Share in Profit or Loss		Share in Other Comprehensive Income		Share in Total Comprehensive Income	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount (₹ in Million)
EARC TRUST SC - 423	0.00%	(0.03)	0.02%	0.70	0.00%	-	0.02%	0.70
EARC TRUST SC - 424	0.00%	0.06	0.03%	0.92	0.00%	-	0.03%	0.92
EARC TRUST SC - 440	0.00%	0.08	0.01%	0.33	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.33
EARC TRUST SC - 441	0.00%	0.16	0.01%	0.39	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.39
EARC TRUST SC - 425	0.00%	0.04	0.01%	0.31	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.31
EARC TRUST SC - 448	0.00%	0.27	0.01%	0.44	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.44
EARC TRUST SC - 449	0.00%	0.16	0.01%	0.20	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.20
EARC TRUST SC - 443	0.00%	0.03	0.00%	0.03	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.03
EARC TRUST SC - 477	0.00%	0.33	0.01%	0.33	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.33
EARC TRUST SC - 481	0.00%	(0.27)	-0.01%	(0.27)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.27)
EARC TRUST SC - 482	0.00%	(0.33)	-0.01%	(0.33)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.33)
EARC TRUST SC - 442	0.00%	(0.22)	-0.01%	(0.22)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.22)
EARC TRUST SC - 483	0.00%	(0.20)	-0.01%	(0.20)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.20)
EARC TRUST SC - 484	0.00%	(0.04)	0.00%	(0.04)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.04)
EARC TRUST SC - 293	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.23	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.23
EARC TRUST SC - 318	0.00%	-	-0.06%	(1.88)	0.00%	-	-0.06%	(1.88)
EARC TRUST SC - 321	0.01%	1.80	0.00%	0.16	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.16
EARC TRUST SC - 325	0.00%	(0.00)	0.01%	0.37	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.37
EARC TRUST SC - 349	0.00%	(0.00)	0.00%	(0.02)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.02)
EARC TRUST SC - 399	0.00%	(0.39)	-0.01%	(0.45)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.45)
EARC TRUST SC - 413	0.01%	1.41	6.44%	216.66	0.00%	-	6.45%	216.66
EARC TRUST SC - 417	0.11%	29.67	1.11%	37.38	0.00%	-	1.11%	37.38
EARC TRUST SC - 434	0.05%	13.41	0.56%	18.75	0.00%	-	0.56%	18.75
EARC TRUST SC - 444	0.01%	0.70	0.03%	1.00	0.00%	-	0.03%	1.00
EARC TRUST SC - 461	0.02%	6.97	0.21%	6.97	0.00%	-	0.21%	6.97
EARC TRUST SC - 462	-0.18%	(49.62)	-1.48%	(49.62)	0.00%	-	-1.48%	(49.62)
EARC TRUST SC - 342	0.00%	(0.00)	-0.02%	(0.61)	0.00%	-	-0.02%	(0.61)
EARC TRUST SC - 427	0.00%	(0.61)	-0.02%	(0.55)	0.00%	-	-0.02%	(0.55)
EARC TRUST SC - 394	0.04%	10.08	1.06%	35.67	0.00%	-	1.06%	35.67
Consolidation Adjustments	0.03%	8.71	-16.65%	(560.01)	0.00%	-	-16.66%	(560.01)
Total	100.00%	27,954.45	100.00%	3,362.95	100.00%	-2.20	100.00%	3,360.75



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

52 Additional Information, as required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, of enterprises consolidated as Subsidiary

As at March 31, 2022

Name of the Entity	Net Assets i.e. Total Assets minus Total Liabilities		Share in Profit or Loss		Share in Other Comprehensive Income		Share in Total Comprehensive Income	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount (₹ in Million)
Parent								
Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	100.67%	24,756.52	104.58%	2,526.72	100.00%	(3.52)	104.58%	2,523.20
Subsidiaries								
EARC TRUST - SC 7	0.00%	0.06	0.00%	0.06	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.06
EARC TRUST SC - 102	0.18%	43.61	1.81%	43.61	0.00%	-	1.81%	43.61
EARC TRUST - SC 130	0.00%	0.04	0.00%	0.05	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.05
EARC SAF - 2 TRUST	0.00%	(1.16)	-0.06%	(1.40)	0.00%	-	-0.06%	(1.40)
EARC Trust SC 227	0.00%	(0.04)	0.00%	(0.04)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.04)
EARC Trust SC 228	0.00%	0.26	0.01%	0.26	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.26
EARC TRUST SC 245	-0.83%	(204.10)	-3.85%	(93.07)	0.00%	-	-3.86%	(93.07)
EARC TRUST SC 262	0.01%	2.50	0.00%	(0.01)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.01)
EARC TRUST SC 266	0.00%	(0.09)	0.00%	(0.03)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.03)
EARC TRUST SC 293	0.00%	(0.23)	0.00%	(0.06)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.06)
EARC TRUST SC 306	0.00%	(0.73)	-0.03%	(0.61)	0.00%	-	-0.03%	(0.61)
EARC TRUST SC 308	-0.05%	(13.52)	-0.56%	(13.52)	0.00%	-	-0.56%	(13.52)
EARC TRUST SC 314	-0.14%	(35.49)	-1.47%	(35.49)	0.00%	-	-1.47%	(35.49)
EARC TRUST SC 318	0.01%	1.88	0.00%	(0.02)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.02)
EARC TRUST SC 321	0.00%	(0.16)	0.00%	(0.04)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.04)
EARC TRUST SC 325	0.01%	1.83	0.00%	(0.01)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.01)
EARC TRUST SC 332	0.00%	0.53	0.00%	0.08	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.08
EARC TRUST SC 334	0.00%	0.97	0.01%	0.33	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.33
EARC TRUST SC 342	0.00%	0.61	0.72%	17.47	0.00%	-	0.72%	17.47
EARC TRUST SC 344	0.00%	(0.01)	0.01%	0.13	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.13
EARC TRUST SC 347	0.00%	0.35	0.00%	0.01	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.01
EARC TRUST SC 348	-0.88%	(215.25)	-8.95%	(216.35)	0.00%	-	-8.97%	(216.35)
EARC TRUST SC 349	0.00%	(0.37)	-0.01%	(0.24)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.24)
EARC TRUST SC 351	-0.04%	(10.53)	0.00%	0.02	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.02
EARC TRUST SC 352	0.00%	0.44	0.00%	(0.08)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.08)
EARC TRUST SC 357	0.00%	(0.75)	-0.04%	(0.87)	0.00%	-	-0.04%	(0.87)
EARC TRUST SC 360	0.00%	0.36	0.00%	(0.06)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.06)
EARC TRUST SC 363	0.00%	(0.27)	0.01%	0.15	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.15
EARC TRUST SC 370	-0.03%	(6.66)	-0.27%	(6.48)	0.00%	-	-0.27%	(6.48)
EARC Trust SC 375	-0.17%	(42.33)	-1.71%	(41.30)	0.00%	-	-1.71%	(41.30)
EARC TRUST SC 376	-0.11%	(27.52)	-0.74%	(17.97)	0.00%	-	-0.74%	(17.97)
EARC TRUST SC 380	0.00%	0.14	0.00%	0.07	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.07
EARC Trust SC 383	0.00%	(0.62)	-0.01%	(0.26)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.26)
EARC TRUST SC 386	-0.28%	(69.47)	-2.88%	(69.47)	0.00%	-	-2.88%	(69.47)
EARC TRUST SC 387	-0.13%	(31.09)	-1.29%	(31.09)	0.00%	-	-1.29%	(31.09)
EARC TRUST SC 388	-0.16%	(39.75)	-1.44%	(34.88)	0.00%	-	-1.45%	(34.88)
EARC TRUST SC 395	0.00%	(0.64)	-0.01%	(0.22)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.22)



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

52 Additional Information, as required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, of enterprises consolidated as Subsidiary

As at March 31, 2022

Name of the Entity	Net Assets i.e. Total Assets minus Total Liabilities		Share in Profit or Loss		Share in Other Comprehensive Income		Share in Total Comprehensive Income	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount (₹ in Million)	As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount (₹ in Million)
EARC Trust SC 396	0.00%	0.76	0.04%	1.03	0.00%	-	0.04%	1.03
EARC Trust SC 399	0.00%	0.02	0.00%	(0.04)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.04)
EARC Trust SC 402	0.00%	0.59	-0.01%	(0.29)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.29)
EARC Trust SC 405	0.00%	(0.59)	-0.01%	(0.28)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.28)
EARC Trust SC 410	-0.11%	(25.92)	-1.07%	(25.83)	0.00%	-	-1.07%	(25.83)
EARC Trust SC 412	0.00%	(0.48)	-0.02%	(0.43)	0.00%	-	-0.02%	(0.43)
EARC Trust SC 415	-0.04%	(9.88)	-0.41%	(9.83)	0.00%	-	-0.41%	(9.83)
EARC Trust SC - 421	0.00%	(0.76)	-0.03%	(0.76)	0.00%	-	-0.03%	(0.76)
EARC Trust SC - 422	-0.01%	(1.25)	-0.05%	(1.25)	0.00%	-	-0.05%	(1.25)
EARC Trust SC - 423	0.00%	(0.73)	-0.03%	(0.73)	0.00%	-	-0.03%	(0.73)
EARC Trust SC - 424	0.00%	(0.87)	-0.04%	(0.87)	0.00%	-	-0.04%	(0.87)
EARC Trust SC - 425	0.00%	(0.27)	-0.01%	(0.27)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.27)
EARC Trust SC 427	0.00%	(0.06)	0.00%	(0.01)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.01)
EARC Trust SC 428	0.00%	(0.51)	-0.01%	(0.36)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.36)
EARC Trust SC 429	0.00%	0.09	0.01%	0.24	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.24
EARC Trust SC 430	0.00%	(0.48)	-0.02%	(0.43)	0.00%	-	-0.02%	(0.43)
EARC Trust SC - 431	0.00%	(0.40)	-0.02%	(0.40)	0.00%	-	-0.02%	(0.40)
EARC Trust SC - 434	0.00%	(0.30)	-0.01%	(0.30)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.30)
EARC Trust SC - 436	0.00%	(0.89)	-0.04%	(0.89)	0.00%	-	-0.04%	(0.89)
EARC Trust SC - 440	0.00%	(0.25)	-0.01%	(0.25)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.25)
EARC Trust SC - 441	0.00%	(0.23)	-0.01%	(0.23)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.23)
EARC Trust SC - 448	0.00%	(0.17)	-0.01%	(0.17)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.17)
EARC Trust SC - 449	0.00%	(0.04)	0.00%	(0.04)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.04)
Consolidation Adjustments	2.13%	524.01	17.93%	433.16	0.00%	-	17.95%	433.16
Total	100.00%	24,590.70	100.00%	2,416.17	100.00%	(3.52)	100.00%	2,412.65



Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

53. Previous year figures have been regrouped and reclassified wherever necessary.

As per our report of even date attached

For Nangia & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm's Registration No. 002391C / N500069



Jaspreet Singh Bedi
Partner

Membership Number: 601788

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited



Rajkumar Bansal
Managing Director and CEO
DIN :00122506



Vidya Shah
Non-Executive Non-Independent Director
DIN :00274831



Ashwani Kumar
Chief Financial Officer

Mumbai
May 11, 2023

Mumbai
May 11, 2023



Deepak Nautiyal
Company Secretary
Membership Number: 29485